



Bundeskriminalamt



Police Crime Statistics 2011

- Federal Republic of Germany -

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1 The developmental history of Germany's Police Crime Statistics

Previous developments in the German Reich

The first crime statistics kept by the German police prior to World War I can be found in the annual reports of police directorates in individual cities. At times police statistics were also kept in the individual German states. The starting point for national police crime statistics during the Weimar Republic was the recording of data on serious crimes that had been committed and cleared up in Prussia, a practice that was expanded in 1929. The statistical work was continued by the "Committee XI" for crime statistics of the "German Criminal Police Commission", which was comprised of representatives from state and municipal police authorities. In 1928, this Commission presented recommendations for police crime statistics that would cover the entire Reich. However, the recommendations were not implemented until the National Socialist period, beginning on 1 January 1936 based on a circular directive from the Reich and Prussian Minister of the Interior.

These statistics did not include all criminal offenses, but rather only 15 offense groups. Cases and "perpetrators" were recorded. The results for 1936, 1937 and 1938 were published in the Annual Statistical Reports of the Reich Criminal Police Office, which are no longer available (at least not at the police authorities), and excerpts were also published in the criminalistics periodical "Kriminalistik" (in the 1938 and 1939 issues).

Police Crime Statistics in the German Reich

For example, the following 1938 statistics were published for the German Reich:

Offense	Number of cases	Offense rate (per 100,000 inhabitants)
Homicides (including attempts)	908	1.3
Infanticide	360	0.5
Fatal bodily injury	860	1.2
Indecent acts with children	14,895	21.5
Robbery and robbery-like extortion	1,588	2.3
Aggravated theft	82,184	118.6
Simple theft	361,044	521
Misappropriation	62,977	91
Arson	11,223	16.2
Fraud	159,931	231

If homicide offenses are combined with infanticide and fatal bodily injury, the resulting offense rate in 1938 was not significantly lower than the current rate for the Federal Republic of Germany. However, today theft, fraud and robbery are recorded much more frequently than in the past. Subsequent socioeconomic changes have certainly multiplied the potential objects of crime as well as opportunities for crime. For example, much of today's crime is centered around the motor vehicle, which did not play a role at the time. The same applies, for example, to shoplifting, offenses associated with non-cash payment transactions, and computer/Internet crime. Furthermore, there have probably also been changes in the extent to which crime is reported by victims (the insurance aspect, faith in government institutions). It can be assumed that street crime was committed less frequently in a totalitarian state. However, such crime would have to be seen in comparison with the criminal offenses committed by National Socialist government and party organs, which are not included in the respective statistics.

Previous developments in the Federal Republic of Germany

After World War II, the occupying powers began keeping police crime statistics in their occupation zones as early as 1946. However, the differences between these statistics were so great that a summary of the results was only possible, at the most, for the following short list of offense groups, which represented the German contribution to the international crime statistics of the Interpol General Secretariat beginning in 1950:

Offense	1950	1951	1952	1953
Homicides	1,639	1,754	992	1,048
Sexual offenses	47,712	51,460	60,181	57,905
Aggravated theft	133,249	157,489	135,790	128,661
Simple theft	426,965	518,613	473,874	433,102
Fraud, breach of trust	238,123	280,578	308,665	314,171
Coinage	31,624	8,703	6,826	8,053
Drug offenses	1,737	1,961	1,916	1,746

The Police Crime Statistics from 1953 to 1970

During a meeting held from 6 to 7 March 1951, the Working Group of the Heads of State Criminal Police Offices tasked a subcommission of representatives from the State Criminal Police Office of Bavaria (the system of the former American zone), Rhineland-Palatinate (the system of the former French zone) and the Bundeskriminalamt (whose predecessor was the former Criminal Police Office of the British zone) with developing uniform Police Crime Statistics for the whole of Germany. It was decided at a working meeting on 24 July 1952 to introduce the statistics on a trial basis for 1953, and then a decision was made to compile such statistics on a permanent basis beginning on 1 January 1954. The first Annual Police Crime Statistics published for the Federal Republic of Germany covered the 1953 reporting period.

The statistics included all criminal offenses handled by the police and further statistical attributes (four size classifications for communities [and, beginning in 1971, other size categories], solved cases, "perpetrators" - initially subdivided only into the categories "young persons" and "adults", sex, residence, and nationality). The classification of criminal offenses was already more differentiated than it had been during the German Reich. In 1954, in accordance with the new Juvenile Justice Act, in addition to juveniles and adults, "young adults" were listed separately as suspects, as well as children who cannot be held responsible under criminal law due to their age.

The instructions for filling out the statistical form were printed as explanatory notes on the form. Not until 1957 were uniform national "Guidelines for maintaining the Police Crime Statistics" introduced. The basis for counting the number of cases was the principle of "competition" between different criminal offenses. "Perpetrators" were recorded under the criminal offense that was subject to the highest penalty, or under the most serious type of offense.

Beginning on 1 January 1959, offenses that constitute true state security offenses were removed from the Police Crime Statistics (independent Police Crime Statistics for Offenses against State Security). Traffic offenses, which had not been published separately in the past, were removed from the Police Crime Statistics beginning on 1 January 1963. Among other things, this was done because the Federation and the states keep special statistics on road traffic accidents and double recording was to be avoided. When traffic offenses were eliminated, the total number of cases has dropped by about one fifth.

Until 1970 these statistics were simply tallied up on sheets of paper. In some of the German states, such items were recorded as provisional incoming statistics, while in other states they were recorded as substantiated outgoing statistics or in mixed form. The State Criminal Police Offices sent the figures that had been added up for the respective states to the BKA on forms that were filled out by hand and submitted on a monthly basis.

1971: Changeover to electronic data processing

After preparatory work had been done by the subcommission on the "Restructuring of uniform crime statistics for Germany" of the CID Working Group (Working Group of the Heads of State Criminal Police Offices and the BKA), beginning on 1 January 1971 the Police Crime Statistics of the Federation were computerized. This subcommission developed into the "Police Crime Statistics" Commission comprised of statistics experts from the original 11 (now 16) German states and from the BKA (which handles the Commission's administrative affairs) along with the German Border Guard Directorate as a guest. This Commission is responsible for all Police Crime Statistics matters that must be dealt with in a uniform manner at federal level. The Commission does the groundwork for the CID Working Group and, through this group, for the Working Party II (Public Security) of the Conference of Interior Ministers.

In particular, the following changes were associated with the conversion to electronic data processing: By employing a four-digit key number, it was possible to include clearer differentiations in the catalogue of criminal offenses, with reference to both criminal law and to criminological aspects. A statistical record form contained the different, in some cases newly introduced, statistical case attributes to be recorded for the whole of Germany- regarding the case (e.g. harm/damage), the victim (differentiation by age and sex) and the suspect (e.g. the date of birth to enable a more detailed breakdown of the age groups or, with regard to non-German suspects, the nature of and reason for residence in Germany). In addition, outgoing statistics were now introduced for the whole of Germany, i.e. such statistics are recorded after police investigations have been concluded. In the interest of more complete and correct recording, it was decided to accept a delay in the reporting of such statistics.

The aggregated data for each German state, structured in accordance with the catalogue of offenses and statistical attributes, were compiled in crosstabular tables and sent to the BKA on magnetic tape. Today most data transmission is electronic. Transmission of the large tables, for which a standardized form has been prescribed throughout Germany, is carried out in accordance with uniform data transmission conventions.

1984: Fundamental reforms

At the beginning of the 1980s, the "Police Crime Statistics" Commission was tasked by the CID Working Group with carrying out a thorough revision of the guidelines for maintaining the Police Crime Statistics. The new, expanded and more precisely formulated version of the guidelines was put into force by the Working Party II as of 1 January 1984. By this means, the approach of counting the "real" number of suspects was introduced, i.e. even if an individual came to notice as a suspect several times during the year under review, this person was counted only once in each German state under the key number for each of the relevant offenses. The previous practice of counting the same person several times, which had led to inflated numbers of suspects and a distortion of the respective statistical structure, was thus ended. Furthermore, the scope of recording was expanded - for example, the victim-suspect relationship was included from 1986 onwards. The number of large analytical tables prepared in a uniform manner throughout Germany has increased considerably, from 8 (in 1971) from each of 11 German states to 24 from each of 16 states at the present time.

However, the preparation of independent police crime statistics based on entries in statistical record forms had to be limited to the most important information to avoid making excessive demands on case officers. This meant, for example, not entering social data on suspects and victims. Nevertheless, the increasing degree of differentiation in the catalogue of criminal offenses, which can be attributed in part to the greater complexity of criminal law, is reflected in the larger quantity of key numbers - from 105 key numbers in the first computerized Police Crime Statistics published for 1971 to 192 key numbers for the 1980 reporting period, 313 key numbers for the 1990 reporting period, and 1,514 key numbers for the 2010 reporting period.

The PCS during the unification process and its future development

In 1990, the Joint State Criminal Police Office, which was responsible for the new German states at the time, trained multipliers with the assistance of the Bundeskriminalamt in order to ensure that the respective crime statistics would be included in the Police Crime Statistics of the Federal Republic of Germany without interruption beginning on 1 January 1991, when GDR statistics would no longer be available (for the GDR/new German states in 1990 - data from crime statistics and public surveys on unreported crime: see the PCS for the 1990 reporting period, pp. 32 and 33). However, due to the extensive personnel turnover in the offices of the new German states during the early 1990s and the backlog of records that resulted, collection of comparable statistics only became possible beginning in 1993.

At the present time, the Bundeskriminalamt is working together with the "Police Crime Statistics" Commission on behalf of the Working Party II and the CID Working Group to prepare for a restructuring of the Police Crime Statistics that is coordinated with the police information system INPOL. These efforts are aimed at significantly improving the informative value of the statistics while ensuring comparability with today's Police Crime Statistics.

2009: Transition to delivery of individual PCS data sets and introduction of a six-digit key number system at national level

As of 1 January 2009, all federal states changed over to supplying the data in the form of individual data sets. As a consequence, crime development can be represented at all levels by means of the more differentiated six-digit key numbers. Furthermore, the changeover to individual data sets made it possible for the first time to count the "real" number of suspects at federal level, which means that the suspects who came to notice in several federal states during the reporting period are recorded only once in the federal-level tables. Up to and including 2008, this was only possible at state level as the state-level tables were submitted to the Bundeskriminalamt in an aggregated form. As a result, too many suspects were counted at federal level.

Legal basis

The "Law on the Bundeskriminalamt and the Cooperation between Federal and State Authorities in Criminal Police Matters"(Section 2 Para 6 No. 2) forms the legal basis for the Police Crime Statistics at federal level. According to this section, the Bundeskriminalamt, in its capacity as a central agency, "shall compile criminal police analyses and statistics, including the crime statistics, and, to this end, observe the developments in crime". The uniform national "Guidelines for maintaining the Police Crime Statistics" must be used as the basis for the recording of statistics by the police services of the Federation and the German states. Substantial changes in the Guidelines are decided upon by the Working Party II, and the respective ministers of the interior at Federation and state level put them into force in their own areas of jurisdiction. The annual release of the PCS data to the press is carried out, following a unanimous decision of the Conference of Interior Ministers, by its chairperson and the Federal Minister of the Interior.

2 Contents and informational value of the Police Crime Statistics

The unlawful (criminal) acts dealt with by the police, including attempts subject to punishment, are recorded in the Police Crime Statistics. This also includes the drug offenses handled by the customs authorities.

Breaches of regulations and road traffic offenses are **not** covered (however, the offenses described in Sections 315 and 315b of the German Penal code as well as Section 22a of the Road Traffic Act - which are not regarded as road traffic offenses in the sense of the guidelines - are covered). In addition, offenses committed outside the Federal Republic of Germany and offenses against the criminal laws of the individual German states (except for the data protection legislation of the states ["Laender"]) are **not** included.

In order to obtain the most complete statistical picture possible of the security situation, offenses by children who cannot be held responsible under criminal law due to their age, and by mentally ill persons who also cannot be held responsible under criminal law, are included as well when statistics are collected for the PCS. The judicial authorities, and not the police, decide the question of guilt. Furthermore, when cases are not cleared up, the age and the criminal responsibility of the perpetrators are usually not known anyway.

Collection of statistics is based on a catalogue of criminal offenses compiled under both penal and criminological aspects. "Outgoing statistics" have been kept in a uniform manner throughout Germany since 1 January 1971, i.e. the criminal offenses that come to light are not recorded until the police investigations have been concluded and the respective files can be handed over to the public prosecutor's office or the court. The State Criminal Police Offices send the figures to the Bundeskriminalamt in a predetermined form as tables (aggregated data), and these are compiled to create the Police Crime Statistics for the Federal Republic of Germany.

As early as 01 January 2008, the nationwide uniform key number system of the Police Crime Statistics (PCS) was changed, with six digits now replacing the old four-digit system and data being supplied as so-called individually delivered data sets. The transition to the system employing the exchange of individual data sets took place while the former system was kept running. As of 1 January 2009, all federal states changed over to the new supplying method. The tables are compiled at the state criminal police offices and the Bundeskriminalamt according to fixed rules on the basis of the respective individual data sets available. Due to system-specific factors, the values calculated at federal level may slightly differ from the data published in the federal states. Furthermore, the changeover to individual data sets made it possible for the first time to count the "real" number of suspects at federal level, which means that the suspects who came to notice in several federal states during the reporting period are recorded only once in the federal-level tables. Up to and including 2008, this was only possible at state level as the state-level tables were submitted to the Bundeskriminalamt in an aggregated form. As a result, too many suspects were counted at federal level.

The **informational value** of the Police Crime Statistics is limited in particular by the fact that the police do not learn about all the criminal offenses that are committed. The extent to which crime goes unreported depends on the type of offense, and this can vary over the course of time in response to a variety of factors (e.g. public willingness to report offenses, the intensity of crime detection efforts). Therefore it is not possible to assume there is a fixed ratio between the number of offenses committed and the offenses recorded in the statistics.

The following factors can influence statistical developments in the Police Crime Statistics:

- ⇒ Extent to which crime is reported (e.g. the insurance aspect)
- ⇒ Police crime detection efforts
- ⇒ Collection of data for statistical purposes
- ⇒ Amendments to criminal law
- ⇒ Actual changes in crime

Thus the Police Crime Statistics do not provide an exact reflection of crime, but rather one that is more or less accurate depending on the specific type of offense. Nevertheless, these statistics do help the legislative and executive branches and those who work in the field of science to obtain information about the frequency of the cases recorded as well as about forms of crime and development trends in order to achieve the objectives described above.

3 Definitions

Alcohol as an influence during commission of an offense

Alcohol is considered to be an influence if it impaired the suspect's judgment during commission of the offense. The decisive factor is whether the subject was obviously under the influence of alcohol, or whether the investigation indicates probable influence.

Case

- Cases that come to police notice
This is every (criminal) act listed in the catalogue of offenses that is the subject of a complaint handled by the police. Punishable attempts also fall under this definition. The total number of cases that come to notice results from the addition of the figures given for the various offense categories.
- Case that is cleared up
A solved (cleared up) case is an illegal (criminal) act for which, based on the results of the police investigations, either a suspect known at least by name was established or a suspect was caught in the act.

Cash carrying persons

All transports by cash carrying persons that are primarily or exclusively devoted to the transportation of money or objects of value, for business or professional purposes, are considered to be cash/valuables transports. This applies to employees as well as to owners or managers of businesses, the corresponding commercial transports of money or valuables, and also postal personnel who deliver money orders.

Clearance rate

The clearance rate expresses the percentage relationship between cases cleared up and cases that came to police notice during the period under review. A clearance rate exceeding 100 can result if cases dating back to previous years are solved during the period under review.

$$CR = \frac{\text{cases cleared up} \times 100}{\text{cases that came to police notice}}$$

Communication services

"Communication services" covers all transmissions of speech/sound, text and images, regardless of the means of transmission. Access authorization can be in the form of a card (a prepaid telephone card, a telephone card used as a credit card, another access authorization card/chip) and/or another means of access (e.g. a password). Such offenses are generally recorded under key no. 517900 (fraud by means of access authorization for communication services). See also page 13, handling special cases

Credit card

In the Police Crime Statistics, credit cards are considered to be all payment cards whose use results in a delay in charging the purchase to/debiting it against the respective account - key no. 516400 (in contrast to a debit card).

Daytime burglary of a residence

For Police Crime Statistics recording purposes, an offense is regarded as a daytime burglary of a residence (key no. 436*00) if it was committed between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m.

Debit card

In the Police Crime Statistics, debit cards are considered to be all payment cards whose use results in the purchase being charged to/debited against the respective account immediately after the card is presented (in contrast to a credit card). Debit cards can be used without a PIN (direct debiting, key no. 516200) or with a PIN (key no. 516300)

Drug offenses / type of drug

If a drug offense involves several types of drugs, the following priorities apply when the respective statistics are recorded:

1. Heroin
2. Cocaine
3. Amphetamine/methamphetamine and derivatives of these in powder or liquid form
4. Amphetamine/methamphetamine and derivatives of these in the form of tablets or capsules (ecstasy)
5. LSD
6. Cannabis
7. Other drugs

Economic crime (key no. 893000)

The following offenses are considered to be "economic crime":

1. all the criminal offenses (except for computer fraud¹) listed in Section 74c (1) Nos. 1-6 of the Judicature Act (GVG):
 - a. criminal offenses according to the Patents Act, Utility Models Act, Semiconductor Protection Act, Plant Varieties Protection Act, Trademarks Act, Registered Designs Act, Copyright Act, Act against Unfair Competition, Stock Corporation Act, Act on the Financial Statements of Certain Enterprises and Groups, Limited Liability Company Act, Commercial Code, Act on Implementation of the EEC Regulation regarding the European Economic Interest Grouping, the Cooperatives Act, and the Company Transformation Act
 - b. criminal offenses involving the banking industry and deposits, the stock exchange and credit system, the Insurance Industry Supervision Act and the Securities Trading Act
 - c. criminal offenses according to the Economic Offenses Act of 1954, the Foreign Trade and Payments Act, the Foreign Exchange Control Act as well as offenses against fiscal monopoly, tax and customs law, including cases where their penal provisions are applicable pursuant to other laws; this does not apply if the same act constitutes an offense under the Narcotics Act and also does not apply to fiscal offenses involving the motor vehicle tax.
 - d. criminal offenses according to the Wine Act and food products legislation
 - e. subsidy fraud, investment fraud, credit fraud, bankruptcy offenses, preferential treatment for creditors or debtors
 - f. anti-competitive agreements involving invitations to tender as well as taking and offering a bribe in business transactions
 - g. fraud, breach of trust, usury, granting a benefit and offering a bribe, insofar as special knowledge of the economic sector is necessary to make an assessment of the case
2. offenses committed in connection with actual or simulated economic activity and which, in addition to causing losses to individuals, can impair the economic sector or the general public **and/or** that require a special knowledge of business to clear them up.

Such offenses are recorded under the special designation "economic crime=yes".

Firearm

- Only firearms as defined in Section 1 of the Weapons Law are considered to be "fired" and "carried". With regard to individuals who are authorized to carry firearms in connection with their lawful duties, if complaints are filed against them as a result of carrying out their duties, this is not to be recorded as "carrying" a firearm.
- A case of being "threatened" by a firearm must be recorded if at least one victim feels subjectively threatened (even, for example, by a toy gun).
- The carrying of firearms must be recorded in those cases where the suspect had the firearm in his possession at the time an offense was committed. There does not have to be any intent to use the firearm.
- The legal definition of "firearms" according to Section 1 of the Weapons Law covers all devices designed to shoot ammunition and that propels the projectile through a barrel. This includes air pressure weapons, spring pressure weapons, carbon dioxide weapons, blank cartridge pistols, irritant weapons, signal pistols, and toy guns whose external form makes them appear to be automatic self-loading weapons that are war weapons in the sense of the War Weapons Control Act.

¹ Computer fraud is included in the offenses listed under the Judicature Act, but it often does not constitute economic crime (because the manipulation of machines is dominant).

Hard drug users

Hard drug users are considered to be the users of the substances and preparations listed in Annexes I - III of the Narcotic Drugs Act, including manufactured pharmaceuticals that are subject to the provisions of narcotics legislation - with the exception of those persons who use only cannabis products (hashish, marijuana, hashish oil) or psilocybin (mushrooms) and of "exempted preparations". How these substances and preparations are consumed by the user does not matter.

To the extent that persons known as hard drug users consume alternative substances - "exempted preparations" or other medications or substances not covered by the Narcotic Drugs Act - this must also be considered as hard drug use.

Note: The most important hard drugs are heroin, cocaine, amphetamine/methamphetamine and derivatives of these in powder or liquid form as well as in the form of tablets or capsules (including ecstasy) and LSD.

Kiosk

A kiosk is defined as small, closed-off business premises where customers are served at a counter that prevents them from entering.

Loss

The basic definition of a loss is the monetary value (market value) of the illegally obtained property. In the case of fraud-type property offenses, loss should be understood as the decrease in the value of the property. The respective loss must be recorded for all completed offense categories marked in the catalogue of offenses (value stated in Euro, rounded up to the next full Euro amount). If no loss can be established, a loss of 1 € is assigned as a symbolic value. This also applies if, in the case of a completed property offense, the property in question was only endangered. If a fraud-related loss is also an insolvency-related loss, the full loss must be recorded under the insolvency offenses (since 1 January 1994), while a loss of 1 € is recorded for the related fraud offense. No loss is recorded in the case of attempted murder attended with robbery.

Number of suspects per 100,000 (S/100,000)

This is the number of established suspects, calculated per 100,000 inhabitants of the corresponding segment of the population, in each case **without** children under 8 years of age (the key date is the 1st of January of the year under review). The problems presented by these "per 100,000" figures result from the fact that they are affected both by what is not reported in the population statistics (which do **not** include some of the suspects who come to notice - see the comments on the offense rate), and also by what is not reported in the Police Crime Statistics. In addition to the lack of figures for unreported crime, the perpetrators of cases that have not been cleared up are also not taken into account. Therefore this "per 100,000" figure cannot reflect the actual incidence of crime but rather, at the most, the incidence of crime cleared up and recorded by the police for the population as a whole or for specific subgroups.

$$S/100,000 = \frac{\text{suspects 8 years or older} \times 100,000}{\text{no. of persons in population 8 years or older}}$$

Offense rate (OR)

The offense rate is the total number of cases that come to police notice - or the number of cases for a specific type of offense - per 100,000 inhabitants (The key date is generally the 1st of January of the year under review; if a different date is given, this is the most recent one available). The informative value of the offense rate is negatively affected by the fact that only part of the criminal offenses committed come to police notice, while at the same time offenses committed by persons who are not counted as part of the German population (such as members of the armed forces stationed in Germany, foreign travellers in transit, tourists, visitors and cross-border commuters, as well as non-Germans who live in Germany illegally) are nevertheless included in the Police Crime Statistics.

$$OR = \frac{\text{no. of cases recorded} \times 100,000}{\text{no. of inhabitants}}$$

Place of the offense

The place of offense is the community in the Federal Republic of Germany where the unlawful (criminal) act was committed (place of occurrence). Offenses committed on German ships or aircraft outside the Federal Republic of Germany are recorded as committed in the German state where the ship/aircraft has its home (air)port, and the place of the offense is recorded as "unknown". In cases where offenses are committed on foreign merchant ships or nonmilitary aircraft on German territory, the German port of call, or airport where the aircraft landed, is considered to be the place of the offense. In the case of failure to pay fare on public transportation, the place where the suspect boarded the public transportation is generally considered to be the place of the offense. If the place where the subject boarded cannot be determined, the place from which the means of transport departed is designated as the place of the offense. If an international transport connection is concerned, the first place where the timetable indicates the subject can board in Germany is considered to be the place of the offense. In cases where maintenance has not been paid, the place of the offense is the place where the person entitled to maintenance resides, analogous to the procedure followed by the Public Prosecutor's Office.

Rate of increase (RoI)

The rate of increase indicates, for example, the percentage change in cases, in offense rates for overall crime, or for individual offenses when different reporting periods are compared. A positive rate of increase indicates growth, and a negative rate of increase indicates a decline in cases or offense rates, for example.

$$RoI = \frac{(year\ under\ review - previous\ year) \times 100}{previous\ year}$$

Residence unknown

"Residence unknown" receives the same statistical treatment as "without fixed abode".

Robbery involving transports of cash or valuables

Those cases of robbery involving transports of cash or valuables considered by criminal law to be "assaults on motorists with intent to rob" are also included under key no. 213000.

Shoplifting

All thefts of goods on display committed by customers during business hours are recorded as shoplifting.

Substitute drugs/alternative substances

With regard to offenses committed to procure drugs (robbery, theft, document forgery), the term "drugs" includes substitute drugs and alternative substances.

Suspects

- A suspect is everyone who, based on police inquiries and adequate factual evidence, is suspected of having committed an unlawful (criminal) act. This also includes accomplices, instigators and abettors.

A suspect who comes to notice in several cases involving the same crime during the period under review is counted only once in the same German state. Before 1983, a new entry was made each time for persons who came to notice several times during the year under review. Because this practice of counting the same person several times, which led to excessively high and structurally distorted figures on suspects, has been replaced by the approach of counting the "real" number of suspects on the level of German states difficulties arise when comparing the pre-1984 figures with the post-1984 figures. The same problem occurs when comparing the pre-2009 figures with the post-2009 figures because of the change to counting the "real" number of suspects not only on the state but on the federal level (see p. 5; 2009: Transition to delivery of individual data sets).

If, during the period under review, several offenses from different key categories are linked to the same suspect, the suspect is counted separately for each subordinate group but is counted only once in the corresponding superordinate offense category and/or in the total number of offenses. For this reason, adding up the number of suspects listed under the individual offenses or offense categories does not produce the total number of suspects.

Furthermore, it should be noted that, when counting the number of suspects for the Police Crime Statistics, grounds for exemption from punishment or lack of criminal liability are not taken into account. For example, the total number includes children under 14 years of age who cannot be held responsible

under criminal law. Persons who cannot be convicted because they are deceased, ill, or at large are also included as suspects.

- Non-German suspects are foreign nationals, stateless persons, or persons whose nationality has not been clarified. Persons who are German nationals and also citizens of another country are counted as Germans. If the same suspect comes to notice as having different nationalities within the same reporting period, he is recorded under the most recent nationality. An analogous approach is taken with regard to the residential status of non-German suspects. All non-Germans who are attending a school, college for higher professional training, or university in the Federal Republic of Germany are recorded as "students/pupils".

Time of the offense

The time of offense is the time when the respective crime was committed. In the case of offenses committed over, or within, certain periods of time, the end of the period is considered to be the time of the offense. The time of the offense is considered to be unknown unless at least the month of commission can be determined.

Traffic offenses

are:

- all violations of the regulations that have been adopted with a view to maintaining traffic safety in road, shipping and air traffic
- all offenses involving negligence in connection with traffic accidents
- failure to stop after an accident
- all violations of the Compulsory Insurance Act and the Motor Vehicle Tax Act

The following are not counted as traffic offenses (and must therefore be recorded in the Police Crime Statistics):

- dangerous intervention in rail, air and ship traffic in accordance with Section 315 of the German Penal Code
- dangerous intervention in road traffic in accordance with Section 315b of the German Penal Code
- improper manufacture, distribution or issue of vehicle number plates in accordance with Section 22a of the Road Traffic Law

Type of drug

- see drug offenses

Victims

Victims are the natural persons against whom the punishable act was specifically directed. The victim must be recorded for all completed and attempted (categories of) offenses marked with "V" in the catalogue of offenses. With regard to the victim-suspect-relationship (from the victim's point of view), the closest relationship always has priority: kinship takes priority over acquaintance, which in turn has priority over the fellow countryman and the passing relationship. This also applies if there are several suspects and the closeness of their relationship to the victim differs. The characteristic "kinship" includes all family members in accordance with Section 11 (1) of the German Penal Code. The characteristic "fellow countryman" should only be considered in the case of non-German nationals if the victim and the suspect have the same nationality but are neither related to nor acquainted with each other.

4 Rules for recording cases

a) Recording prerequisites

Only cases for which adequate amounts of specific data are available may be recorded. Thus, as a minimum requirement, verifiable information must be available on the elements of the offense, the place of the offense, type of crime scene (e.g. street, building), and the time (or period of time) when the offense was committed. Vague, unverifiable statements by a suspect referring solely to the number of offenses committed are not adequate.

b) Basic case recording principles

Every unlawful act (criminal offense) that comes to light during an investigation must be recorded as 1 case, regardless of how many victims are involved.

When a criminal offense coincides with another offense, these must also be recorded as 1 case (Section 52 of the German Penal Code - "natural unity of acts"). The criminal offense recorded as a case is the offense to which the most severe penalty applies in terms of type and degree.

Examples:

1. Break-in into a bar - victims: the proprietor, the brewery, the firm that set up the machines there
 = 1 case of theft committed under aggravating circumstances (key no. 415*00)
but:
 break-in into a bar followed by arson to cover the traces
 = 1 case of theft committed under aggravating circumstances (key no. 415*00)
 and
 1 case of arson (key no. 641000)
2. One person is injured by a stab, and his suit is damaged.
 = 1 case of dangerous and serious bodily injury (key no. 222000);
 the property damage is not recorded (because it coincides with the other offense).
3. Five persons are intentionally killed by an explosives offense
 = 1 case of murder (key no. 010000) with 5 victims

c) Subsequent acts of the same kind

When, during an investigation, further unlawful acts committed by the same suspect that are covered by the same key number come to light, these are recorded as only 1 case if the following prerequisites are met, provided that there is a direct spatial connection between the acts and regardless of whether the subject made his decisions on one occasion, or on several occasions. These prerequisites also apply to cases involving unknown perpetrators insofar as, from a criminological point of view, subsequent acts of the same type can be linked to one perpetrator, or to perpetrators acting jointly, who are as yet unidentified.

- Repeated commission of the same unlawful act solely to the detriment of the same victim.

Example:

One juvenile offender has committed shoplifting offenses on a continuous basis (key no. 326*00) to the detriment of the same department store
 = 1 case
but:
 One suspect has encashed 10 checks stolen from one victim at 10 different stores
 = 10 cases (no direct spatial connection)

-
- Repeated commission of the same unlawful act (without specific victims).

Examples:

1. An antique dealer has bought stolen art objects over a relatively long period of time
= 1 case
2. A physician has frequently prescribed narcotics in violation of a prohibition, or an individual has repeatedly distributed pornographic publications
= 1 case, respectively
3. A concern pollutes a body of water for a long period of time (Section 324 of the German Penal Code)
= 1 case

Even relatively long time intervals do not constitute an interruption of subsequent acts of the same kind.

d) Penal accumulation of offenses

If several unlawful acts committed by the same suspect were independent acts to the detriment of different victims, each act counts as 1 case.

Examples:

1. Articles are stolen from 10 motor vehicles parked in a garage
= 10 cases
2. A tire-slasher damages one or several tires on 12 different vehicles
= 12 cases

e) Handling of special cases

- Fraud and competition-related offenses

- Fraud using unlawfully obtained non-cash means of payment (key no. 516100 ff.) is given priority for recording purposes if another key no. for fraud offenses is involved
- Credit and subsidy fraud (Sections 264 and 265b of the German Penal Code)
If one and the same act violates both Section 263 and Section 265b of the German Penal Code (and possibly also Section 264), only the more specific offense (key no. 514100 or 514200) is recorded.
- Fraudulent obtaining of services (key no. 515000)
In the case of collective complaints for fraudulent obtaining of services involving public transportation, only 1 case of fraudulent obtaining of services is recorded.
- Fraud involving authorization to access communication services (key no. 517900)
Because the most important aspect of the offense is probably overcoming the obstacles to access authorization, if there is an overlap with fraudulent failure to supply goods as agreed/obtaining goods by fraud (key group 511000), fraud involving authorization to access communication services takes priority. On the other hand, in the case of fraud using unlawfully obtained non-cash means of payment (key group 516000), this takes priority over fraud involving authorization to access communication services.
- Taking and offering a bribe in business transactions (Sections 299 and 300 of the German Penal Code)
An offense committed on a repetitive and gainful basis or by a subject who is a member of a gang (Section 300, sentence 2, no. 2 of the German Penal Code - key no. 657200) has priority for recording purposes if, at the same time, there is a major benefit in accordance with Section 300, sentence 2, no. 1 of the German Penal Code (key no. 657300).

- Taking of hostages

If, during hostage-taking as defined in Section 239b of the German Penal Code, several hostages are taken successively, this is recorded as only one case if the perpetrator seized the further victims in direct connection with the first hostage-taking, so that the course of this action continued without interruption. Where the first hostage was taken is the decisive factor in determining the place of the offense.

- Counterfeiting of currency and official stamps
The production, uttering or passing of counterfeit currency is only recorded in the statistics if the suspect in question has confessed or been convicted. The recording of cases that have not been cleared up is permissible with regard to key nos. 553100 "use of false payment cards or blank cheques" and 553200 "counterfeiting, falsifying, procuring, offering for sale or handing over false payment cards or blank cheques"..
 - Illegal entry (border crossing) / residence
When there is illegal entry (border crossing) followed by illegal residence, only the illegal entry is recorded under key number 725100 as one case.
 - Bankruptcy offenses
Independent of the number of victims and the question of whether specific elements that constitute the offense of bankruptcy (Sections 283 and 283a of the German Penal Code) occur more than once, only one case is recorded under key number 561000 or 562000. The same applies to cases where specific elements that constitute the offenses defined in Sections 283b, 283c and 283d of the German Penal Code occur more than once.
 - Breach of the public peace
Offenses that represent a breach of the public peace are counted as one case if there is a direct spatial connection, regardless of the number of suspects concerned. This spatial connection can refer, for example, to a public square, or to a street (including neighboring streets).
 - Drug offenses
Only one case is recorded if the trafficker/s, or groups of traffickers, have sold drugs for a long period of time, or when one person has procured drugs over a long period of time.
 - Document forgery as an act preparatory to commission of an offense
When document forgery is an act preparatory to the commission of another offense, it is recorded separately - independent of the procedures for recording offenses that coincide with other offenses.
Exception: document forgery as an act preparatory to commission of fraud..
 - Copyright Act
When violations of the Copyright Act are recorded, these are recorded as only one case, analogous to the procedures used for recording insolvency offenses..
-

5 Brief overview of crime trends

T1

Offense	Number		Change		Clearance rate in %	
	2011	2010	absolut	in %	2011	2010
Total offenses						
cases recorded	5.990.679	5.933.278	57.401	1,0		
cases cleared up	3.276.153	3.322.320	-46.167	-1,4	54,7	56,0
<i>After the number of cases had fallen in the past years a slight increase was recorded in 2011</i>						
Violent crime - total	197.030	201.243	-4.213	-2,1	75,3	75,3
<i>including:</i>						
murder and manslaughter	2.174	2.218	-44	-2,0	96,1	95,4
rape and aggravated sexual coercion (Sects. 177 (2, 3 a	7.539	7.724	-185	-2,4	82,5	81,7
robberies	48.021	48.166	-145	-0,3	52,7	52,6
dangerous and serious bodily injury	139.091	142.903	-3.812	-2,7	82,3	82,3
Slight bodily injury with intent	374.367	372.950	1.417	0,4	90,8	90,5
*) street crime	1.382.949	1.352.897	30.052	2,2	17,7	18,6
Theft offenses - total	2.403.781	2.301.786	101.995	4,4	28,9	30,0
<i>including:</i>						
motor vehicle theft	41.057	42.002	-945	-2,2	26,8	24,8
theft of bicycles	328.748	306.559	22.189	7,2	10,0	10,1
theft of non-cash means of payment	140.628	129.550	11.078	8,6	8,4	9,5
theft from vehicles	242.563	237.320	5.243	2,2	11,9	12,5
shoplifting	385.463	387.662	-2.199	-0,6	92,5	92,9
in/from office, workshops, storage premises etc.	147.936	146.979	957	0,7	22,3	22,6
theft by burglary of a dwelling	132.595	121.347	11.248	9,3	16,2	15,9
<i>including:</i>						
daytime burglaries of residences	55.877	51.065	4.812	9,4	16,0	15,5
pickpocketing	120.790	104.145	16.645	16,0	5,4	5,2
Fraud offenses - total	934.882	968.162	-33.280	-3,4	78,3	79,9
<i>including:</i>						
obtaining goods by fraud or fraudulent failure to supply goods as agreed	277.469	289.988	-12.519	-4,3	74,2	77,4
fraud using unlawfully obtained debit cards without PIN	13.589	13.785	-196	-1,4	43,8	42,5
fraud using unlawfully obtained credit cards	8.886	8.974	-88	-1,0	36,2	34,9
fraud using unlawfully obtained payment card data	16.061	19.100	-3.039	-15,9	27,1	27,3
fraudulent obtaining of services	246.944	228.179	18.765	8,2	99,0	98,8
account opening and transfer fraud	20.608	19.520	1.088	5,6	58,6	63,4
Breaches of trust	79.515	102.813	-23.298	-22,7	89,3	91,0
Competition or corruption offenses, offenses committed in office	5.241	6.141	-900	-14,7	80,5	82,7
Insolvency offenses under the PC	84.981	84.377	604	0,7	32,6	35,8

*) Street crime key 899000: included keys see page 40

T1 – continuation

Offense	Number		Change		Clearance rate in %	
	2011	2010	absolut	in %	2011	2010
offenses against copyright legislation	7021	8375	-1354	-16.167	81.1	86.8
damage to property	688,294	700,801	-12,507	-1.8	25.2	25.5
including:						
damage to property by graffiti	115,623	125,751	-10,128	-8.1	23.8	25.4
insult	210,797	208,183	2,614	1.3	90.0	89.9
offenses against the environment (PC)	13,342	13,716	-374	0.0	59.6	59.8
including:						
unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 except (2) PC)	8,369	8,620	-251	-2.9	59.5	58.8
offenses against the Aliens Act and the Asylum Procedures Act, and the Freedom of Movement	78,324	74,153	4,171	5.6	98.4	98.4
including:						
illegal entry (border crossing) under the Aliens Act	24,002	21,930	2,072	9.4	99.8	99.8
offenses against the Weapons Act	34,464	37,655	-3,191	-8.5	93.7	93.4
Drug offenses - total	236,478	231,007	5,471	2.4	94.7	94.7
by type of drug:						
heroin	18,589	24,574	-5,985	-24.4	95.6	94.6
cocaine	13,930	14,260	-330	-2.3	93.5	94.0
amphetamine/methamphetamine and derivatives (including ecstasy)	42,577	35,503	7,074	19.9	95.3	95.7
cannabis	131,951	128,868	3,083	2.4	95.1	95.1
offenses under the Pharmaceutical Preparations Act	4,690	4,040	650	16.1	87.5	88.6

Suspects	Number		Change		Clearance rate in %	
	2011	2010	absolut	in %	2011	2010
*) suspects - total	2,112,843	2,152,803	-39,960	-1.9	100.0	100.0
male	1,574,799	1,605,561	-30,762	-1.9	74.5	74.6
female	538,044	547,242	-9,198	-1.7	25.5	25.4
German suspects - total-	1,628,314	1,680,991	-52,677	-3.1	77.1	78.1
non-German suspects - total-	484,529	471,812	12,717	2.7	22.9	21.9
Total suspects by age						
children (<14)	85,600	91,960	-6,360	-6.9	4.1	4.3
juveniles (14<18)	214,736	231,543	-16,807	-7.3	10.2	10.8
young adults (18<21)	204,491	216,764	-12,273	-5.7	9.7	10.1
adults	1,608,016	1,612,536	-4,520	-0.3	76.1	74.9
No. of German suspects per 100,000 /by age group						
**) suspects - total (excluding children under 8)	2,344	2,417	-73	-3.0		
children	1,612	1,716	-104	-6.0		
juveniles (14<18)	6,058	6,511	-453	-7.0		
young adults (18<21)	6,625	6,866	-241	-3.5		
adults	2,041	2,077	-36	-1.7		

*) number of suspects that come to police notice

**) number of suspects per 100,000 inhabitants of the same age group

6 Cases that come to police notice

For the Federal Republic of Germany as a whole, in 2011 5,990,679 violations of Federal criminal laws were registered in all, *not counting traffic offenses and offenses against state security*. This represents a 1.0 % increase compared to the previous year. The attempts subject to punishment were counted in the same way as completed acts. The offense rate (number of cases per 100,000 inhabitants) for 2011 is 7,328.

The following overview illustrates changes in population and the overall offense rate since 1993.

T2

Year	Population		No. of cases	Offenses that came to police notice			Comments
	No. of inhabitants as of 01 Jan.	Change in % compared to previous year		Change in % compared to previous year	Total offense rate	Change in % compared to previous year	
1993	80,974,600		6,750,613		8,337		
1994	81,338,100	0.4	6,537,748	-3.2	8,038	-3.6	
1995	81,538,600	0.2	6,668,717	2.0	8,179	1.8	
1996	81,817,500	0.3	6,647,598	-0.3	8,125	-0.7	
1997	82,012,200	0.2	6,586,165	-0.9	8,031	-1.2	
1998	82,057,400	0.1	6,456,996	-2.0	7,869	-2.0	
1999	82,037,000	0.0	6,302,316	-2.4	7,682	-2.4	
2000	82,163,500	0.2	6,264,723	-0.6	7,625	-0.7	
2001	82,259,500	0.1	6,363,865	1.6	7,736	1.5	
2002	82,440,300	0.2	6,507,394	2.3	7,893	2.0	
2003	82,536,700	0.1	6,572,135	1.0	7,963	0.9	
2004	82,531,700	0.0	6,633,156	0.9	8,037	0.9	
2005	82,501,000	0.0	6,391,715	-3.6	7,747	-3.6	
2006	82,438,000	-0.1	6,304,223	-1.4	7,647	-1.3	
2007	82,314,900	-0.1	6,284,661	-0.3	7,635	-0.2	
2008	82,217,800	-0.1	6,114,128	-2.7	7,436	-2.6	1)
2009	82,002,400	-0.3	6,054,330	-1.0	7,383	-0.7	2)
2010	81,802,300	-0.2	5,933,278	-2.0	7,253	-1.8	
2011	81,751,602	-0.1	5,990,679	1.0	7,328	1.0	

1) 7,335 cases recorded in Bavaria could not be included in the federal data pool to programme-related reasons.

2) The figures for Berlin are too high for the year in question as a technical adjustment of the counting date was made. 9,372 cases are concerned.

Share represented by attempts with regard to individual offenses or offenses groups

T4

Key no.	Offense (categories)*)	Recorded cases	Including: attempts Number	Share in %	Share in % 2010
-----	Total offenses	5,990,679	430,397	7.2	7.0
010000+	murder and manslaughter	2,174	1,560	71.8	72.9
020000					
111000	rape and sexual coercion - Sect. 177 (2, 3 and 4), Sect. 178 PC	7,539	1,194	15.8	15.6
210000	robbery	48,021	9,836	20.5	20.1
**) 222000	dangerous and serious bodily injury	139,091	16,085	11.6	11.1
224000	(intentional slight) bodily injury	374,367	15,763	4.2	4.1
230000	offenses against personal freedom	192,404	5,610	2.9	2.7
3***00	theft without aggravating circumstances	1,290,502	30,488	2.4	2.2
4***00	theft committed under aggravating circumstances	1,113,279	236,678	21.3	21.4
435*00	theft by burglary of a dwelling (Sect. 244 (1) no. 3 PC)	132,595	51,102	38.5	38.1
510000	fraud	934,882	81,122	8.7	8.2
520000	breaches of trust	29,265	0	0.0	0.0
530000	embezzlement	105,796	640	0.6	0.6
540000	document forgery	68,087	1,511	2.2	2.6
610000	extortion (Sect. 253 PC)	7,149	3,746	52.4	47.7
620000	obstructing public authority and offenses against public order	121,765	633	0.5	0.6
630000	aiding and abetting, obstructing criminal justice, receiving, and money laundering	28,759	2,935	10.2	9.3
640000	arson and creating a fire hazard	23,005	2,350	10.2	9.9
650000	competition offenses, corruption offenses, offenses committed in office	5,241	150	2.9	4.1
674000	damage to property	688,294	7,578	1.1	1.0
676000	offenses against the environment (PC)	13,342	235	1.8	1.3
710000	offenses against supplementary criminal legislation in the economic sector	24,805	231	0.9	0.9
725000	offenses against the Aliens Act, the Asylum Procedures Act, and the Freedom of Movement Act/E.U.	78,324	2,261	2.9	3.0
726000	offenses against the Weapons Act and the War Weapons Control Act	38,685	179	0.5	0.5
730000	drug offenses	236,478	2,928	1.2	1.2

*) The list is not exhaustive.

**) Many of the cases are slight bodily injuries that are committed by more than one person

The highest percentage of attempts was reported in case of murder and manslaughter offenses. In addition, a large percentage of attempts (52.4 %, compared to 47.7 % in 2010) was recorded for extortion cases (key no.: 610000). In the case of theft committed under aggravating circumstances, robbery, rape and sexual coercion the percentage of attempts is also relatively high. In the case of theft committed under aggravating circumstances, the percentage of attempts recorded serves as an indicator for the success of preventive measures. In the case of "aggravated" theft, there has been only a small long-term change in the percentage of attempts since the first separate recording of attempts began in 1971 (percentage of attempts in 1971: 16.7 %; percentage of attempts in 2011: 21.3 %). However, in the case of theft by burglary in a dwelling, the percentage of attempts has risen from 28.3 % (1993) to 38.5 %, which can probably be attributed to improved home security measures. But it is important to keep in mind that, in the case of attempted theft, the number of unreported crimes is particularly high.

7 Case trends and clearing up of offenses or categories of offenses

Notes:

- Clearance rate (CR)
Clearance rates higher than 100 % can be explained in part by the fact that cases from previous years were cleared up during the period under review.
- High rates of increase can be attributed in part to investigative complexes that include numerous individual cases.
- If the base number (for the cases recorded in 2008) is less than 100, no rate of increase is calculated (x).
- **N** = new key number
- **Ch** = content-related/editorial change
In some areas, this means that comparisons with the previous year are difficult, or that only limited comparisons are possible.
- Due to the change from four-digit key numbers to six-digit key numbers in 2009, it is now possible to present the development in a more differentiated way than in the years before. For reasons of space, but also for the sake of clarity, a reduced version of the six-digit key numbers is presented here. The reduction exclusively concerns the theft category (3***00, 4***00, ****00) which continues to be presented on the basis of the four-digit numbering system.

T5

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
-----	Total offenses	5,990,679	5,933,278	57,401	1.0	54.7	56.0
000000	Offenses against life	3,135	3,216	-81	-2.5	92.2	91.7
010000	murder (Sect. 211 PC)	723	692	31	4.5	95.6	96.1
010079	other types of murder	641	628	13	2.1	94.9	96.2
011000	robbery attended with murder	56	51	5	x	100.0	96.1
012000	sexual murder	26	13	13	x	103.8	92.3
020000	manslaughter and killing another at his own request (Sects. 212, 213, 216 PC)	1,451	1,526	-75	-4.9	96.4	95.1
020010	manslaughter (Sect. 212 PC)	1,432	1,505	-73	-4.9	96.4	95.1
020020	less serious case of manslaughter (Sect. 213 PC)	7	5	2	x	85.7	100.0
020030	killing a person at the person's own request (Sect. 216 PC)	12	16	-4	x	100.0	93.8
030000	homicide by negligence (Sect. 222 PC) (not associated with traffic accidents)	830	906	-76	-8.4	80.8	82.3
040000	abortion (Sects. 218, 218b, 218c, 219a, 219b PC)	131	92	39	x	97.7	95.7
040010	termination of pregnancy (Sects. 218)	108	75	33	x	99.1	96.0
040020	termination of pregnancy without a medical determination; incorrect medical determination (Sect. 218b PC)	7	4	3	x	85.7	100.0
040030	breach of medical duties (Sect. 218c PC)	2	1	1	x	100.0	100.0
040040	advertising for termination of pregnancy (Sect. 219a PC)	14	12	2	x	92.9	91.7
040050	bringing means for termination of pregnancy into circulation (Sect. 219b PC)	-	-	0	0	0.0	0.0
100000	Offenses against sexual self-determination	47,078	46,869	209	0.4	79.5	78.9
110000	with use of violence or exploiting a state of dependence (Sects. 174, 174a, 174b, 174c, 177, 178 PC)	14,012	15,373	-1,361	-8.9	82.4	82.7
111000	rape and sexual coercion (Sects. 177 (2, 3 and 4), 178 PC) of which:	7,539	7,724	-185	-2.4	82.5	81.7
111100	by sudden attack (individual offender) under Sect. 177 (2) no. 1, (3 and 4) PC	1,736	1,615	121	7.5	70.2	65.8
111200	by sudden attack (group of offenders) (Sect. 177 (2) no. 2 PC)	155	224	-69	-30.8	34.8	35.7
111300	by a group of offenders (Sect. 177 (2) no. 2 PC)	354	369	-15	-4.1	65.3	69.9
111400	other offenses under Sect. 177 (2) no. 1, (3 and 4) PC	5,294	5,513	-219	-4.0	89.1	89.0
111500	rape/sexual coercion attended by death (Sect. 178 PC)	-	3	-3	x	0.0	100.0

	Key	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
	no.		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
CH	112000	other types of sexual coercion under Sect. 177 (1 and 5) PC	5,797	5,993	-196	-3.3	80.6	80.5
	113000	sexual abuse of persons under offender's care, taking advantage of official status or a confidential relationship (Sects. 174, 174a-c PC) including:	676	1,656	-980	-59.2	97.2	95.4
	113010	sexual abuse of wards starting at the age of 14 years (Sect. 174 PC)	501	590	-89	-15.1	97.8	95.9
	113020	sexual abuse of prisoners/persons in custody etc. starting at the age of 14 years (Sect. 174a PC)	64	30	34	x	90.6	86.7
	113030	sexual abuse by exploiting a position in a public office to the detriment of persons of persons over 14 (Sect. 174b PC)	6	5	1	x	100.0	100.0
CH	113040	sexual abuse - exploitation of a counseling, treatment or care relationship to the detriment of persons 14 and older (Sect. 174c PC)	105	185	-80	-43.2	98.1	96.8
	130000	sexual abuse (Sects. 176, 176a, 176b, 179, 182, 183, 183a PC) of which:	22,342	21,193	1,149	5.4	75.2	74.9
	131000	sexual abuse of children (Sects. 176, 176a, 176b PC) including:	12,444	11,867	577	4.9	85.1	83.9
	131010	acts under Sect. 176 (5) PC	185	217	-32	-14.7	88.6	83.9
	131100	sexual acts under Sect. 176 (1 and 2) PC	5,729	5,559	170	3.1	92.0	90.4
	131200	indecent exposure/sexual acts in front of children (Sect. 176 (4) no. 1 PC)	2,063	2,105	-42	-2.0	54.2	54.2
	131300	sexual acts under Sect. 176 (4) no. 2 PC	711	417	294	70.5	89.9	85.1
	131400	exerting influence on children under Sect. 176 (4) no. 3 and 4 PC	934	941	-7	-0.7	79.3	80.7
	131500	consummation of sexual intercourse with a child or other acts under Sect. 176a (2) no. 1 PC	1,134	1,037	97	9.4	95.2	96.4
	131600	serious sexual abuse of children for the purpose of producing and distributing pornographic material (Sect. 176a (3) PC)	100	88	12	x	89.0	89.8
	131700	other types of serious sexual abuse of children under Sect. 176a PC	1,588	1,503	85	5.7	93.5	94.0
	131800	sexual abuse of children attended by death (Sect. 176b PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	132000	indecent exposure and indecent acts in public (Sects. 183, 183a PC)	7,525	6,975	550	7.9	54.0	54.6
	132010	exhibitionist acts (Sect. 183)	6,504	6,118	386	6.3	49.9	51.1
	132020	creating a public nuisance (Sect. 183a PC)	1,021	857	164	19.1	80.7	78.9
	133000	sexual abuse of juveniles (Sect. 182 PC)	1,014	985	29	2.9	92.2	91.7
	134000	sexual abuse of persons incapable of resisting (Sect. 179 PC)	1,359	1,366	-7	-0.5	89.3	89.5
	140000	exploiting sexual inclinations (Sects. 180, 180a, 181a, 184, 184a, 184b, 184c, 184d, 184e PC) including:	10,724	10,303	421	4.1	84.8	81.2
	140010	engaging in prohibited prostitution (Sect. 184e PC)	1,539	1,089	450	41.3	99.7	99.6
	140020	youth-endangering prostitution (Sect. 184f PC)	21	9	12	x	95.2	100.0
	141000	encouraging sexual acts of minors or exploiting prostitution (Sects. 180, 180a PC) of which:	202	165	37	22.4	85.6	87.9
	141100	encouraging sexual acts of minors (Sect. 180 PC)	140	115	25	21.7	82.1	87.8
	141200	exploitation of prostitution (Sect. 180a PC)	62	50	12	x	93.5	88.0
	142000	exploiting another's prostitution (Sect. 181a PC)	238	264	-26	-9.8	90.8	90.2
	143000	² distribution of pornographic material (products) (Sects. 184, 184a, 184b, 184c PC) including:	8,724	8,776	-52	-0.6	82.0	78.5
	143010	² other forms of dissemination of writings (products) depicting pornography pursuant (Sect. 184 PC)	675	995	-320	-32.2	75.0	74.7
	143020	dissemination of violent writings or writings depicting pornography with animals pursuant (Sect. 184a PC)	86	207	-121	-58.5	79.1	56.5
	143030	dissemination of pornographic presentations via radio, media services or teleservices pursuant (Sect. 184d PC)	214	201	13	6.5	41.6	80.6
	143100	to persons under 18 years of age (Sect. 184 (1) subparas 1, 2, 5 PC)	689	842	-153	-18.2	83.2	87.3
	143200	distribution of child pornography on a commercial/gang-type basis (Sect. 184b (3) PC)	60	97	-37	x	68.3	55.7

² Decreasin figures in all "Länder"

	Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
			2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
	143300	possession/procurement of child pornography (Sect. 184b (2), (4) PC)	3,896	3,160	736	23.3	90.6	87.2
	143400	distribution of child pornography (Sect. 184b (1) PC)	2,376	2,687	-311	-11.6	72.8	69.4
	143500	distribution of juvenile pornography writings (products) with the offender acting on a commercial basis or as a member of a gang pursuant (Sect. 184c (3) PC)	7	6	1	x	71.4	66.7
	143600	possession/procurement of juvenile pornography pursuant (Sect. 184c (2),(4) PC)	400	310	90	29.0	97.3	78.4
	143700	distribution of juvenile pornography pursuant (Sect. 184c (1) PC)	321	271	50	18.5	68.8	79.0
	200000	Acts of brutality and offenses against personal freedom	781,679	789,377	-7,698	-1.0	86.5	86.3
	210000	robbery, extortion accompanied by violence, and assault on motorists with intent to rob (Sects. 249-252, 255, 316a PC)	48,021	48,166	-145	-0.3	52.7	52.6
	210010	other forms of robbery (Sect. 249 PC)	3,050	3,253	-203	-6.2	50.9	52.4
	210020	serious robbery (Sect. 250 PC)	1,169	1,231	-62	-5.0	49.8	48.6
	210030	robbery resulting in death (Sect. 251 PC)	1	5	-4	x	100.0	80.0
	210040	theft resembling robbery (Sect. 252 PC)	7,623	7,484	139	1.9	74.5	73.6
	210050	extortion resembling robbery (Sect. 255 PC)	3,642	3,866	-224	-5.8	73.2	73.7
	211000	to the prejudice of financial institutions and post offices/postal agencies of which:	324	433	-109	-25.2	72.2	72.3
	211100	robberies of financial institutions (banks/savings banks)	254	327	-73	-22.3	81.5	82.3
	211110	robbery of financial institutions (banks/savings banks), Sect. 249 PC	17	25	-8	x	94.1	76.0
	211120	serious robbery of financial institutions (banks/savings banks) (Sect. 250 PC)	82	105	-23	-21.9	82.9	81.0
	211130	robbery resulting in death of financial institutions (banks/savings banks) (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	211150	extortion resembling robbery of financial institutions (banks/savings banks) (Sect. 255 PC)	155	197	-42	-21.3	79.4	83.8
CH	211200	robberies of post offices and postal agencies	70	60	10	x	38.6	40.0
CH	211210	robbery of post offices and postal agemcoes (Sect. 249 PC)	13	9	4	x	46.2	22.2
CH	211220	serious robbery of post offices and postal agencies (Sect. 250 PC)	33	28	5	x	33.3	35.7
CH	211230	robbery resulting in death of post offices and postal agencies (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
CH	211250	extortion resembling robbery of post offices and postal agencies (Sect. 255 PC)	24	23	1	x	41.7	52.2
	212000	other cash points and businesses including:	4,828	4,932	-104	-2.1	48.5	47.2
	212010	robbery of other cash points or businesses (Sect. 249 PC)	437	456	-19	-4.2	38.9	39.7
	212020	serious robbery of other cash points or businesses (Sect. 250 PC)	1,534	1,454	80	5.5	45.2	47.9
	212030	robbery resultng in death of other cash points or businesses (Sect. 251 PC)	-	3	-3	x	0.0	0.0
	212050	extortion resembling robbery of other cash points or businesses (Sect. 251 PC)	863	931	-68	-7.3	53.3	49.0
	212100	gambling halls	1,165	1,231	-66	-5.4	45.8	44.8
	212110	robbery of gambling halls (Sect. 249 PC)	152	142	10	7.0	47.4	51.4
	212120	serious robbery of gambling halls (Sect. 250 PC)	657	703	-46	-6.5	47.9	44.2
	212130	robbery resulting in death of gambling halls (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	212150	extortion resembling robbery of gambling halls (Sect. 255 PC)	356	386	-30	-7.8	41.3	43.3
	212200	filling stations	829	857	-28	-3.3	58.6	51.7
	212210	robbery of filling stations (Sect. 249 PC)	75	86	-11	x	52.0	40.7
	212220	serious robbery of filling stations (Sect. 250 PC)	401	469	-68	-14.5	59.6	53.7
	212230	robbery resulting in death of filling stations (Sect. 251 PC)	1	-	1	x	100.0	0.0
	212250	extortion resembling robbery of filling stations (Sect. 255 PC)	352	302	50	16.6	58.8	51.7

	Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
			2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
	213000	transports of cash and valuables of which:	129	120	9	7.5	32.6	36.7
	213100	cash couriers and cash-department staff	129	118	11	9.3	32.6	35.6
	213110	robbery of cash couriers and cash-department (Sect. 249 PC)	71	62	9	x	29.6	27.4
	213120	serious robbery of cash couriers and cash-department (Sect. 250 PC)	54	41	13	x	35.2	56.1
	213130	robbery resulting in death of cash couriers and cash-department (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	213150	extortion resembling robbery of cash couriers and cash-department (Sect. 255 PC)	4	15	-11	x	50.0	13.3
	213200	special cash-carrying vehicles	-	2	-2	x	0.0	100.0
	213210	robbery of special cash-carrying vehicles (Sect. 249 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	213220	serious robbery of special cash-carrying vehicles (Sect. 250 PC)	-	2	-2	x	0.0	50.0
	213230	robbery resulting in death of special cash-carrying vehicles (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	213250	extortion resembling robbery of special cash-carrying vehicles (Sect. 255 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	214000	assault on motorists with intent to rob (Sect. 316a PC) including:	335	403	-68	-16.9	50.4	49.9
	214079	assault of other motor vehicle drivers resembling robbery	142	154	-12	-7.8	45.1	42.9
	214100	robbing taxicab drivers	193	249	-56	-22.5	54.4	54.2
	216000	handbag robbery	3,506	3,669	-163	-4.4	29.0	28.1
	216010	handbag robbery pursuant (Sect. 249 PC)	3,307	3,473	-166	-4.8	28.2	27.7
	216020	handbag robbery pursuant (Sect. 250 PC)	172	174	-2	-1.1	45.3	36.8
	216030	handbag robbery resulting in death pursuant (Sect. 251 PC)	-	2	-2	x	0.0	0.0
	216050	extortion resembling handbag robbery pursuant (Sect. 255 PC)	27	20	7	x	25.9	20.0
CH	217000	other robberies in streets, lanes or public places	20,363	19,673	690	3.5	42.7	43.1
CH	217010	other robbery in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 249 PC)	12,871	12,343	528	4.3	37.4	38.1
CH	217020	other serious robbery in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 250 PC)	2,655	2,470	185	7.5	42.3	43.9
CH	217030	other robbery resulting in death in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 251 PC)	5	3	2	x	40.0	33.3
CH	217050	other extortion resembling robbery in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 255 PC)	4,832	4,857	-25	-0.5	57.0	55.6
	218000	robbery committed to obtain narcotics	140	131	9	6.9	88.6	78.6
	218010	robbery committed to obtain narcotics pursuant (Sect. 249 PC)	48	43	5	x	87.5	67.4
	218020	serious robbery committed to obtain narcotics pursuant (Sect. 250 PC)	37	32	5	x	83.8	78.1
	218030	robbery resulting in death committed to obtain narcotics pursuant (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	218050	extortion resembling robbery committed to obtain narcotics pursuant (Sect. 255 PC)	55	56	-1	x	92.7	87.5
	219000	robberies in residences	2,911	2,820	91	3.2	75.0	75.4
	219010	robbery in residences pursuant (Sect. 249 PC)	1,323	1,274	49	3.8	72.3	73.8
	219020	serious robbery in residences pursuant (Sect. 250 PC)	813	781	32	4.1	70.0	67.1
	219030	robbery resulting in death in residences pursuant (Sect. 251 PC)	2	3	-1	x	100.0	100.0
	219050	extortion resembling robbery in residences pursuant (Sect. 255 PC)	773	762	11	1.4	84.7	86.6
	220000	bodily injury (Sects. 223-227, 229, 231 PC)	541,254	543,596	-2,342	-0.4	88.5	88.2
	221000	bodily injury resulting in death (Sects. 227, 231 PC)	75	98	-23	x	86.7	93.9
	221010	bodily injury resulting in death (Sect. 227 PC)	73	98	-25	x	86.3	93.9
	221020	participation in a brawl resulting in death (Sect. 231 PC)	2	-	2	x	100.0	0.0

	Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
			2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
	222000	³ dangerous and serious bodily injury (Sects. 224, 226, 231 PC) including:	139,091	142,903	-3,812	-2.7	82.3	82.3
	222010	other places of commission of dangerous bodily injury pursuant (Sect. 224 PC)	71,230	72,958	-1,728	-2.4	88.5	88.8
	222020	other places of commission of serious bodily injury (Sect. 226 PC)	420	452	-32	-7.1	90.5	88.3
	222030	other places of participation in a brawl not resulting in death (Sect. 231 PC)	43	46	-3	x	86.0	84.8
	222100	dangerous and serious bodily injury in streets, lanes or public places	67,398	69,447	-2,049	-3.0	75.7	75.5
	222110	dangerous bodily injury pursuant (Sect. 224 PC) in streets, lanes or public places	67,014	69,069	-2,055	-3.0	75.7	75.5
	222120	serious bodily injury in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 226 PC)	306	306	0	0.0	80.7	81.7
	222130	participation in a brawl not resulting in death in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 231 PC)	78	72	6	x	83.3	90.3
	223000	mistreatment of persons under offender's care (Sect. 225 PC) including:	4,768	5,006	-238	-4.8	97.4	97.7
	223001	maltreatment of wards over the age of 14	1,185	1,268	-83	-6.5	94.9	96.9
	223100	child abuse	3,583	3,738	-155	-4.1	98.3	98.0
	224000	(intentional slight) bodily injury (Sect. 223 PC)	374,367	372,950	1,417	0.4	90.8	90.5
	225000	negligent bodily injury (Sect. 229 PC)	22,953	22,639	314	1.4	86.0	84.9
	230000	⁴ offenses against personal freedom (Sects. 232-233a, 234, 235, 236, 238-239b, 240, 241, 316c PC) of which:	192,404	197,615	-5,211	-2.6	89.5	89.3
	231000	kidnapping, child abduction, trafficking in children (Sects. 234-236 PC) including:	1,688	1,699	-11	-0.6	95.7	96.8
	231100	kidnapping (Sect. 234 PC)	5	7	-2	x	60.0	71.4
	231200	child abduction (under 18 years) (Sect. 235 PC)	1,676	1,685	-9	-0.5	96.0	96.9
	231300	trafficking in children (Sect. 236 PC)	7	7	0	x	42.9	85.7
	232000	⁴ deprivation of liberty, coercion, threats (Sects. 238, 239, 240, 241 PC) of which:	189,870	195,033	-5,163	-2.6	89.5	89.3
	232100	deprivation of liberty (Sect. 239 PC)	4,789	4,757	32	0.7	91.0	91.5
	232200	coercion (Sect. 240 PC)	63,120	63,976	-856	-1.3	86.3	86.3
	232201	coercion in road traffic pursuant to Sect. 240 (4) no. 1 PC)	30,814	31,998	-1,184	-3.7	83.3	83.4
	232202	coercion to enter into marriage pursuant (Sect. 240 (4) sentence 2 no. 1 PC)	129	158	-29	-18.4	82.9	93.0
	232279	other coercion pursuant (Sect. 240 (1 and 4) PC)	32,177	31,820	357	1.1	89.2	89.2
	232300	threats (Sect. 241 PC)	96,923	99,452	-2,529	-2.5	91.5	91.0
	232400	stalking (Sect. 238 PC)	25,038	26,848	-1,810	-6.7	89.2	89.5
	232410	stalking pursuant (Sect. 238 (1) PC)	24,647	26,218	-1,571	-6.0	89.2	89.5
	232420	stalking pursuant (Sect. 238 (2) PC)	372	611	-239	-39.1	90.1	88.4
	232430	stalking pursuant (Sect. 238 (3) PC)	19	19	0	x	89.5	89.5
	233000	extortionate kidnapping (Sect. 239a PC)	85	81	4	x	82.4	92.6
	233079	other extortionate kidnapping	76	70	6	x	81.6	91.4
	233100	extortionate kidnapping in connection with robbery of financial institutions, post offices and postal agencies	6	5	1	x	66.7	100.0
	233200	extortionate kidnapping in connection with robbery of other cash points and businesses	3	6	-3	x	133.3	100.0
	233300	extortionate kidnapping in connection with robberies of transports of cash and valuables	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	234000	hostage taking (Sect. 239b PC) including:	43	52	-9	x	90.7	98.1
	234079	other hostage taking	42	48	-6	x	92.9	95.8
	234100	hostage taking in connection with robberies of financial institutions, post offices or postal agencies	1	3	-2	x	0.0	133.3
	234200	hostage taking in connection with robberies of other cash points and businesses	-	1	-1	x	0.0	100.0
	234300	hostage taking in connection with robberies of transports of cash and valuables	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0

³ Decreasing figures in nearly all "Länder"⁴ Divergent trend in all "Länder"

	Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
			2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
	235000	attacks on air and sea traffic (Sect. 316c PC)	2	1	1	x	0.0	0.0
	236000	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 PC) of which:	636	621	15	2.4	84.9	84.4
	236100	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 (1) PC)	417	412	5	1.2	83.7	82.8
	236200	trafficking in human beings to the prejudice of children with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 (3) no. 1 PC)	18	6	12	x	66.7	66.7
	236300	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 (3) no. 2 PC)	11	8	3	x	90.9	87.5
	236400	trafficking in human beings on a commercial or gang-type basis with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 (3) no. 3 PC)	56	62	-6	x	98.2	95.2
	236500	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 (4) PC)	134	133	1	0.8	85.1	85.0
	237000	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 PC) of which:	43	61	-18	x	90.7	95.1
	237100	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 (1) PC)	36	51	-15	x	94.4	96.1
	237200	trafficking in human beings to the prejudice of children with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 (3) with reference to Sect. 232 (3) no. 1 PC)	1	-	1	x	0.0	0.0
	237300	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 (3) with reference to Sect. 232 (3) no. 2 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	237400	trafficking in human beings on a commercial or gang-type basis with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 (3) with reference to Sect. 232 (3) no. 3 PC)	1	2	-1	x	0.0	100.0
	237500	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit manpower (Sect. 233 (3) with reference to Sect. 232 (4) PC)	5	8	-3	x	100.0	87.5
	238000	encouraging trafficking in human beings (Sect. 233a PC) of which:	37	67	-30	x	97.3	85.1
	238100	encouraging trafficking in human beings (Sect. 233a (1) PC) in connection with trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 PC)	27	37	-10	x	100.0	73.0
	238200	encouraging trafficking in human beings (Sect. 233a (1) PC) in connection with trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 PC)	2	23	-21	x	100.0	100.0
	238300	encouraging trafficking in human beings (Sect. 233a (2) PC) in connection with trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 PC)	8	3	5	x	87.5	100.0
	238400	encouraging trafficking in human beings (Sect. 233a (2) PC) in connection with trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 PC)	-	4	-4	x	0.0	100.0
	3***00	⁵ Theft without aggravating circumstances (Sects. 242, 247, 248 a-c PC)	1,290,502	1,233,812	56,690	4.6	40.8	42.9
	3**100	of motor vehicles (including taking without consent)	8,066	7,434	632	8.5	66.0	66.6
	3**200	of mopeds and motorcycles (including taking without consent)	6,371	6,395	-24	-0.4	35.7	35.5
	3**300	of bicycles (including taking without consent)	62,370	59,012	3,358	5.7	23.4	23.9
	3**400	of firearms	236	320	-84	-26.3	50.0	46.6
	3**500	of non-cash means of payment	124,116	113,499	10,617	9.4	7.1	8.0
	3**700	of/from coin-operated machines	2,832	2,041	791	38.8	27.4	27.6
	3**800	of antiques, works of art and religious items	1,327	1,403	-76	-5.4	20.5	18.5
	305*00	in/from banks, savings banks, post offices, and the like	2,498	2,195	303	13.8	38.1	37.3
	310*00	in/from office, manufacturing, workshop, and storage premises	47,881	48,056	-175	-0.4	26.1	26.0
	315*00	in/from restaurants, bars, canteens, hotels and boarding houses	39,265	37,830	1,435	3.8	14.8	15.9
CH	325*00	in/from kiosks, department stores, sales rooms, self-service stores, store windows, showcases and display cases	409,855	412,239	-2,384	-0.6	85.6	86.6
	326*00	shoplifting	370,319	375,334	-5,015	-1.3	92.7	93.1

⁵ Decreasing figures in nearly all "Länder"

	Key	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
	no.		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
	335*00	in/from dwellings	54,814	50,283	4,531	9.0	54.7	55.4
	340*00	in/from attics, basements, laundry rooms	13,439	13,604	-165	-1.2	20.1	21.3
	345*00	in/from predominantly unoccupied new or unfinished buildings, construction sites and site huts	15,231	12,529	2,702	21.6	15.0	14.8
	350*00	in/from motor vehicles	37,506	33,764	3,742	11.1	17.4	17.7
CH	355000	petty theft involving motor vehicles	106,078	105,305	773	0.7	7.3	7.8
CH	371000	of narcotics from pharmacies	30	31	-1	x	70.0	38.7
CH	372000	of narcotics from doctors' practices	19	31	-12	x	73.7	77.4
CH	373000	of narcotics from hospitals	217	174	43	24.7	53.9	55.2
CH	374000	of narcotics from manufacturers and wholesale dealers	27	24	3	x	29.6	58.3
CH	375000	of prescription forms to procure narcotics	193	161	32	19.9	78.8	80.7
	4***00	6 Theft committed under aggravating circumstances (Sects. 243-244a PC)	1,113,279	1,067,974	45,305	4.2	15.0	15.1
	4**100	of motor vehicles	32,991	34,568	-1,577	-4.6	17.2	15.8
	4**200	of mopeds and motorcycles	31,130	35,083	-3,953	-11.3	19.0	19.6
	4**300	of bicycles	266,378	247,547	18,831	7.6	6.8	6.9
	4**400	of firearms	559	505	54	10.7	32.0	31.1
	4**500	of non-cash means of payment	16,512	16,051	461	2.9	18.7	19.7
	4**700	from/of coin-operated machines	16,013	17,361	-1,348	-7.8	19.8	21.0
	4**800	of antiques, works of art and religious objects	1,036	1,008	28	2.8	17.7	23.5
	405*00	in/from banks, savings banks, post offices, and the like	1,423	1,564	-141	-9.0	35.8	25.7
	410*00	in/from office, manufacturing, workshop, and storage premises	100,055	98,923	1,132	1.1	20.5	21.0
	415*00	in/from restaurants, bars, canteens, hotels and boarding houses	28,478	28,178	300	1.1	19.7	19.7
CH	425*00	in/from kiosks, department stores, sales rooms, self-service stores, store windows, showcases and display cases	56,460	48,105	8,355	17.4	41.2	40.3
	426*00	shoplifting	15,144	12,328	2,816	22.8	87.1	87.8
	435*00	theft by burglary of a dwelling (Sect. 244 (1) no. 3 PC)	132,595	121,347	11,248	9.3	16.2	15.9
	436*00	daytime burglaries of residences	55,877	51,065	4,812	9.4	16.0	15.5
	440*00	in/from attics, basements, laundry rooms	83,116	76,302	6,814	8.9	10.8	10.4
	445*00	in/from predominantly unoccupied new or unfinished buildings, construction sites and site huts	19,116	16,061	3,055	19.0	11.6	9.3
	450*00	in/from motor vehicles	205,057	203,556	1,501	0.7	10.9	11.6
	455000	theft committed under aggravating circumstances involving motor vehicles	17,015	15,518	1,497	9.6	10.3	13.8
	471000	of narcotics from pharmacies	185	184	1	0.5	41.6	35.9
	472000	of narcotics from doctors' practices	134	114	20	17.5	44.8	33.3
	473000	of narcotics from hospitals	62	57	5	x	37.1	43.9
	474000	of narcotics from manufacturers and wholesale dealers	3	1	2	x	33.3	100.0
	475000	of prescription forms to procure narcotics	54	34	20	x	25.9	50.0
	****00	Total thefts	2,403,781	2,301,786	101,995	4.4	28.9	30.0
	***100	of motor vehicles (including taking without consent)	41,057	42,002	-945	-2.2	26.8	24.8
	***200	of mopeds and motorcycles (including taking without consent)	37,501	41,478	-3,977	-9.6	21.8	22.0
	***300	of bicycles (including taking without consent)	328,748	306,559	22,189	7.2	10.0	10.1
	***400	of firearms	795	825	-30	-3.6	37.4	37.1
	***500	of non-cash means of payment	140,628	129,550	11,078	8.6	8.4	9.5
	***700	of/from coin-operated machines	18,845	19,402	-557	-2.9	20.9	21.7
	***800	of antiques, works of art and religious objects	2,363	2,411	-48	-2.0	19.3	20.6
	*05*00	in/from banks, savings banks, post offices, and the like	3,921	3,759	162	4.3	37.3	32.5
	*10*00	in/from office, manufacturing, workshop, and storage premises	147,936	146,979	957	0.7	22.3	22.6

⁶ Decreasing figures in nearly all "Länder"

	Key	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
	no.		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
CH	*15*00	in/from restaurants, bars, canteens, hotels and boarding houses	67,743	66,008	1,735	2.6	16.8	17.6
	*25*00	in/from kiosks, department stores, sales rooms, self-service stores, store windows, showcases and display cases	466,315	460,344	5,971	1.3	80.2	81.7
	*26*00	shoplifting	385,463	387,662	-2,199	-0.6	92.5	92.9
	*35*00	in/from dwellings	187,409	171,630	15,779	9.2	27.4	27.5
	*40*00	in/from attics, basements, laundry rooms	96,555	89,906	6,649	7.4	12.1	12.1
	*45*00	in/from predominantly unoccupied new or unfinished buildings, construction sites and site huts	34,347	28,590	5,757	20.1	13.1	11.7
	*50*00	in/from motor vehicles	242,563	237,320	5,243	2.2	11.9	12.5
	*55000	from the exterior of motor vehicles	123,093	120,823	2,270	1.9	7.7	8.6
	*71000	of narcotics from pharmacies	215	215	0	0.0	45.6	36.3
	*72000	of narcotics from doctors' practices	153	145	8	5.5	48.4	42.8
	*73000	of narcotics from hospitals	279	231	48	20.8	50.2	52.4
	*74000	of narcotics from manufacturers and wholesale dealers	30	25	5	x	30.0	60.0
	*75000	of prescription forms to procure narcotics	247	195	52	26.7	67.2	75.4
	*90*00	pickpocketing	120,790	104,145	16,645	16.0	5.4	5.2
	500000	Fraud-type property offenses and forgery	1,150,257	1,183,304	-33,047	-2.8	77.1	78.7
CH	510000	fraud (Sects. 263, 263a, 264, 264a, 265, 265a, 265b PC) of which:	934,882	968,162	-33,280	-3.4	78.3	79.9
	511000	fraudulent failure to supply goods as agreed and obtaining goods by fraud	277,469	289,988	-12,519	-4.3	74.2	77.4
	511100	obtaining motor vehicles by fraud	1,636	2,135	-499	-23.4	94.7	95.1
	511200	obtaining other goods by fraud	188,414	191,665	-3,251	-1.7	67.7	71.5
	511201	non-payment of a fuel bill	85,065	78,070	6,995	9.0	43.2	43.1
	511279	further types of obtaining goods by fraud	103,349	113,415	-10,066	-8.9	87.9	91.0
	511300	fraudulent failure to supply goods as agreed	87,419	96,188	-8,769	-9.1	87.7	88.8
	512000	fraud involving land and buildings	434	440	-6	-1.4	96.5	92.7
	513000	fraud involving holdings and investments of which:	6,557	11,017	-4,460	-40.5	97.0	98.7
	513100	prospectus fraud (Sect. 264a)	145	231	-86	-37.2	89.7	99.1
	513200	investment fraud under Sect. 263 PC	6,166	9,615	-3,449	-35.9	98.0	98.9
	513300	fraud involving speculative exchange translations	27	19	8	x	37.0	31.6
	513400	fraud involving holdings	121	1,085	-964	-88.8	95.0	99.7
	513500	security-deposit fraud	86	48	38	x	55.8	81.3
	513600	debt-conversion fraud	12	19	-7	x	83.3	89.5
N	514000	monetary credit fraud of which:	6,351	6,768	-417	-6.2	85.7	87.5
	514100	credit fraud (Sect. 265b PC)	393	348	45	12.9	94.7	92.8
	514200	subsidy fraud (Sect. 264 PC)	531	470	61	13.0	98.5	97.2
	514300	credit fraud (Sect. 263 PC)	4,810	5,393	-583	-10.8	91.3	92.6
	514400	fraud involving bills of exchange	587	523	64	12.2	25.0	25.4
	514500	securities fraud	30	34	-4	x	33.3	47.1
	515000	7 fraudulent obtaining of services (Sect. 265a PC)	246,944	228,179	18,765	8.2	99.0	98.8
	515001	7 nonpayment of fare	243,012	227,388	15,624	6.9	99.1	98.9
	515079	other types of fraudulent obtaining of services	3,932	-	3,932	x	92.4	x
	516000	fraud using unlawfully obtained non-cash means of payment of which:	66,521	68,528	-2,007	-2.9	36.6	37.2
	516200	debit cards without PIN (direct debiting)	13,589	13,785	-196	-1.4	43.8	42.5
	516300	debit cards with PIN	24,923	23,612	1,311	5.6	37.4	40.7
	516400	credit cards	8,886	8,974	-88	-1.0	36.2	34.9
	516500	payment card data	16,061	19,100	-3,039	-15.9	27.1	27.3
	516900	other non-cash means of payment	3,062	2,420	642	26.5	50.4	54.1
CH	517000	8 other types of fraud of which:	330,606	363,242	-32,636	-9.0	74.0	77.2
	517100	8 fraudulent failure to provide service as agreed	29,970	49,167	-19,197	-39.0	78.4	87.3

⁷ Increase based on the modification in reporting behaviour of the "Deutsche Bahn AG"

⁸ Complex investigation with 14,589 individual cases in 2010

	Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
			2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
	517200	obtaining services by fraud	44,100	42,853	1,247	2.9	84.2	87.8
	517300	job placement fraud	238	321	-83	-25.9	93.7	95.3
	517400	fraud to the detriment of insurance companies and insurance abuse (Sects. 263, 265 PC)	4,413	4,741	-328	-6.9	97.9	98.5
	517410	fraud to the detriment of insurance companies	4,224	4,547	-323	-7.1	97.9	98.6
	517420	abuse of insurance	189	194	-5	-2.6	97.4	97.4
	517500	computer fraud (Sect. 263a PC) (if not recorded under key nos. 5163 or 5179)	26,723	27,292	-569	-2.1	27.0	30.2
	517600	fraud involving commissions	2,437	2,498	-61	-2.4	90.6	89.0
	517700	fraud to the detriment of social security systems and institutions	4,302	5,104	-802	-15.7	98.9	99.3
	517800	(other types of) social security fraud (if not recorded under key no. 5177)	18,349	19,901	-1,552	-7.8	99.5	99.6
	517900	fraud involving authorization to access communication services	4,730	7,993	-3,263	-40.8	37.8	44.0
	518100	false accounting	5,045	5,746	-701	-12.2	92.8	91.2
	518110	false accounting in the healthcare sector	2,876	3,790	-914	-24.1	102.6	97.4
	518179	other false accounting	2,169	1,956	213	10.9	79.8	79.3
	518200	nonpayment of hotel bill	10,382	10,610	-228	-2.1	95.0	95.2
	518300	account opening and transfer fraud	20,608	19,520	1,088	5.6	58.6	63.4
	518310	account opening fraud	4,086	3,643	443	12.2	63.9	71.2
	518320	transfer fraud	16,522	15,877	645	4.1	57.3	61.6
	518400	nonpayment of pub/restaurant bill	5,653	5,924	-271	-4.6	87.1	88.7
	518800	loan procurement fraud	695	2,676	-1,981	-74.0	92.9	97.5
	518900	further types of fraud	152,961	158,896	-5,935	-3.7	74.3	75.9
	520000	breaches of trust (Sects. 266, 266a, 266b PC)	29,265	30,822	-1,557	-5.1	97.7	98.0
	521000	breach of trust (Sect. 266 PC)	10,697	10,186	511	5.0	98.2	98.3
	521079	other breach of trust	10,062	9,725	337	3.5	98.2	98.2
	521100	breach of trust involving investment transactions	635	461	174	37.7	98.3	99.1
	522000	withholding and embezzlement of wages or salaries (Sect. 266a PC)	15,917	16,659	-742	-4.5	99.3	99.4
	523000	misuse of check cards and credit cards (Sect. 266b PC)	2,651	3,977	-1,326	-33.3	86.1	91.5
	530000	embezzlement (Sects. 246, 247, 248a PC) including:	105,796	101,648	4,148	4.1	56.7	57.6
N	530079	embezzlement other goods (Sects. 246, 247, 248a PC) - without motor vehicle	98,055	-	98,055	x	53.7	x
CH	531000	motor vehicle misappropriation pursuant (Sects. 246, 247 PC)	7,741	7,833	-92	-1.2	95.0	95.7
	540000	⁹ document forgery (Sects. 267-271, 273-279, 281 PC) including:	68,087	67,627	460	0.7	85.0	86.3
	540001	other document forgery (Sect. 267 PC)	44,957	43,579	1,378	3.2	88.7	88.8
	540002	⁹ constructive false certification	3,364	5,208	-1,844	-35.4	96.8	97.4
	540003	modification of official identification documents	553	503	50	9.9	96.2	97.0
	540004	suppression of documents; alteration of a boundary marker (Sect. 274 PC)	624	1,279	-655	-51.2	79.6	86.9
	540005	preparation for counterfeiting of official identification documents	31	32	-1	x	87.1	96.9
	540006	procuring false official identification documents	1,513	1,396	117	8.4	97.4	95.6
	540007	falsification of health certificates	52	34	18	x	96.2	97.1
	540008	issuing incorrect health certificates	141	109	32	29.4	97.9	94.5
	540009	use of incorrect health certificates	27	300	-273	-91.0	100.0	99.7
	540010	misuse of identification papers	5,923	5,313	610	11.5	94.8	94.5
	541000	falsification of technical recordings (Sect. 268 PC)	1,282	1,420	-138	-9.7	95.6	96.0
	541001	manipulation of tachographs (Sect. 268 PC)	232	252	-20	-7.9	98.7	98.4
	541079	other falsification of technical records	1,050	1,168	-118	-10.1	95.0	95.5
	542000	forgery committed to obtain narcotics	1,949	1,614	335	20.8	79.0	75.7
	543000	falsification of legally relevant data, deception in legal transactions in connection with data processing (Sects.	7,671	6,840	831	12.1	47.0	52.0

⁹ Complex investigation with 2,390 individual cases in 2010

	Key	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
	no.		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
		269, 270 PC)						
	543010	falsification of legally relevant data (Sect. 269 PC)	7,148	6,512	636	9.8	48.4	52.5
	543020	deception in legal relations through data processing (Sect. 270 PC)	523	328	195	59.5	27.5	41.2
	550000	counterfeiting currency and official stamps, counterfeiting guarantee-secured and non-guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bills of exchange (Sects. 146-149, 151, 152, 152a, 152b PC) including:	7,100	10,073	-2,973	-29.5	50.6	54.2
	550010	commercial and gang-type counterfeiting of money pursuant (Sect. 146 (2) PC)	17	257	-240	-93.4	105.9	100.0
	550020	counterfeiting securities	47	66	-19	x	100.0	100.0
	550030	counterfeiting currency and official stamps of a foreign currency area	3	21	-18	x	100.0	100.0
	551000	counterfeiting currency and official stamps, including preparatory acts (Sect. 146 except for (1) no. 3, Sects. 148, 149 PC)	831	889	-58	-6.5	70.5	100.9
	551010	counterfeiting of money (including preparatory acts) (Sects. 146 (1) no. 3 PC)	288	398	-110	-27.6	100.0	100.0
	551020	counterfeiting of stamps	203	381	-178	-46.7	100.0	100.3
CH	551030	preparation of the counterfeiting of money and stamps	340	110	230	209.1	27.9	106.4
	552000	putting counterfeit money into circulation (Sect. 146 (1) no. 3, Sect. 147 PC)	1,612	2,237	-625	-27.9	100.2	100.1
	552010	putting counterfeit money into circulation (Sect. 146 (1) no. 3 PC)	1,025	1,486	-461	-31.0	100.3	100.1
	552020	putting counterfeit money into circulation pursuant (Sect. 147 PC (bona fide purchase)	587	751	-164	-21.8	100.2	100.0
	553000	counterfeiting currency and official stamps, counterfeiting guarantee-secured and non-guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bills of exchange (Sects. 152a, 152b PC) of which:	4,590	6,603	-2,013	-30.5	28.9	30.0
	553100	use of false guarantee-secured or non-guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bills of exchange (Sects. 152a, 152b PC)	2,435	3,029	-594	-19.6	38.8	37.1
	553110	use of false guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bill of exchange	716	659	57	8.6	20.1	28.5
	553120	use of false guarantee-secured payment cards	1,719	2,370	-651	-27.5	46.5	39.5
	553200	counterfeiting, falsifying, procuring, offering for sale or handing over false guarantee-secured or non-guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bills of exchange (Sects. 152a, 152b PC)	2,155	3,574	-1,419	-39.7	17.7	24.0
	553210	counterfeiting, falsifying, procuring, offering for sale or handing over false guarantee-secured or non-guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bills of exchange	490	540	-50	-9.3	20.0	17.0
	553220	counterfeiting, falsifying, procuring, offering for sale or handing over false guarantee-secured payment cards	1,665	3,034	-1,369	-45.1	17.0	25.2
	560000	bankruptcy offenses (Sects. 283, 283a-d PC) of which:	5,127	4,972	155	3.1	99.8	99.6
	561000	criminal bankruptcy (Sect. 283 PC)	3,732	3,724	8	0.2	99.8	99.7
	562000	especially serious case of bankruptcy (Sect. 283a PC)	39	16	23	x	100.0	100.0
	563000	violation of the obligation to keep books (Sect. 283b PC)	1,115	1,013	102	10.1	99.5	99.5
	564000	preferential treatment for a creditor (Sect. 283c PC)	185	170	15	8.8	100.0	99.4
	565000	preferential treatment for a debtor (Sect. 283d PC)	56	49	7	x	100.0	100.0
	600000	Other criminal offenses (PC)	1,203,644	1,214,754	-11,110	-0.9	50.0	50.1
	610000	extortion (Sect. 253 PC) including:	7,149	5,528	1,621	29.3	77.5	82.1
	610001	protection racketeering	149	130	19	14.6	73.8	70.0
	610079	other extortion	6,848	5,303	1,545	29.1	77.6	82.4
	611000	extortion on a sexual basis	152	95	57	x	78.3	83.2
	620000	resistance to public authority and offenses against public order (Sects. 111, 113, 114, 120, 121, 123-127, 129, 130-134, 136, 138, 140, 145, 145a, 145c, 145d PC) including:	121,765	124,870	-3,105	-2.5	89.3	89.7
	620001	disturbance of the public peace by threatening to commit crimes	3,273	4,196	-923	-22.0	74.2	76.3

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
620002	formation of armed groups	12	13	-1	x	75.0	92.3
620003	formation of criminal organizations	46	52	-6	x	93.5	88.5
620004	instructions for crimes	34	36	-2	x	85.3	72.2
620005	usurpation of office	1,236	1,376	-140	-10.2	63.7	62.4
620006	misuse of titles, professional designations and insignia	1,032	1,076	-44	-4.1	93.2	91.7
620007	breach of official custody	133	174	-41	-23.6	72.9	63.8
620008	tampering with official announcements	2	1	1	x	100.0	100.0
620009	breach of attachment, breach of seals	854	880	-26	-3.0	74.8	71.6
620010	failure to report planned crimes	33	43	-10	x	97.0	100.0
620011	rewarding and approving crimes	24	12	12	x	62.5	58.3
620013	misuse of emergency calls and impairment of means for emergency assistance and preventing accidents	9,930	9,893	37	0.4	61.5	63.4
620014	violation of instructions during supervision of conduct	1,223	1,054	169	16.0	99.8	100.0
620015	violation of a prohibition of engagement in a profession	22	15	7	x	100.0	100.0
621000	resistance to public authority (Sects. 111, 113, 114, 120, 121 PC)	22,839	23,372	-533	-2.3	98.0	98.1
621010	public incitement to crime	349	376	-27	-7.2	52.7	53.7
621020	resistance to law enforcement officials	21,823	22,223	-400	-1.8	98.9	99.0
621021	resistance to police officers	21,257	21,498	-241	-1.1	98.9	99.0
621029	resistance to law enforcement officers (without police officers)	566	725	-159	-21.9	98.4	98.3
621030	resistance to persons equivalent to law enforcement officials	139	177	-38	-21.5	96.4	97.2
621040	freeing of prisoners	516	575	-59	-10.3	89.1	92.0
621050	mutiny by prisoners	12	21	-9	x	100.0	100.0
622000	trespassing on the premises of another (Sects. 123, 124 PC)	65,208	65,408	-200	-0.3	91.5	91.9
622100	trespassing on the premises of another (Sect. 123 PC)	65,140	65,285	-145	-0.2	91.5	91.9
622200	aggravated trespassing on the premises of another (Sect. 124 PC)	68	123	-55	-44.7	86.8	89.4
623000	breach of the public peace (Sects. 125, 125a PC)	1,804	1,815	-11	-0.6	65.7	76.1
623010	breach of the peace (Sect. 125 PC)	1,339	1,286	53	4.1	65.6	75.6
623020	especially serious case breach of the peace (Sect. 125a PC)	465	529	-64	-12.1	66.2	77.3
624000	feigning commission of a crime (Sect. 145d PC)	11,603	12,303	-700	-5.7	99.3	99.0
624010	feigning a crime against sexual self-determination	718	818	-100	-12.2	98.7	98.7
624079	feigning another crime	7,665	8,200	-535	-6.5	98.8	98.3
624100	feigning a robbery	1,284	1,245	39	3.1	99.9	100.0
624200	feigning a theft	1,936	2,040	-104	-5.1	101.3	101.3
624201	feigning a theft of a motor vehicle	683	700	-17	-2.4	101.9	101.6
624279	feigning another theft	1,253	1,340	-87	-6.5	101.0	101.1
626000	glorification of violence (Sect. 131 PC)	185	265	-80	-30.2	88.6	88.3
626079	other glorification of violence	132	221	-89	-40.3	88.6	88.2
626100	material made available to persons under 18 (Sect. 131 (1) no. 3 PC)	53	44	9	x	88.7	88.6
627000	incitement to hatred and violence against segments of the population (Sect. 130 PC)	2,272	2,886	-614	-21.3	64.7	66.5
630000	aiding and abetting, obstructing criminal justice (without obstructing criminal justice as a public official), receiving, and money laundering (Sects. 257, 258, 259-261 PC) including:	28,759	26,862	1,897	7.1	95.0	95.7
630010	accessory after the fact	280	247	33	13.4	97.9	99.2
630020	obstruction of punishment	3,573	3,672	-99	-2.7	98.8	98.5
631000	receiving stolen motor vehicles (Sects. 259-260a PC) including:	1,670	1,310	360	27.5	93.8	94.0
631079	receiving stolen motor vehicles pursuant (Sect. 259 PC)	1,281	964	317	32.9	92.7	92.7
631100	on a repetitive and gainful basis (Sect. 260 (1) no. 1 PC)	231	187	44	23.5	97.4	97.3

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
631200	gang-type receiving (Sect. 260 (1) no. 2 PC)	37	30	7	x	97.3	93.3
631300	gang-type receiving on a repetitive and gainful basis (Sect. 260a PC)	121	129	-8	-6.2	98.3	98.4
632000	other types of receiving (Sects. 259-260a PC)	14,667	14,869	-202	-1.4	96.8	96.7
632079	other types of receiving (Sect. 260 (1) subpara 1 PC)	12,819	13,386	-567	-4.2	96.7	96.7
632100	on a repetitive and gainful basis (Sect. 260 (1) no. 1 PC)	1,644	1,153	491	42.6	97.9	96.2
632200	gang-type receiving (Sect. 260 (1) no. 2 PC)	61	171	-110	-64.3	98.4	99.4
632300	gang-type receiving on a repetitive and gainful basis (Sect. 260a PC)	143	159	-16	-10.1	96.5	95.0
633000	money laundering, concealment of unlawfully acquired assets (Sect. 261 PC)	8,569	6,764	1,805	26.7	90.5	92.2
640000	arson and causing a risk of fire (Sects. 306-306d, 306f PC)	23,005	21,723	1,282	5.9	49.2	50.1
640010	negligent arson	8,220	8,005	215	2.7	73.3	74.4
640020	causing a danger of fire	669	580	89	15.3	47.8	58.8
641000	(wilful) arson and causing a risk of fire (Sects. 306-306c, 306f (1 and 2) PC)	14,116	13,138	978	7.4	35.2	34.9
641010	wilful arson	10,563	9,821	742	7.6	30.0	29.4
641020	serious arson	2,804	2,700	104	3.9	53.0	50.7
641030	especially serious arson	200	189	11	5.8	66.0	77.8
641040	arson resulting in death	18	22	-4	x	66.7	77.3
641050	wilful causing a danger of fire	531	406	125	30.8	33.5	41.1
650000	competition- and corruption-related offenses, offenses committed in office (Sects. 258a, 298-300, 331-353d, 355, 357 PC) of which:	5,241	6,141	-900	-14.7	80.5	82.7
651000	accepting a benefit, taking a bribe (Sects. 331, 332, 335 PC)	638	716	-78	-10.9	81.8	87.6
651100	accepting a benefit (Sect. 331 PC)	331	420	-89	-21.2	75.5	87.9
651200	taking a bribe (Sect. 332 PC)	206	251	-45	-17.9	84.5	85.3
651300	taking a bribe - on a repetitive and gainful basis or as a member of a gang under Sect. 335 (2) subpara 3 PC	50	28	22	x	96.0	96.4
651400	all other especially serious cases of taking bribes under Sect. 335 PC	51	17	34	x	98.0	100.0
652000	granting a benefit, offering a bribe (Sects. 333, 334, 335 PC)	472	633	-161	-25.4	95.3	92.6
652100	granting a benefit (Sect. 333 PC)	92	124	-32	-25.8	93.5	93.5
652200	offering a bribe (Sect. 334 PC)	328	463	-135	-29.2	95.1	91.6
652300	offering a bribe - on a repetitive and gainful basis or as a member of a gang under Sect. 335 (2) no. 3 PC)	47	19	28	x	100.0	100.0
652400	all other especially serious cases of offering a bribe under Sect. 335 PC	5	27	-22	x	100.0	100.0
655000	other offenses committed in office (Sects. 258a, 339-353d, 355, 357 PC) including:	3,190	3,971	-781	-19.7	73.1	77.4
655001	obstruction of punishment in a public office	432	491	-59	-12.0	63.9	69.7
655002	perversion of the course of justice	135	141	-6	-4.3	57.8	58.9
655003	extortion of testimony	2	14	-12	x	100.0	85.7
655004	prosecution of the innocent	113	93	20	x	74.3	67.7
655005	execution against the innocent	6	6	0	x	50.0	66.7
655006	false certification in public office	148	140	8	5.7	90.5	90.0
655007	overcharging of fees	138	719	-581	-80.8	98.6	100.0
655008	fiscal overcharging; curtailment of benefits	4	2	2	x	100.0	50.0
655009	breach of trust in the foreign service	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
655010	forbidden communications about judicial hearings	19	15	4	x	89.5	100.0
655011	violation of tax secrecy	5	16	-11	x	100.0	81.3
655012	subornation of a subordinate to commit a crime	11	4	7	x	63.6	75.0
655100	bodily injury committed in office (Sect. 340 PC)	1,963	2,076	-113	-5.4	74.3	73.2
655200	breach of official secrecy (Sect. 353b PC)	214	254	-40	-15.7	59.8	68.5
656000	anti-competitive agreements involving invitations to tender (Sect. 298 PC)	53	60	-7	x	94.3	96.7

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
657000	taking and offering a bribe in business transactions (Sects. 299, 300 PC)	888	761	127	16.7	97.1	96.1
657100	taking and offering a bribe under Sect. 299 PC	790	679	111	16.3	97.3	95.9
657110	taking and offering a bribe pursuant (Sect. 299 (1) and (2) PC)	743	666	77	11.6	97.3	95.8
657120	taking and offering of a bribe pursuant (Sect. 299 (3) PC)	47	13	34	x	97.9	100.0
657200	on a repetitive and gainful basis or as a member of a gang under Sect. 300 subpara 2 PC	68	60	8	x	94.1	98.3
657300	-benefit of great magnitude under Sect. 300 (2) subpara 1 PC	30	22	8	x	96.7	95.5
660000	criminal self-interest (Sects. 284, 285, 287-293, 297 PC) including:	6,071	6,543	-472	-7.2	84.7	85.3
660010	obstruction of the execution of judgement	374	379	-5	-1.3	99.5	98.9
660020	recovery of the pledge	553	549	4	0.7	98.2	97.4
660030	unauthorized use of the pledge	2	1	1	x	100.0	100.0
660040	endangering ships, motor vehicles or aircraft with banned goods	1	-	1	x	100.0	x
661000	games of chance (Sects. 284, 285, 287 PC)	1,139	1,596	-457	-28.6	94.9	97.5
661010	unauthorized organization of a game of chance	771	884	-113	-12.8	97.9	96.8
661020	participation in an unauthorized game of chance	357	699	-342	-48.9	88.5	98.4
661030	unauthorized organization of a lottery or raffle	11	13	-2	x	90.9	92.3
662000	poaching (Sects. 292, 293 PC)	3,641	3,251	390	12.0	77.6	73.3
662001	fish poaching	2,732	2,235	497	22.2	92.6	91.8
662100	game poaching (Sect. 292 PC)	909	1,016	-107	-10.5	32.3	32.8
663000	usury (Sect. 291 PC)	361	767	-406	-52.9	88.9	95.4
670000	all other offenses under the Penal Code (excluding traffic offenses)	1,011,654	1,023,087	-11,433	-1.1	43.4	43.5
670001	false unsworn testimony	6,728	7,237	-509	-7.0	99.3	99.5
670002	perjury	170	194	-24	-12.4	99.4	99.0
670003	false affirmation in lieu of an oath	6,156	6,347	-191	-3.0	99.5	99.5
670005	subornation of false testimony	154	168	-14	-8.3	97.4	98.2
670006	negligent false oath, negligent false affirmation in lieu of an oath	55	61	-6	x	100.0	98.4
670007	casting false suspicion	18,656	19,133	-477	-2.5	96.8	97.1
670008	insulting of faiths, religious societies and organizations dictacted to a philosophy of life	58	48	10	x	34.5	50.0
670009	disturbing the practice of religion	61	79	-18	x	65.6	75.9
670010	disturbing a funeral service	6	6	0	x	83.3	83.3
670011	disturbing the peace of the dead	2,117	2,666	-549	-20.6	33.8	30.9
670012	falsification of personal status	36	37	-1	x	69.4	67.6
670013	bigamy	38	54	-16	x	100.0	100.0
670014	sexual intercourse between relatives	43	45	-2	x	95.3	97.8
670015	malicious gossip and defamation against persons in political life	148	144	4	2.8	66.2	68.1
670016	violation of the confidentiality of the spoken word	625	586	39	6.7	91.5	91.0
670017	violation of the confidentiality of letters	3,429	3,244	185	5.7	49.4	50.4
670018	violation of private secrets	451	444	7	1.6	82.0	82.2
670019	exploitation of secrets of another	13	14	-1	x	76.9	71.4
670020	violation of the postal or telecommunications confidentiality	2,132	1,702	430	25.3	81.0	82.6
670021	abandonment	84	87	-3	x	89.3	79.3
670024	dangerous interference with rail, ship and air traffic	4,034	4,059	-25	-0.6	40.0	39.2
670025	dangerous interference with road traffic	18,364	18,969	-605	-3.2	47.2	50.7
670026	interference with public operations	677	711	-34	-4.8	15.8	18.6
670027	interference with telecommunications facilities	963	993	-30	-3.0	43.1	43.5
670029	endangerment in construction	112	158	-46	-29.1	86.6	84.8
670030	total intoxication	74	83	-9	x	97.3	100.0
670031	endangering withdrawal treatment	17	15	2	x	88.2	93.3

	Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
			2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
	670032	failure to render assistance	1,800	2,001	-201	-10.0	81.3	82.3
	670033	betrayal of a party	108	110	-2	-1.8	94.4	96.4
	670034	violation of the personal realm by pictures	3,265	2,301	964	41.9	86.9	85.7
	670079	other further offenses pursuant to PC	7	7	0	x	57.1	85.7
	671000	violation of obligation to support (Sect. 170 PC)	10,305	11,071	-766	-6.9	99.7	99.8
	672000	failure to provide proper care or education (Sect. 171 PC)	1,766	1,726	40	2.3	97.5	96.3
	673000	insult (Sects. 185-187, 189 PC)	210,797	208,183	2,614	1.3	90.0	89.9
	673010	insult without a sexual background	153,823	156,279	-2,456	-1.6	92.3	92.0
	673020	malicious gossip without sexual background	9,942	9,362	580	6.2	87.9	88.1
	673030	defamation without sexual background	14,981	14,897	84	0.6	88.0	88.3
	673040	disparagement of the memory of deceased persons without sexual background	66	82	-16	x	72.7	59.8
	673100	insulting on a sexual basis (Sects. 185-187, 189 PC)	31,985	27,563	4,422	16.0	80.6	79.6
	673110	insult with sexual background	28,547	24,828	3,719	15.0	80.3	79.2
	673120	malicious gossip with sexual background	1,579	1,238	341	27.5	82.7	84.2
	673130	defamation with sexual background	1,842	1,486	356	24.0	83.2	83.8
	673140	disparagement of the memory of deceased persons with sexual background	17	11	6	x	100.0	54.5
	674000	damage to property (Sects. 303-305a PC)	688,294	700,801	-12,507	-1.8	25.2	25.5
	674010	damage to property pursuant (Sect. 303 PC without key 674100 and 674300)	259,504	273,551	-14,047	-5.1	32.9	32.3
	674011	¹⁰ damage to property by graffiti (without key 674111 and 674311)	50,257	57,876	-7,619	-13.2	21.9	23.4
	674012	damage to property by fire (without key 674312)	16,319	16,264	55	0.3	20.4	19.7
	674019	other damage to property (without key 674119 and 674319)	192,928	199,411	-6,483	-3.3	36.8	36.0
	674020	damaging property which is harmful to the public (without key 674320)	16,918	18,877	-1,959	-10.4	23.4	22.3
	674021	damage to property by graffiti which is harmful to the public (without key 674321)	3,668	4,661	-993	-21.3	28.0	26.6
	674022	damage to property by fire which is harmful to the public (without key 674322)	963	1,154	-191	-16.6	23.9	20.6
	674029	other damage to property which is harmful to the public (without key 674329)	12,287	13,062	-775	-5.9	21.9	20.9
	674030	destruction of structures (without key 674330)	52	45	7	x	28.8	55.6
	674100	damage to motor vehicles	251,462	250,732	730	0.3	18.4	18.8
	674111	¹⁰ damage to motor vehicles by graffiti	5,514	5,955	-441	-7.4	22.7	19.8
	674119	other damage to motor vehicles	245,948	244,777	1,171	0.5	18.3	18.7
	674200	alteration of data, computer sabotage (Sects. 303a, 303b PC)	4,644	2,524	2,120	84.0	41.2	32.1
	674210	alteration of data	3,552	1,987	1,565	78.8	40.4	33.7
	674220	computer sabotage	1,092	537	555	103.4	44.0	26.1
	674300	other damage to property committed in streets, lanes or public places	155,267	154,611	656	0.4	23.2	24.8
	674310	other damage to property committed in streets, lanes or public places pursuant (Sect. 303 PC)	135,106	134,117	989	0.7	23.5	25.1
	674311	¹⁰ other damage to property by graffiti committed in streets, lanes or public places	53,443	53,943	-500	-0.9	25.0	27.9
	674312	other damage to property by fire committed in streets, lanes or public places	9,517	8,395	1,122	13.4	15.4	17.1
	674319	other damage to property committed in streets, lanes or public places	72,146	71,779	367	0.5	23.4	23.9
	674320	damage to property which is harmful to the public committed in streets, lanes or public places	20,128	20,471	-343	-1.7	21.1	22.7
	674321	damage to property by graffiti which is harmful to the public committed in streets, lanes and public places	2,741	3,316	-575	-17.3	30.0	27.7
	674322	damage to property by fire which is harmful to the public committed in streets, lanes and public places	1,359	1,130	229	20.3	16.8	23.7

¹⁰ Due to system-specific factors, one "Land" was not able to register data under the keys "674011" and "674111" in 2010. These cases were subsumed under "674311" which causes an additional elevation of declared cases.

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
674329	other damage to property which is harmful to the public committed in streets, lanes and public places	16,028	16,025	3	0.0	20.0	21.5
674330	destruction of structures in streets, lanes and public places	33	23	10	x	33.3	43.5
674500	destruction of important equipment (Sect. 305a PC)	447	461	-14	-3.0	51.5	49.7
674512	destruction of important means of work by fire	8	10	-2	x	62.5	40.0
674519	other destruction of important means of work	439	451	-12	-2.7	51.3	49.9
675000	crimes involving explosives or nuclear radiation (Sects. 307-312 PC)	799	671	128	19.1	42.7	45.0
675100	causing an explosion through nuclear energy (Sect. 307 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
675200	causing a non-nuclear explosion (Sect. 308 PC)	780	648	132	20.4	42.1	43.8
675300	misuse of ionizing radiation (Sect. 309 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
675400	preparation of a crime involving explosives or radiation (Sect. 310 PC)	17	21	-4	x	76.5	81.0
675500	release of ionizing radiation (Sect. 311 PC)	2	2	0	x	0.0	50.0
675600	defective construction of a nuclear facility (Sect. 312 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
676000	offenses against the environment (Sects. 324, 324a, 325-330a PC)	13,342	13,716	-374	-2.7	59.6	59.8
676010	soil pollution (Sect. 324a PC)	999	1,072	-73	-6.8	66.2	68.1
676011	soil pollution	972	1,054	-82	-7.8	66.2	68.2
676012	soil pollution - especially serious case -	27	18	9	x	66.7	61.1
676100	pollution of a body of water (Sect. 324 PC)	2,912	3,001	-89	-3.0	50.3	51.6
676101	water pollution	2,887	2,965	-78	-2.6	50.3	51.6
676102	water pollution - especially serious case -	25	36	-11	x	52.0	50.0
676200	air pollution (Sect. 325 PC)	256	204	52	25.5	60.9	71.6
676201	air pollution	255	203	52	25.6	60.8	71.4
676202	air pollution - especially serious case -	1	1	0	x	100.0	100.0
676300	causing noise, vibrations and non-ionizing radiation (Sect. 325a PC)	24	25	-1	x	91.7	76.0
676301	causing noise, vibrations and non-ionizing radiation	24	24	0	x	91.7	75.0
676302	causing noise, vibrations and non-ionizing radiation - especially serious case -	-	1	-1	x	0.0	100.0
676400	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 except (2) PC)	8,369	8,620	-251	-2.9	59.5	58.8
676410	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (1) PC)	8,238	8,502	-264	-3.1	59.3	58.8
676411	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (1) PC)	8,161	8,413	-252	-3.0	59.3	58.7
676412	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (1) PC) - especially serious case -	77	89	-12	x	63.6	71.9
676420	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (3) PC)	131	118	13	11.0	71.0	55.1
676421	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (3) PC)	127	116	11	9.5	70.1	55.2
676422	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (3) PC) - especially serious case -	4	2	2	x	100.0	50.0
676500	unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 PC)	469	495	-26	-5.3	95.7	95.8
676510	unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (1) PC) (nuclear facility and nuclear fuels)	3	16	-13	x	100.0	87.5
676511	unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (1) PC) (nuclear facility and nuclear fuels)	3	16	-13	x	100.0	87.5
676512	unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (1) PC) (nuclear facility and nuclear fuels) - especially serious case -	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
676520	unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (2) PC)	466	479	-13	-2.7	95.7	96.0
676521	unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (2) PC)	457	471	-14	-3.0	95.8	96.0
676522	unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (2) PC) - especially serious case -	9	8	1	x	88.9	100.0
676600	unauthorized handling of radioactive substances and other hazardous substances and goods (Sect. 328 PC)	113	108	5	4.6	68.1	71.3
676610	unauthorized dealing with radioactive substances (Sect. 328 (1) and (2) PC)	17	12	5	x	58.8	75.0

	Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
			2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
	676611	unauthorized dealing with radioactive substances (Sect. 328 (1) and (2) PC)	17	12	5	x	58.8	75.0
	676612	unauthorized dealing with radioactive substances (Sect. 328 (1) and (2) PC) - especially serious case -	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	676620	unauthorized dealing with other dangerous substances and goods (Sect. 328 (3) PC)	96	96	0	x	69.8	70.8
	676621	unauthorized dealing with other dangerous substances and goods (Sect. 328 (3) PC)	89	94	-5	x	67.4	71.3
	676622	unauthorized dealing with other dangerous substances and goods (Sect. 328 (3) PC) -especially serious case-	7	2	5	x	100.0	50.0
	676700	endangering areas requiring protection (Sect. 329 PC)	36	22	14	x	66.7	59.1
	676701	endangering areas requiring protection	31	20	11	x	64.5	65.0
	676702	endangering areas requiring protection - especially serious case -	5	2	3	x	80.0	0.0
	676800	illegal transit and export of waste under Sect. 326 (2) PC	117	106	11	10.4	87.2	95.3
	676810	unauthorized import of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (2) PC)	14	27	-13	x	71.4	81.5
	676811	unauthorized import of dangerous waste	14	25	-11	x	71.4	80.0
	676812	unauthorized import of dangerous waste - especially serious case -	-	2	-2	x	0.0	100.0
	676820	unauthorized export of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (2) PC)	97	74	23	x	89.7	100.0
	676821	unauthorized export of dangerous waste	94	73	21	x	89.4	100.0
	676822	unauthorized export of dangerous waste - especially serious case -	3	1	2	x	100.0	100.0
	676830	unauthorized transit of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (2) PC)	6	5	1	x	83.3	100.0
	676831	unauthorized transit of dangerous waste	6	5	1	x	83.3	100.0
	676832	unauthorized transit of dangerous waste - especially serious case -	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	676900	causing serious danger by releasing toxic substances (Sect. 330a PC)	47	63	-16	x	36.2	41.3
	677000	poisoning endangering the public under Sect. 314 PC	7	8	-1	x	42.9	25.0
	678000	data espionage (Sects. 202a, 202b, 202c PC)	15,726	15,190	536	3.5	21.3	24.0
	678010	data espionage pursuant (Sect. 202a PC)	14,745	14,166	579	4.1	22.0	24.9
	678020	interception of data pursuant (Sect. 202b PC)	424	504	-80	-15.9	17.2	14.1
	678030	preparation of data espionage and interception of data pursuant (Sect. 202c PC)	557	520	37	7.1	7.7	11.0
	679000	further environment-related offences pursuant to the Penal Code	37	18	19	x	35.1	38.9
	679010	causing a flood (Sect. 313 PC)	30	9	21	x	40.0	33.3
	679020	damaging important facilities (Sect. 318 PC)	7	9	-2	x	14.3	44.4
	700000	Supplementary criminal legislation	401,105	393,972	7,133	1.8	94.1	94.3
	710000	offences against supplementary criminal legislation in the economic sector	24,805	25,732	-927	-3.6	90.5	91.7
	712000	offences under the Stock Corporation Act, Cooperatives Act, Limited Liability Company Act, Commercial Code, Accounting Act, Comp. Transformation Act including:	7,785	7,566	219	2.9	99.6	99.4
	712010	Stock Corporation Act	29	49	-20	x	89.7	98.0
	712020	Commercial Code	45	95	-50	x	100.0	98.9
	712030	Limited Liability Company Act	342	563	-221	-39.3	99.1	99.3
	712040	Cooperatives Act	1	4	-3	x	100.0	100.0
	712050	Accounting Act	2	1	1	x	100.0	0.0
	712060	Comp. Transformation Act	-	1	-1	x	0.0	100.0
	712200	obstruction of insolvency proceedings (Sects. 15a Insolvency statute)	7,366	6,853	513	7.5	99.6	99.5
CH	713000	¹¹ offences against Law on Illicit Work and Labor Leasing Act	130	164	-34	-20.7	92.3	95.7

¹¹ The fight against clandestine work and illegal employment is basically carried out by customs authorities (unit for financial control/illegal employment). When cases are finalised by customs authorities they are not recorded in the PCS. Hence, registration of cases in this field of crime is incomplete in the PCS.

	Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
			2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
CH	713010	Labor Leasing Act	10	2	8	x	90.0	100.0
CH	713030	Law on Illicit Work	120	56	64	x	92.5	96.4
CH	714000	offenses involving the banking industry and the Securities Trading Act, Banking Act, Stock Exchange Act, Securities Deposit Act, Pfandbrief Act, Sect. 35 Federal Bank Act, Payment services supervision Law	213	258	-45	-17.4	89.7	91.9
	714010	Federal Bank Act	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	714020	Stock Exchange Act	-	1	-1	x	0.0	100.0
CH	714030	(German) Pfandbrief Act	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	714040	Banking Act	107	156	-49	-31.4	96.3	99.4
	714050	Securities Deposit Act	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	714060	Securities Trading Act	103	101	2	2.0	82.5	80.2
N	714070	Payment services supervision Law	3	-	3	x	100.0	x
	715000	offenses against copyright legislation (Copyright Act, Trademarks Act, Act against Unfair Competition - Sect. 17, Utility Models Act, Registered Designs Act, Artists' Copyright Act, Patents Act, Semiconductor Protection Law)	7,021	8,375	-1,354	-16.2	81.1	86.8
	715010	Trademarks Act	1,576	2,126	-550	-25.9	91.6	94.4
	715020	Registered Designs Act	23	27	-4	x	78.3	81.5
	715030	Utility Models Act	5	3	2	x	40.0	33.3
	715040	Artists' Copyright Act	1,507	1,124	383	34.1	64.0	69.5
	715050	Copyright Act - other violations - (without key 715100 and 715200)	2,781	3,435	-654	-19.0	79.1	85.3
	715060	Patent Act	65	87	-22	x	92.3	64.4
	715070	Semiconductor Protection Law	-	1	-1	x	0.0	100.0
	715100	software piracy (private use, e.g. computer games)	412	794	-382	-48.1	92.5	94.1
	715200	software piracy in the form of repetitive and gainful activity	152	132	20	15.2	92.8	97.0
	715300	betrayal of trade or business secrets under Sect. 17 (1 and 4) Act Against Unfair Competition	266	299	-33	-11.0	95.9	95.3
	715400	betrayal of trade or business secrets under Sect. 17 (2 and 4) Act Against Unfair Competition	234	347	-113	-32.6	96.2	89.3
	716000	offenses involving food products (e.g. Food Products and Necessaries Act, Pharmaceutical Preparations Act, Wine Act, Feedstuffs Act)	7,424	6,808	616	9.0	90.3	91.6
	716030	offenses under the Genetic Engineering Act	-	4	-4	x	0.0	75.0
	716079	other offenses involving food products - if not recorded under other keys -	84	121	-37	-30.6	96.4	95.9
	716100	offenses under the Food Products and Necessaries Act	2,418	2,413	5	0.2	94.7	95.6
	716200	offenses under the Pharmaceutical Preparations Act	4,690	4,040	650	16.1	87.5	88.6
	716210	offenses under the Pharmaceutical Preparations Act pursuant (Sect. 95 Pharmaceutical Preparations Act)	4,213	3,616	597	16.5	87.5	88.4
	716211	putting critical pharmaceuticals into circulation	463	192	271	141.1	91.6	85.9
	716212	circulation, prescribing or application on third parties of pharmaceuticals for doping purposes in sport	434	257	177	68.9	89.4	90.7
	716213	illegal trade, sale, purchase of prescription pharmaceuticals	1,547	1,410	137	9.7	80.4	83.3
	716214	illegal handling of veterinary pharmaceuticals	58	44	14	x	98.3	93.2
	716215	counterfeiting pharmaceuticals	-	2	-2	x	0.0	100.0
	716216	putting counterfeit pharmaceuticals into circulation	15	9	6	x	100.0	66.7
	716217	especially serious case of the violation of the Pharmaceutical Preparations Act pursuant (Sect. 95 (3) no. 1, 2b and 3)	243	87	156	x	97.5	92.0
	716218	especially serious case of the violation of the Pharmaceutical Preparations Act pursuant (Sect. 95 (3) no. 2a) (doping in sports to persons under the age of 18)	34	34	0	x	94.1	97.1
	716219	other offenses under the Pharmaceutical Preparations Act pursuant (Sect. 95 Pharmaceutical Preparations Act)	1,419	1,581	-162	-10.2	90.8	92.5

	Key	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
	no.		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
	716220	offenses under Pharmaceutical Preparations Act pursuant (Sect. 96 Pharmaceutical Preparations Act)	477	424	53	12.5	88.1	90.6
	716300	offenses under the Wine Act	232	230	2	0.9	99.1	99.6
	719000	other offenses (supplementary legislation) in the economic sector (e.g. Racing Bets and Lotteries Act, Act against Unfair Competition - excluding Sect. 17, Insurance Industry Supervision Act, Economic Offenses Act, Industrial Code)	2,232	2,561	-329	-12.8	89.6	85.3
	719010	Racing Bets and Lotteries Act	2	3	-1	x	100.0	100.0
	719040	Industrial Code	222	249	-27	-10.8	100.0	100.4
	719079	other supplementary criminal legislation in the business sector	1,443	1,377	66	4.8	95.2	93.5
	719200	offenses against the Unfair Competition Act - excluding Sect. 17	565	928	-363	-39.1	71.2	68.9
	720000	offenses against other supplementary criminal legislation (<i>excluding traffic offenses</i>)	132,034	129,102	2,932	2.3	95.5	95.8
	720001	Associations Act	263	333	-70	-21.0	81.0	81.7
	720002	Assemblies and Processions Act	3,087	2,500	587	23.5	66.3	73.9
	720005	fraudulent manufacture, distribution or issue of official licence plates (Sect. 22a Road Traffic Act)	1,922	559	1,363	243.8	76.9	80.1
	720009	Telecommunications Act	221	242	-21	-8.7	78.7	84.3
	720011	offenses pursuant to Sect. 4 Protection against Violence Act)	7,321	6,849	472	6.9	99.8	99.7
	720012	offenses pursuant to Sect. 1 EU Bribery Act	-	1	-1	x	0.0	100.0
	720013	offenses pursuant to Sects. 1 and 2 International Bribery Act	-	5	-5	x	0.0	120.0
	720014	Aviation Security Act	175	264	-89	-33.7	96.6	96.6
CH	720079	other supplementary criminal legislation	1,234	1,635	-401	-24.5	93.0	95.2
	721000	offenses against Sect. 27 (2) Juveniles Protection Act	91	129	-38	-29.5	96.7	90.7
	722000	offenses against Sect. 27 (1) Juveniles Protection Act	127	287	-160	-55.7	93.7	96.5
	724000	offenses against Sect. 24 of the Passport Act	13	9	4	x	100.0	100.0
	725000	offenses against the Aliens Act and the Asylum Procedures Act	78,324	74,153	4,171	5.6	98.4	98.4
	725100	illegal entry (border crossing) under the Aliens Act	24,002	21,930	2,072	9.4	99.8	99.8
	725110	illegal entry pursuant to Sect. 95 (1) no. 3 Aliens Act	21,288	19,376	1,912	9.9	99.8	99.7
	725120	illegal re-entry after expulsion/deportation pursuant to Sect. 95 (2) no. 1a Aliens Act	2,714	2,554	160	6.3	99.9	100.0
	725200	alien smuggling under Sect. 92a Aliens Act	2,218	2,429	-211	-8.7	61.1	66.2
	725210	alien smuggling pursuant to Sect. 96 (1) and (4) Aliens Act	1,856	1,978	-122	-6.2	60.2	64.6
	725220	alien smuggling pursuant to Sect. 96 (2) Aliens Act	362	451	-89	-19.7	66.0	73.2
	725300	fraudulently obtaining a residence permit/ temporary suspension of deportation (Sect. 92 (2) no. 2 Aliens Act)	3,521	3,772	-251	-6.7	99.5	99.3
	725310	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit (visa)	2,373	2,367	6	0.3	99.7	99.4
	725311	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit (visa) due to fictitious marriage	363	463	-100	-21.6	99.2	99.8
	725312	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit (visa) due to other modus operanti	2,010	1,904	106	5.6	99.8	99.3
	725320	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit (residence permit or settlement permission)	1,148	1,405	-257	-18.3	99.3	99.2
	725321	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit (residence permit or settlement permission) due to fictitious marriage	371	531	-160	-30.1	98.1	98.5
	725322	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit (residence permit or settlement permission) due to other modus operanti	777	874	-97	-11.1	99.9	99.7
	725400	gang-type alien smuggling under Sect. 92b Aliens Act on a repetitive and gainful basis	345	881	-536	-60.8	66.4	95.7
	725410	gang-type smuggling resulting in death pursuant to Sect. 97 (1) Aliens Act	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
	725420	commercial and gang-type facilitation of aliens pursuant to Sect. 97 (2) Aliens Act	345	881	-536	-60.8	66.1	95.7

	Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
			2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
	725500	offenses against Sects. 84 and 85 of the Asylum Procedures Act	3,224	4,351	-1,127	-25.9	99.8	99.9
	725510	offenses against Sect. 84 Asylum Procedures Act	69	59	10	x	98.6	100.0
	725520	offenses against Sect. 85 Asylum Procedures Act	3,155	4,292	-1,137	-26.5	99.8	99.9
	725600	gang-type inducement to fraudulent application for asylum on a repetitive and gainful basis (Sect. 84a Asylum Procedures Act)	2	1	1	x	50.0	100.0
CH	725700	illegal stay under the Aliens Act	37,514	33,247	4,267	12.8	99.5	99.4
CH	725710	illegal stay pursuant to Sect. 95 (1) subpara 1 and 2 Aliens Act	35,589	31,496	4,093	13.0	99.5	99.4
CH	725720	illegal stay after expulsion/deportation pursuant to Sect. 95 (2) subpara 1b Aliens Act	1,925	1,751	174	9.9	99.9	99.1
	725800	entry (border crossing) or stay despite the refusal of freedom of movement (Sect. 9 Freedom of Movement Act/E.U.)	205	223	-18	-8.1	100.0	99.6
	725900	other offenses against Aliens Act	7,293	7,319	-26	-0.4	99.6	99.7
	726000	offenses against the Weapons Act and the War Weapons Control Act	38,685	41,378	-2,693	-6.5	92.6	92.7
	726100	offences violating the Explosives Act	3,652	3,040	612	20.1	82.8	86.1
	726200	offenses against the Weapons Act	34,464	37,655	-3,191	-8.5	93.7	93.4
	726300	offenses against the War Weapons Control Act	569	683	-114	-16.7	86.3	86.7
	728000	offenses against the Federal (or State) Data Protection Act	571	748	-177	-23.7	70.4	65.0
	728010	offenses against the State Data Protection Act	214	231	-17	-7.4	72.9	59.3
	728020	offenses against the Federal Data Protection Act	357	517	-160	-30.9	68.9	67.5
	730000	drug offenses - Narcotics Act (unless included under another key no.)	236,478	231,007	5,471	2.4	94.7	94.7
	731000	general violations under Sect. 29 NCA (<i>unless these are to be recorded under key no. 7340 ff.</i>)	170,297	165,880	4,417	2.7	95.6	95.5
	731100	involving heroin	13,609	18,171	-4,562	-25.1	96.9	95.3
	731200	involving cocaine	10,199	10,497	-298	-2.8	94.7	95.1
	731201	general violation (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving crack	2,156	2,391	-235	-9.8	95.3	94.4
	731202	general violation (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving cocaine	8,043	8,106	-63	-0.8	94.6	95.3
	731300	involving LSD	173	162	11	6.8	93.6	97.5
	731400	involving amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	31,330	25,695	5,635	21.9	95.4	96.2
	731500	involving amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	2,895	2,577	318	12.3	96.1	95.4
	731800	involving cannabis and preparations thereof	101,186	99,562	1,624	1.6	95.7	95.6
	731900	involving other drugs	10,905	9,216	1,689	18.3	94.4	93.5
	732000	trafficking in, and smuggling of drugs under Sect. 29 NCA	48,291	47,034	1,257	2.7	92.5	92.6
	732100	in/of heroin	4,517	5,843	-1,326	-22.7	91.6	92.0
	732110	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving heroin	4,329	5,671	-1,342	-23.7	91.4	91.9
	732120	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of heroin	188	172	16	9.3	96.3	95.9
	732200	in/of cocaine	3,315	3,333	-18	-0.5	89.7	90.6
	732210	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving cocaine including crack	3,066	3,123	-57	-1.8	90.3	90.8
	732211	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving crack	289	374	-85	-22.7	96.5	95.5
	732212	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving cocaine	2,777	2,749	28	1.0	89.7	90.1
	732220	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of cocaine including crack	249	210	39	18.6	82.3	87.6
	732221	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of crack	3	3	0	x	66.7	100.0
	732222	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of cocaine	246	207	39	18.8	82.5	87.4
	732300	in/of LSD	79	56	23	x	94.9	89.3
	732310	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving LSD	59	47	12	x	98.3	87.2
	732320	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of LSD	20	9	11	x	85.0	100.0
	732400	in/of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	6,973	5,998	975	16.3	94.5	93.6
	732410	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	6,058	5,477	581	10.6	93.8	93.1

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
732420	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	915	521	394	75.6	99.0	99.4
732500	in/of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	788	810	-22	-2.7	95.1	95.1
732510	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	699	734	-35	-4.8	95.3	94.8
732520	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	89	76	13	x	93.3	97.4
732800	in/of cannabis and preparations thereof	29,917	28,305	1,612	5.7	93.2	93.1
732810	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving cannabis and preparations thereof	15,990	16,589	-599	-3.6	92.1	92.0
732820	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of cannabis and preparations thereof	13,927	11,716	2,211	18.9	94.4	94.8
732900	in/of other drugs	2,702	2,689	13	0.5	84.9	88.1
732910	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving other drugs	2,421	2,453	-32	-1.3	85.5	88.0
732920	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of other drugs	281	236	45	19.1	80.1	88.6
733000	illegal importation of drugs under Sect. 30 (1) no. 4 NCA (significant amounts)	2,500	2,588	-88	-3.4	95.8	96.3
733100	of heroin	463	560	-97	-17.3	95.2	96.4
733200	of cocaine	416	430	-14	-3.3	92.8	92.6
733201	illegal importation of drugs in not insignificant amounts (Sect. 30 (1) no. 4 NCA) - of crack	2	2	0	x	100.0	100.0
733202	illegal importation of drugs in not insignificant amounts (Sect. 30 (1) no. 4 NCA) - of cocaine	414	428	-14	-3.3	92.8	92.5
733300	of LSD	3	-	3	x	100.0	0.0
733400	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	524	374	150	40.1	97.7	98.4
733500	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	67	49	18	x	100.0	98.0
733800	of cannabis and preparations thereof	848	1,001	-153	-15.3	95.8	97.5
733900	of other drugs	179	174	5	2.9	96.6	92.5
734000	other violations of the NCA	15,390	15,505	-115	-0.7	91.8	92.8
734100	illegal cultivation of drugs under Sect. 29 (1) no. 1 NCA	3,720	3,475	245	7.1	83.6	84.9
734200	cultivation of/production of/trafficking in drugs as a member of a gang (Sects. 30 (1) no. 1, 30a NCA)	602	640	-38	-5.9	99.3	96.1
734210	cultivation of/production of/trafficking in drugs as a member of a gang (Sects. 30 (1) no. 1, 30a NCA)	130	175	-45	-25.7	100.0	92.6
734220	violations pursuant (Sect. 30a NCA)	472	465	7	1.5	99.2	97.4
734300	making available funds or other assets (Sect. 29 (1) no. 13 NCA)	31	44	-13	x	100.0	97.7
734400	advertising drugs (Sect. 29 (1) no. 8 NCA)	7	17	-10	x	57.1	88.2
734500	dispensing, administering, or making available drugs to minors (Sect. 29a (1) no. 1; where applicable Sect. 30 (1) no. 2 NCA)	1,401	1,253	148	11.8	93.1	92.3
734510	dispensing, administering, or making available drugs to minors (Sect. 29a (1) no. 1 NCA)	1,292	1,142	150	13.1	92.7	92.1
734520	dispensing, administering, or making available drugs to minors on a commercial basis (Sect. 30 (1) no. 2 NCA)	109	111	-2	-1.8	97.2	93.7
734600	negligently causing another's death by handing over, etc. of drugs (Sect. 30 (1) no. 3 NCA)	22	34	-12	x	104.5	85.3
734700	illegal prescription and administration by physicians (Sect. 29 (1) no. 6 NCA)	88	106	-18	-17.0	102.3	99.1
734800	trafficking, production of, dispensing, and possession of a significant amount of drugs (Sect. 29a (1) no. 2 NCA)	9,519	9,936	-417	-4.2	94.2	95.4
734810	illegal dispensing and possession in not insignificant amounts pursuant (Sect. 29a (1) no. 2 NCA)	1,801	2,027	-226	-11.1	93.7	95.4
734811	of heroin	215	320	-105	-32.8	97.2	93.4
734812	of cocaine including crack	237	219	18	8.2	92.0	96.3

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
734813	of LSD	1	2	-1	x	100.0	100.0
734814	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	302	323	-21	-6.5	94.4	93.8
734815	amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	47	49	-2	x	97.9	93.9
734818	of cannabis and preparations thereof	852	960	-108	-11.3	92.6	96.1
734819	of other drugs	147	154	-7	-4.5	94.6	96.8
734820	illegal trafficking in not insignificant amounts pursuant (Sect. 29a (1) no. 2 NCA)	7,361	7,614	-253	-3.3	94.5	95.4
734821	of heroin	975	1,204	-229	-19.0	95.6	96.8
734822	of cocaine including crack	1,044	1,104	-60	-5.4	93.9	93.1
734823	of LSD	9	7	2	x	88.9	100.0
734824	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	1,783	1,537	246	16.0	95.5	96.4
734825	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	153	198	-45	-22.7	97.4	92.4
734828	of cannabis and preparations thereof	3,125	3,328	-203	-6.1	94.4	95.7
734829	of other drugs	272	236	36	15.3	86.4	91.1
734840	illegal production in not insignificant amounts pursuant to Sect. 29a (1) no. 2 NCA	357	295	62	21.0	91.3	95.6
734841	of heroin	1	2	-1	x	100.0	100.0
734842	of cocaine including crack	5	7	-2	x	100.0	100.0
734843	of LSD	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
734844	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	27	31	-4	x	96.3	100.0
734845	amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	7	2	5	x	85.7	100.0
734848	of cannabis and preparations thereof	298	233	65	27.9	90.9	94.8
734849	of other drugs	19	20	-1	x	89.5	95.0
740000	offenses against supplementary criminal legislation in the environmental sector (in addition to key no. 7160)	7,788	8,131	-343	-4.2	62.7	65.3
740001	Transplant Act (illegal organ trafficking)	4	1	3	x	75.0	100.0
740002	law restricting the transport and import of dogs	51	64	-13	x	98.0	93.8
740003	violation of the Naturopath Act	117	68	49	x	99.1	100.0
740079	other supplementary criminal legislation in the environmental sector	138	131	7	5.3	58.7	55.0
741000	offenses under the Chemicals Act	412	505	-93	-18.4	88.3	91.9
741001	offenses pursuant to Sect. 27 Chemicals Act in connection with the Hazardous Substances Regulation	365	436	-71	-16.3	87.1	92.4
741079	other offenses under the Chemicals Act	47	69	-22	x	97.9	88.4
742000	offenses under the Protection against Diseases Act and the Epizootic Diseases Act	26	37	-11	x	92.3	91.9
742010	Protection against Diseases Act	15	15	0	x	100.0	93.3
742020	Epizootic Diseases Act	11	22	-11	x	81.8	90.9
743000	offenses under the Nature Conservation Act, Animal Protection Act, Federal Hunting Act, Plant Protection Act	7,040	7,325	-285	-3.9	60.3	62.9
743010	Nature Conservation Act	367	683	-316	-46.3	76.6	82.1
743020	Animal Protection Act	6,584	6,521	63	1.0	59.2	61.0
743030	Federal Hunting Act	87	111	-24	-21.6	73.6	61.3
743040	Plant Protection Act	2	10	-8	x	50.0	50.0
Aggregate key number					x		
890000	total offenses, excluding offenses against the Aliens Act, the Asylum Procedures Act, and the Freedom of Movement Act/E.U. (key no. 7250)	5,912,355	5,859,125	53,230	0.9	54.1	55.5
891000	drug-related crime	239,491	233,563	5,928	2.5	94.4	94.5
891100	offenses directly aimed at procuring drugs	3,013	2,556	457	17.9	71.4	68.3
892000	violent crime	197,030	201,243	-4,213	-2.1	75.3	75.3
893000	economic crime	79,515	102,813	-23,298	-22.7	89.3	91.0
893100	in fraud cases	41,612	65,648	-24,036	-36.6	85.1	89.5

	Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
			2011	2010	Number	in %	2011	2010
	893200	insolvency offenses according to the PC and supplementary criminal legislation	12,392	11,707	685	5.9	99.7	99.5
	893300	economic crime in the fields of investment, financing, etc.	7,792	12,174	-4,382	-36.0	96.6	98.2
	893400	competition-related offenses	2,619	3,362	-743	-22.1	86.9	85.2
	893500	economic crime in connection with employment	10,711	11,191	-480	-4.3	99.6	99.7
	893600	fraud and breach of trust in connection with holdings and capital investment	7,094	11,411	-4,317	-37.8	97.6	98.8
	895000	trafficking in human beings	716	749	-33	-4.4	85.9	85.3
	896000	offenses against provisions designed to protect young persons	960	1,302	-342	-26.3	86.1	89.7
	897000	computer crime	84,981	84,377	604	0.7	32.6	35.8
	898000	environmental crime	33,038	32,603	435	1.3	68.8	68.8
	898100	environmental crimes pursuant to chapter 29 of the German Penal Code	13,342	13,716	-374	-2.7	59.6	59.8
	898200	other environment-related crimes pursuant to the German Penal Code	4,484	3,948	536	13.6	70.9	68.3
	898300	environmental offences pursuant to supplemental penal statutes	15,212	14,939	273	1.8	76.2	77.3
	899000	street crime	1,382,949	1,352,897	30,052	2.2	17.7	18.6
N	899500	damage to property by graffiti in total	115,623	-	115,623	x	23.8	x
	900100	murder and manslaughter	2,174	2,218	-44	-2.0	96.1	95.4
	980100	¹² hitech/computer crime in the narrower sense	59,494	59,839	-345	-0.6	30	33

Aggregate key numbers

List of aggregate key numbers and crime keys included therein:

890000: -----; less 725000

891000 730000, 218000, *71000, *72000, *73000, *74000, *75000 and 542000

891100 218000, *71000, *72000, *73000, *74000, *75000 and 542000

892000: 010000, 020000, 111000, 210000, 221000, 222000, 233000, 234000 and 235000

893000: is recorded by using a special designation

893100 510000 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)

893200 560000, 712100 and 712200 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)

893300: 513000, 514100, 514300, 514400, 514500 and 714000 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)

893400 656000, 715000 and 719200 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)

893500: 517300, 517700, 522000 and 713000 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)

893600 513100, 513200, 513300, 513400 and 521100 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)

895000: 236000, 237000, 238000

896000: 143100, 626100, 721000 and 722000

897000: 516300, 517500, 517900, 543000, 674200, 678000, 715100 and 715200

898000: 662000, 675000, 676000, 677000, 679000, 716000 and 740000

898100 676000

898200 662000, 675000, 677000 and 679000

898300: 716000 and 740000

899000: 111100, 111200, 132000, 213000, 214000, 215000, 216000, 217000, 222100, 233300, 234300, *20*00, *30*00, *50*00, *55000; *90*00, *00100*), *00200*), *00300*), *00700*), 623000, 674100 and 674300

899500: 674011, 674021, 674111, 674311, 674321

900100*) 010000, 020000

980100*) 517500, 517900, 543000, 674200 and 678000

*) BKA-internal key number.

¹² BKA internal key number

8 Crime recorded for cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants

T11-1

City	Population 01.01.2011	Area in sq km	Total offenses		Change		Offense rate per 100,000 inhabitants	
			2011	2010	absolut	in %	2011	2010
Aachen	258,664	161	31,576	27,117	4,459	16.4	12,207	10,495
Augsburg	264,708	147	22,800	24,751	-1,951	-7.9	8,613	9,388
Bergisch Gladbach	105,723	83	6,746	6,808	-62	-0.9	6,381	6,441
Berlin	3,460,725	888	494,385	475,022	19,363	4.1	14,286	13,798
Bielefeld	323,270	258	27,592	27,892	-300	-1.1	8,535	8,633
Bochum	374,737	146	37,361	37,243	118	0.3	9,970	9,897
Bonn	324,899	141	36,656	35,347	1,309	3.7	11,282	11,051
Bottrop	116,771	101	9,485	9,238	247	2.7	8,123	7,879
Braunschweig	248,867	192	24,793	24,600	193	0.8	9,962	9,943
Bremen	547,340	325	77,264	73,803	3,461	4.7	14,116	13,475
Bremerhaven	113,366	94	15,633	15,175	458	3.0	13,790	13,308
Chemnitz	243,248	221	21,415	21,682	-267	-1.2	8,804	8,919
Cottbus	102,091	164	9,482	9,625	-143	-1.5	9,288	9,467
Darmstadt	144,402	122	12,516	12,285	231	1.9	8,667	8,571
Dortmund	580,444	281	80,086	73,128	6,958	9.5	13,797	12,580
Dresden	523,058	328	53,259	47,403	5,856	12.4	10,182	9,168
Duisburg	489,559	233	55,659	50,541	5,118	10.1	11,369	10,274
Düsseldorf	588,735	217	89,078	80,784	8,294	10.3	15,130	13,781
Erfurt	204,994	269	20,050	21,628	-1,578	-7.3	9,781	10,611
Erlangen	105,629	77	7,139	6,908	231	3.3	6,759	6,545
Essen	574,635	210	57,483	54,295	3,188	5.9	10,003	9,422
Frankfurt a.M.	679,664	248	109,678	107,356	2,322	2.2	16,137	15,977
Freiburg i. Br.	224,191	153	26,806	25,757	1,049	4.1	11,957	11,606
Fürth	114,628	63	6,256	6,767	-511	-7.6	5,458	5,934
Gelsenkirchen	257,981	105	26,579	24,327	2,252	9.3	10,303	9,366
Göttingen	121,060	117	13,778	14,357	-579	-4.0	11,381	11,821
Hagen	188,529	160	16,957	16,264	693	4.3	8,994	8,555
Halle (Saale)	232,963	135	26,225	27,301	-1,076	-3.9	11,257	11,751
Hamburg	1,786,448	755	228,874	224,775	4,099	1.8	12,812	12,669
Hamm	181,783	226	15,561	15,828	-267	-1.7	8,560	8,709
Hannover	522,686	204	69,533	76,335	-6,802	-8.9	13,303	14,653
Heidelberg	147,312	109	12,617	12,615	2	0.0	8,565	8,613
Heilbronn	122,879	100	9,407	9,323	84	0.9	7,655	7,616
Heme	164,762	51	14,119	13,680	439	3.2	8,569	8,259
Hildesheim	102,794	92	10,811	9,865	946	9.6	10,517	9,587
Ingolstadt	125,088	133	8,825	9,194	-369	-4.0	7,055	7,391
Jena	105,129	114	7,339	7,949	-610	-7.7	6,981	7,610
Karlsruhe	294,761	173	27,386	26,317	1,069	4.1	9,291	9,014
Kassel	195,530	107	21,423	21,984	-561	-2.6	10,956	11,287
Kiel	239,526	119	26,341	28,851	-2,510	-8.7	10,997	12,108
Koblenz	106,417	105	12,660	13,045	-385	-3.0	11,897	12,255
Köln	1,007,119	405	149,440	136,679	12,761	9.3	14,838	13,694
Krefeld	235,076	138	25,788	24,557	1,231	5.0	10,970	10,431
Leipzig	522,883	297	64,728	60,534	4,194	6.9	12,379	11,667
Leverkusen	160,772	79	13,180	12,600	580	4.6	8,198	7,846
Lübeck	210,232	214	26,238	26,513	-275	-1.0	12,480	12,636
Ludwigshafen	164,351	78	18,251	17,654	597	3.4	11,105	10,808
Magdeburg	231,525	201	28,453	29,111	-658	-2.3	12,289	12,632

T11-1

City	Population 01.01.2011	Area in sq km	Total offenses		Change		Offense rate per 100,000 inhabitants	
			2011	2010	absolut	in %	2011	2010
Mainz	199,237	98	19,606	20,938	-1,332	-6.4	9,841	10,587
Mannheim	313,174	145	30,298	29,192	1,106	3.8	9,674	9,357
Moers	105,506	68	8,442	8,864	-422	-4.8	8,001	8,368
Mönchengladbach	257,993	170	24,660	24,086	574	2.4	9,558	9,327
Mülheim a.d. Ruhr	167,344	91	13,647	12,260	1,387	11.3	8,155	7,321
München	1,353,186	311	102,358	102,229	129	0.1	7,564	7,684
Münster	279,803	303	28,981	28,632	349	1.2	10,358	10,391
Neuss	151,388	100	14,325	13,692	633	4.6	9,462	9,051
Nürnberg	505,664	186	43,859	42,401	1,458	3.4	8,674	8,418
Oberhausen	212,945	77	20,299	21,280	-981	-4.6	9,533	9,943
Offenbach	120,435	45	13,807	14,363	-556	-3.9	11,464	12,093
Oldenburg	162,173	103	15,283	17,175	-1,892	-11.0	9,424	10,646
Osnabrück	164,119	120	17,426	18,270	-844	-4.6	10,618	11,173
Paderborn	146,283	180	11,953	12,745	-792	-6.2	8,171	8,770
Pforzheim	119,781	98	9,398	9,147	251	2.7	7,846	7,636
Potsdam	156,906	188	15,771	16,548	-777	-4.7	10,051	10,703
Recklinghausen	118,365	66	12,296	11,314	982	8.7	10,388	9,504
Regensburg	135,520	81	13,245	12,560	685	5.5	9,773	9,358
Remscheid	110,563	75	7,705	7,107	598	8.4	6,969	6,378
Reutlingen	112,484	87	7,231	6,890	341	4.9	6,428	6,145
Rostock	202,735	181	21,444	22,186	-742	-3.3	10,577	11,014
Saarbrücken	175,741	167	22,432	22,820	-388	-1.7	12,764	12,980
Salzgitter	102,394	224	6,815	6,648	167	2.5	6,656	6,427
Siegen	103,424	115	8,797	9,742	-945	-9.7	8,506	9,369
Solingen	159,927	90	12,334	11,783	551	4.7	7,712	7,319
Stuttgart	606,588	207	58,231	58,352	-121	-0.2	9,600	9,699
Trier	105,260	117	11,610	12,458	-848	-6.8	11,030	11,912
Ulm	122,801	119	10,244	9,698	546	5.6	8,342	7,944
Wiesbaden	275,976	204	24,469	24,428	41	0.2	8,866	8,803
Wolfsburg	121,451	204	8,696	9,375	-679	-7.2	7,160	7,741
Wuppertal	349,721	168	32,118	32,161	-43	-0.1	9,184	9,161
Würzburg	133,799	88	11,312	11,202	110	1.0	8,454	8,410

Note:

When comparisons are made, special attention should be paid to the fact that the extent to which crime is reported and the offense structure can differ from city to city, that population structure and perpetrator mobility vary and that, when offense rates are calculated, they take only registered inhabitants are taken into account, but **not** commuters, tourists, foreign travelers in transit, members of the foreign armed forces stationed in Germany and other unregistered persons. Figures of all those groups can differ considerably from city to city.

Another important factor that can distort the statistics is created by complex criminal investigations that include numerous individual cases.

Robbery recorded for cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants (210000)*T 116*

City	Recorded cases total	Offense rate per 100,000 inhabitants						City	Recorded cases total	Offense rate per 100,000 inhabitants					
		2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006			2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Aachen	396	153	153	142	158	131	141	Koblenz	122	115	87	64	74	92	69
Augsburg	119	45	57	55	58	56	50	Köln	1,743	173	163	184	178	193	180
Bergisch Gladbach	53	50	44	61	54	82	76	Krefeld	253	108	91	102	113	86	95
Berlin	6,108	176	174	183	189	236	234	Leipzig	644	123	111	115	107	116	99
Bielefeld	299	92	97	82	78	68	86	Leverkusen	139	86	114	98	80	78	86
Bochum	330	88	116	90	94	89	89	Lübeck	269	128	110	129	106	105	125
Bonn	549	169	151	132	132	140	128	Ludwigshafen am Rhein	150	91	85	110	85	86	88
Botrop	98	84	71	75	75	84	91	Magdeburg	255	110	108	160	140	140	169
Braunschweig	183	74	70	81	65	89	67	Mainz	126	63	72	73	59	83	87
Bremen	1,010	185	181	177	203	215	258	Mannheim	252	80	71	68	67	69	72
Bremerhaven	308	272	243	238	212	224	225	Moers	99	94	114	85	92	118	133
Chemnitz	147	60	53	55	79	74	88	Mönchengladbach	273	106	104	105	97	110	101
Cottbus	106	104	90	68	120	116	97	Mülheim an der Ruhr	101	60	82	78	84	85	58
Darmstadt	158	109	75	111	110	80	95	München	581	43	41	42	45	51	62
Dortmund	959	165	194	137	138	126	135	Münster	276	99	92	92	80	70	66
Dresden	294	56	56	67	69	73	63	Neuss	114	75	85	79	77	77	86
Duisburg	563	115	100	106	117	126	150	Nürnberg	308	61	57	58	51	52	62
Düsseldorf	853	145	154	155	156	165	168	Oberhausen	234	110	108	79	88	139	117
Erfurt	157	77	98	89	120	118	118	Offenbach am Main	222	184	157	137	162	132	175
Erlangen	14	13	27	24	22	26	23	Oldenburg (Oldenburg)	153	94	94	112	80	99	101
Essen	619	108	95	108	104	109	122	Osnabrück	236	144	125	108	103	116	148
Frankfurt am Main	1,101	162	145	159	140	169	159	Paderborn	96	66	70	78	77	60	70
Freiburg im Breisgau	158	70	71	76	72	71	65	Pforzheim	89	74	73	67	42	65	39
Fürth	46	40	36	30	42	47	35	Potsdam	87	55	69	67	86	97	109
Gelsenkirchen	380	147	148	174	153	125	121	Recklinghausen	134	113	97	122	110	127	121
Göttingen	91	75	90	82	85	126	75	Regensburg	68	50	55	53	36	56	55
Hagen	209	111	94	112	108	109	105	Remscheid	47	43	46	50	39	38	42
Halle (Saale)	278	119	104	148	166	201	229	Reutlingen	43	38	34	44	43	38	36
Hamburg	2,725	153	149	168	170	176	193	Rostock	244	120	108	133	165	164	176
Hamm	144	79	72	81	86	82	76	Saarbrücken	183	104	131	134	137	120	145
Hannover	633	121	133	149	128	145	158	Salzgitter	57	56	49	60	69	54	57
Heidelberg	64	43	50	36	36	39	41	Siegen	55	53	63	60	54	56	70
Heilbronn	79	64	62	70	71	57	58	Solingen	100	63	63	56	81	74	48
Herne	150	91	93	97	82	89	122	Stuttgart	611	101	78	76	86	88	69
Hildesheim	117	114	135	120	142	112	103	Trier	71	67	67	61	64	63	69
Ingolstadt	47	38	36	49	50	47	45	Ulm	104	85	73	58	67	58	47
Jena	22	21	41	31	38	42	35	Wiesbaden	261	95	134	105	109	103	104
Karlsruhe	168	57	61	67	60	58	60	Wolfsburg	83	68	79	66	83	119	73
Kassel	242	124	128	153	145	142	124	Wuppertal	377	108	90	107	97	101	84
Kiel	418	175	195	167	176	165	143	Würzburg	50	37	39	31	30	42	48

Theft by burglary in a dwelling recorded for cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants (435*00)
T 148

City	recorded cases total	offense rate per 1000,000 inhabitants				City	recorded cases total	offense rate per 1000,000 inhabitants			
		2011	2010	2009	2008			2011	2010	2009	2008
Aachen	935	361	281	359	375	Koblenz	169	159	170	183	201
Augsburg	171	65	44	37	52	Köln	5,084	505	448	378	334
Bergisch Gladbach	353	334	316	220	309	Krefeld	964	410	300	292	237
Berlin	11,006	318	253	263	241	Leipzig	1,429	273	272	225	176
Bielefeld	741	229	154	138	118	Leverkusen	576	358	327	223	230
Bochum	1,141	304	306	280	275	Lübeck	606	288	300	205	194
Bonn	1,404	432	425	417	312	Ludwigshafen	228	139	134	145	128
Bottrop	366	313	276	375	396	Magdeburg	341	147	115	157	145
Braunschweig	325	131	185	146	133	Mainz	340	171	198	179	117
Bremen	2,772	506	413	531	438	Mannheim	604	193	209	127	145
Bremerhaven	653	576	538	431	414	Moers	370	351	310	233	212
Chemnitz	157	65	54	44	39	Mönchengladbach	853	331	305	201	173
Cottbus	66	65	65	114	98	Mülheim a. d. Ruhr	548	327	367	465	310
Darmstadt	208	144	120	123	104	München	871	64	60	72	88
Dortmund	2,342	403	357	330	338	Münster	483	173	154	184	179
Dresden	348	67	60	48	60	Neuss	560	370	355	248	207
Duisburg	1,656	338	375	311	286	Nürnberg	570	113	64	63	74
Düsseldorf	3,350	569	449	386	336	Oberhausen	858	403	322	339	251
Erfurt	200	98	57	80	79	Offenbach	371	308	341	166	215
Erlangen	47	44	46	34	33	Oldenburg	270	166	133	158	170
Essen	1,866	325	312	366	298	Osnabrück	291	177	199	148	143
Frankfurt a. M.	2,386	351	313	261	203	Paderborn	147	100	120	119	108
Freiburg i. Br.	293	131	160	259	187	Pforzheim	106	88	94	128	101
Fürth	101	88	49	53	72	Potsdam	197	126	128	128	107
Gelsenkirchen	767	297	288	307	278	Recklinghausen	695	587	349	267	261
Göttingen	224	185	138	114	132	Regensburg	165	122	95	74	92
Hagen	644	342	279	171	182	Remscheid	237	214	178	124	147
Halle (Saale)	404	173	132	142	142	Reutlingen	77	68	51	40	53
Hamburg	6,482	363	425	395	385	Rostock	158	78	74	83	107
Hamm	369	203	188	174	170	Saarbrücken	561	319	316	290	296
Hannover	1,036	198	265	262	224	Salzgitter	100	98	108	106	94
Heidelberg	143	97	88	97	92	Siegen	130	126	108	125	133
Heilbronn	61	50	40	45	58	Solingen	395	247	252	161	128
Heme	426	259	286	283	284	Stuttgart	933	154	131	107	97
Hildesheim	261	254	168	208	160	Trier	142	135	178	181	180
Ingolstadt	89	71	69	93	138	Ulm	88	72	66	56	60
Jena	36	34	34	32	33	Wiesbaden	635	230	213	156	188
Karlsruhe	361	122	152	158	105	Wolfsburg	115	95	166	93	107
Kassel	715	366	189	196	158	Wuppertal	928	265	231	240	212
Kiel	740	309	305	297	297	Würzburg	82	61	38	43	59

9 Victims

In the PCS, information about victims is only recorded for certain offenses or offense categories. The following table provides an overview of the age and sex structure of the victims of the respective offenses or offense categories.

Victim classification by age and sex

T17

Key no.	Offense (categories)		Victims total (100 %)	Sex		Age				
				Male	Female	Child- ren	Juve- niles	Young adults	Adults	
						< 14	14<18	18<21	21<60	> 60
						in %				
010000 +020000	murder an manslaughter	completed	662	52.7	47.3	9.5	3.6	4.1	59.4	23.4
		attempted	1,887	71.1	28.9	3.8	4.4	7.5	74.7	9.5
		total	2,549	66.3	33.7	5.3	4.2	6.6	70.7	13.1
110000	offenses against sexual self- determination with use of violence or exploiting a state of dependence	completed	11,965	7.8	92.2	4.5	27.5	15.7	50.7	1.6
		attempted	2,317	5.0	95.0	3.6	20.7	16.4	57.1	2.2
		total	14,282	7.4	92.6	4.3	26.4	15.8	51.7	1.7
210000	robbery, extortion accompanied by violance, and assault on motorists with intent to rob	completed	43,391	66.9	33.1	4.1	12.2	12.0	61.6	10.1
		attempted	11,121	66.1	33.9	7.4	13.1	10.5	57.4	11.5
		total	54,512	66.8	33.2	4.8	12.4	11.7	60.7	10.4
220000	bodily injury	completed	569,424	63.2	36.8	7.2	10.9	13.0	64.3	4.6
		attempted	38,356	72.4	27.6	4.3	6.2	7.8	76.1	5.7
		total	607,780	63.8	36.2	7.0	10.6	12.7	65.0	4.7
230000	offenses against personal freedom	completed	210,099	51.9	48.1	4.1	6.3	7.8	74.0	7.7
		attempted	6,138	50.0	50.0	6.6	8.3	8.3	67.8	9.0
		total	216,237	51.8	48.2	4.2	6.4	7.8	73.9	7.8

Clear sex-related and age-related differences among the victims can be identified:

- Those recorded as victims of robbery, bodily injury, murder, manslaughter, and offenses against personal freedom were usually male.
- In the case of homicide, offenses against personal freedom and bodily injury, most of the victims were adults between the ages of 21 and 60.
- There was above-average representation of juveniles (from 14 to under 18 years of age) in the sexual offenses category, and also in the case of robberies.
- Relatively few persons 60 years of age or older were recorded as victims, with the exception of completed murder and manslaughter cases (the absolute number is small, however) and cases of robbery (usually handbag robbery).

In 2011 a **decrease** was registered in the respective offense categories especially in:

offenses against sexual self-determination	=	-	9.5	2010	15,781	victims
completed murder and manslaughter	=	-	4.1 %	2010	690	victims
offenses against personal freedom	=	-	2.5 %	2010	221,858	victims

Endangerment of victims – overview (victims per 100,000 inhabitants in each age group)

T18

Key no.	Offense (categories)		Victims total (100 %)	Age				
				Child- ren	Juve- niles	Young adults	Adults	
				< 14	14<18	18<21	21<60	> 60
010000 +020000	murder and manslaughter	completed	0.8	0.6	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.7
		attempted	2.3	0.7	2.6	5.2	3.2	0.8
		total	3.1	1.3	3.3	6.2	4.1	1.6
110000	offenses against sexual self-determination with use of violence or exploiting a state of dependence	completed	14.6	5.3	102.6	69.0	13.7	0.9
		attempted	2.8	0.8	14.9	14.0	3.0	0.2
		total	17.5	6.1	117.6	82.9	16.7	1.1
210000	robbery, extortion accompanied by violence, and assault on motorists with intent to rob	completed	53.1	17.5	165.6	191.0	60.4	20.4
		attempted	13.6	8.1	45.6	42.7	14.5	6.0
		total	66.7	25.7	211.2	233.7	74.9	26.4
220000	bodily injury	completed	696.5	403.4	1940.0	2712.3	828.2	122.8
		attempted	46.9	16.1	73.9	109.8	66.0	10.1
		total	743.4	419.5	2013.9	2822.0	894.3	133.0
230000	offenses against personal freedom	completed	257.0	86.0	413.6	599.5	352.0	75.5
		attempted	7.5	4.0	15.9	18.6	9.4	2.6
		total	264.5	90.0	429.5	618.0	361.4	78.1

Victim-suspect-relationship (totals)¹³

T19

Key no.	Offense (categories)		Victims total (100 %)	Victim-suspect-relationship (totals)					
				Related *)	Acquaint- ed	Fellow country- man **)	passing no Relationship	unclear	
				in %					
010000 +020000	murder and manslaughter	completed	662	44.9	21.1	2.0	8.6	13.9	9.5
		attempted	1887	25.5	22.2	2.9	11.1	27.2	11.1
		total	2549	30.6	21.9	2.6	10.4	23.7	10.7
110000	offenses against sexual self-determination with use of violence or exploiting a state of dependence	completed	11965	24.4	34.8	0.3	15.3	18.3	6.9
		attempted	2317	16.6	22.7	0.6	12.6	36.8	10.7
		total	14282	23.1	32.8	0.4	14.9	21.3	7.5
210000	robbery, extortion accompanied by violence, and assault on motorists with intent to rob	completed	43391	2.2	7.6	0.3	7.4	63.3	19.3
		attempted	11121	2.9	8.9	0.5	8.7	61.5	17.5
		total	54512	2.3	7.8	0.3	7.7	62.9	18.9
220000	bodily injury	completed	569424	22.2	19.1	0.7	11.4	35.7	10.8
		attempted	38356	14.5	14.8	0.6	10.5	49.1	10.5
		total	607780	21.7	18.8	0.7	11.4	36.5	10.8
230000	offenses against personal freedom	completed	210099	22.3	21.1	0.8	13.3	30.8	11.8
		attempted	6138	14.9	21.2	0.8	14.3	36.5	12.3
		total	216237	22.0	21.1	0.8	13.3	30.9	11.8

*) All relatives in accordance with Section 11 (1) No. 1 of the German Penal Code (therefore includes in-laws, fiancés, divorced partners, foster parents and foster children).

**) Only foreigners of the same nationality (no relatives or acquaintances).

In completed murder and manslaughter cases, two of three offenses involved relatives or close acquaintances (66.0 %, 2010: 66.1 %). 23.4 % (2010: 25.2 %) of the victims of murder or manslaughter had no previous relations with the suspect, or these remained unclear. More than every second offense against sexual self-determination that included the use of violence or exploiting a state of dependence was committed by relatives or close acquaintances; 28.8 % of the victims had no previous relations with the suspect, or these remained unclear. Overall, robberies accounted for the largest share of offenses where no previous relationship was involved (more than three fifth), with the previous relationship remaining unclear in almost one fifth of these cases. On the other hand, in the case of robberies committed in residences, relatives and acquaintance were established as suspects with regard to one of every three victims.

¹³ The closest relationship always has priority.

10 Recording of losses for individual offenses or for offense categories

T22

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Completed cases *)	Percentage of the loss cases with				Amount of loss in millions of euros
			under 50 Euros	50 < 500	500 < 5.000	> 5.000	
-----	total offenses	3,184,539	31.5	43.5	20.6	4.5	7,967.5
210000	robberies,	38,185	27.9	48.2	20.8	3.2	50.1
	including:						
211000	to the prejudice of financial institutions and post	205	5.4	7.8	21.0	65.9	5.7
212000	to the prejudice of other cash points and businesses	3,712	5.4	30.1	54.1	10.4	13.8
213000	to the prejudice of cash and valuables transports	98	2.0	9.2	27.6	61.2	1.4
214000	assault on motorists with intent to rob (Sect. 316a	244	20.5	61.1	12.3	6.1	0.4
216000	handbag robbery	2,767	16.4	64.4	18.5	0.7	1.1
217000	other robberies in streets, lanes or public places (excluding handbag robbery)	16,187	26.4	55.5	17.1	1.0	8.5
219000	robberies in residences	2,349	20.1	45.0	28.3	6.6	8.0
3**00	theft without aggravating circumstances,	1,260,014	36.9	48.2	13.7	1.2	552.7
326*00	shoplifting	362,346	75.5	22.1	2.3	0.1	26.0
4**00	theft committed under aggravating circumstances,	876,601	11.1	47.5	34.1	7.3	1,690.4
4**100	of motor vehicles	24,492	3.1	2.8	22.8	71.4	404.5
410*00	in/from office, manufacturing, workshop and storage premises	67,684	13.6	30.9	42.3	13.1	229.2
425*00	in/from department stores, salesrooms, self-service stores	37,698	18.1	42.2	31.0	8.8	74.5
435*00	theft by burglary of a dwelling (Sect. 244 (1) no. 3 PC)	81,493	10.5	20.4	47.3	21.8	369.5
450*00	from motor vehicles	165,985	10.2	52.9	34.5	2.5	149.8
510000	fraud,	853,222	45.3	33.7	16.4	4.7	2,371.6
515000	fraudulent obtaining of services	246,428	90.0	9.8	0.2	0.0	5.9
520000	breaches of trust	29,265	13.8	17.1	42.0	27.2	1,173.2
530000	embezzlement	105,156	25.1	46.8	20.2	8.0	290.8
560000	bankruptcy offenses	3,991	61.8	0.8	6.7	30.7	293.1
712000	offenses under the Stock Corporation Act, Cooperatives Act, Limited Liability Company Act,	7,783	43.9	1.1	7.1	48.0	1,365.7

*) Losses are recorded only for completed offenses

Based on the amount of loss, the individual cases are combined to form case groups. In 2011 three quarter of the less serious shoplifting cases (75.5 %) on record involved losses of less than 50 euros, and the same applied to many of the property offenses (especially fraudulent obtaining of services: 90.0 %). The large total losses resulting from fraud are due, among other things, to several extensive criminal investigations that involve numerous individual cases and large losses. If no figures for losses were available, a symbolic loss of 1 euro was recorded. This explains the large share of losses classified in the under-50 euros category, for example in the case of bankruptcy offenses or offenses under the Stock Corporation Act, the Trade and Industrial Cooperatives Act, the Limited Liability Company Act, the Commercial Code or the Accounting Act.

The total recorded losses from theft amounted to approximately 2.0 billion euros.

11 Suspects

3,276,153 cases were cleared up in 2011, and 2,112,843 suspects were recorded in the Police Crime Statistics.

Age and sex of suspects

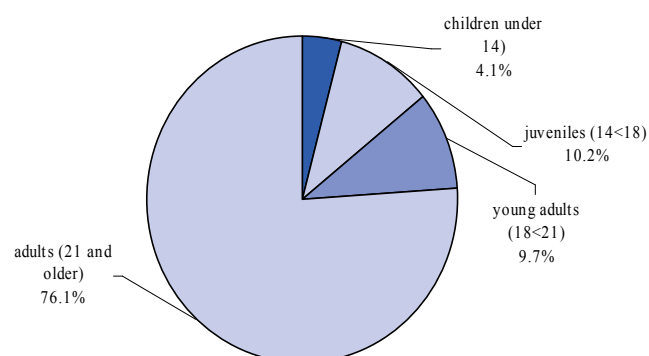
T 32

Age group	Suspects						
	Total	Change compared with prev. Year (in %)	Distribution %	male		female	
				number	in %	number	in %
Suspects - total	2,112,843	-1.9	100.0	1,574,799	74.5	538,044	25.5
Suspects, excluding children, who cannot be held responsible under criminal law	2,027,243	-1.6	95.9	1,514,154	74.7	513,089	25.3
Children	85,600	-6.9	4.1	60,645	70.8	24,955	29.2
up to age 6	1,230	19.5	0.1	803	65.3	427	34.7
6 < 8	3,311	0.9	0.2	2,607	78.7	704	21.3
8 < 10	8,842	-5.7	0.4	7,070	80.0	1,772	20.0
10 < 12	20,757	-5.8	1.0	15,850	76.4	4,907	23.6
12 < 14	51,460	-8.5	2.4	34,315	66.7	17,145	33.3
Juveniles	214,736	-7.3	10.2	149,092	69.4	65,644	30.6
14 < 16	99,524	-5.6	4.7	64,598	64.9	34,926	35.1
16 < 18	115,212	-8.6	5.5	84,494	73.3	30,718	26.7
Young adults (18 < 21)	204,491	-5.7	9.7	157,579	77.1	46,912	22.9
adults	1,608,016	-0.3	76.1	1,207,483	75.1	400,533	24.9
21 < 23	258,008	-0.6	12.2	198,852	77.1	59,156	22.9
23 < 25	385,006	-0.3	18.2	292,871	76.1	92,135	23.9
25 < 30	348,380	-1.3	16.5	259,476	74.5	88,904	25.5
30 < 40	204,994	1.1	9.7	149,113	72.7	55,881	27.3
40 < 50	152,569	1.1	7.2	107,434	70.4	45,135	29.6
50 < 60	1,608,016	-0.3	76.1	1,207,483	75.1	400,533	24.9
60 and older	2,027,243	-1.6	95.9	1,514,154	74.7	513,089	25.3

Suspects by age group in relation of total offenses

Note:

Children who cannot be held responsible under criminal law due to their age and mentally ill persons who also cannot be held responsible under criminal law are included as suspects because the judiciary, and not the police, must decide on the question of guilt. This recording practice is also due to the statistics-keeping system, because it is not possible to exclude the offenses committed by this group of persons from the case statistics.



Developments regarding juvenile suspects in individual fields of crime

T 37

Schlüssel	Straftaten(gruppen)	german juveniles		change		non-german juveniles		change	
		2011	2010	number	%	2011	2010	number	%
----	total offenses	175,002	189,907	-14,905	-7.8	39,734	41,636	-1,902	-4.6
220000	bodily injury	41,706	45,967	-4,261	-9.3	10,318	11,017	-699	-6.3
232300	threats (sect. 241 PC)	6,182	6,643	-461	-6.9	1,245	1,367	-122	-8.9
4***00	"aggravated" theft	16,174	17,730	-1,556	-8.8	3,883	3,972	-89	-2.2
*26*00	shoplifting - total	42,754	46,489	-3,735	-8.0	9,499	10,537	-1,038	-9.9
673000	insulting	12,096	12,189	-93	-0.8	2,180	2,046	134	6.5
674000	damage to property	29,669	32,956	-3,287	-10.0	3,351	3,450	-99	-2.9
730000	drug offenses	14,587	14,696	-109	-0.7	2,098	2,148	-50	-2.3
731800	-involving cannabis and preparations thereof	12,811	13,057	-246	-1.9	1,928	1,982	-54	-2.7
+732800									
+733800									

Compared to 2010, the number of German suspects in the "juveniles" category decreased and the number of non-German suspects decreased, too. Despite a decrease, shoplifting and bodily injury account for the largest share of offenses recorded here, followed by property damage.

Number of German suspects per 100,000 inhabitants

It is not possible to calculate realistic figures for non-German suspects, because unregistered foreign nationals who are in Germany legally (such as tourists, business travelers, visitors, cross-border commuters, members of the foreign armed forces stationed in Germany or diplomats), or illegally, are not included in the German population statistics. In addition, even the extrapolated figures for the foreign population registered as residents in Germany are highly unreliable, which was confirmed by the last census.

German suspects – number of suspects per 100,000

T 61

Age group	no. of german inhabitants 01.01.2011*)			no. of german suspects			no of suspects per 100,000**)		
	total	male	female	total	male	female	total	male	female
Suspects 8 years and older	69,321,938	33,760,668	35,561,270	1,624,918	1,202,219	422,699	2,344	3,561	1,189
Suspects excluding children	65,062,921	31,576,017	33,486,904	1,556,275	1,153,620	402,655	2,392	3,653	1,202
Children 8 years and older	4,259,017	2,184,651	2,074,366	68,643	48,599	20,044	1,612	2,225	966
8 < 10	1,376,696	706,336	670,360	7,599	6,130	1,469	552	868	219
10 < 12	1,427,857	732,135	695,722	17,769	13,720	4,049	1,244	1,874	582
12 < 14	1,454,464	746,180	708,284	43,275	28,749	14,526	2,975	3,853	2,051
Juveniles	2,888,583	1,483,150	1,405,433	175,002	120,349	54,653	6,058	8,114	3,889
14 < 16	1,431,472	735,086	696,386	82,332	52,817	29,515	5,752	7,185	4,238
16 < 18	1,457,111	748,064	709,047	92,670	67,532	25,138	6,360	9,028	3,545
Young adults (18 < 21)	2,451,879	1,255,645	1,196,234	162,447	124,902	37,545	6,625	9,947	3,139
Adults	59,722,459	28,837,222	30,885,237	1,218,826	908,369	310,457	2,041	3,150	1,005
21 < 23	1,780,726	911,424	869,302	104,789	80,781	24,008	5,885	8,863	2,762
23 < 25	1,759,018	900,287	858,731	93,183	71,389	21,794	5,297	7,930	2,538
Young persons (21 < 25)	3,539,744	1,811,711	1,728,033	197,972	152,170	45,802	5,593	8,399	2,651
25 < 30	4,252,772	2,171,549	2,081,223	185,519	142,155	43,364	4,362	6,546	2,084
30 < 40	8,252,086	4,196,829	4,055,257	257,553	193,451	64,102	3,121	4,609	1,581
40 < 50	12,442,569	6,322,114	6,120,455	270,310	199,236	71,074	2,172	3,151	1,161
50 < 60	10,834,094	5,417,283	5,416,811	171,727	125,335	46,392	1,585	2,314	856
60 and older	20,401,194	8,917,736	11,483,458	135,745	96,022	39,723	665	1,077	346

*)	Source: German Federal Statistical Office
**)	Suspects in each age group per 100,000 inhabitants in the same age group ("Children" and "total" excluding children under 8; key date: 01.01.2011)

In connection with these statistics, it should be kept in mind that the offenses committed to a large extent by children and juveniles are generally less serious infractions such as shoplifting, theft of two-wheeled vehicles, fraudulent obtaining of services ("fare dodging") and property damage. Statistical developments for these offenses can depend, among other things, on the extent to which crime is reported by victims or witnesses. The frequently episodic character of child and juvenile delinquency should also be taken into account. However, the fact that a minority of young suspects can be expected to pursue a criminal "career" in the future should not be overlooked.

Judged by their share of the overall population, juveniles and young adults account for the highest incidence of crime, while the lowest incidence is among persons over 60 and children under 10 years of age. The incidence of crime is much higher in all age groups of the male population, which is particularly true in the "young adult" and "adult (21-24)" categories. Due to developmental factors, the highest rates are for male suspects from 16 to just under 21 years of age, while the highest rates for young females can be found in the age group from 14 to just under 16 years of age.

However, when interpreting these statistics, it is necessary to keep in mind that the possibilities for detection and clearance probably vary from one age group to the next, and that there is also a demographic effect ascertainable due to long-term decreasing birth rates in Germany.

Suspects from EU-Member States by nationalities

T75

Suspects from	2011		2010		2009		2008		2007	
	number	in %	number	in %	number	in %	number	in %	number	in %
EU-member states without Germany	158,280	100.0	147,454	100.0	137,435	100.0	136,487	100.0	137,633	100.0
<i>thereof:</i>										
Austria	5,460	3.4	5,748	3.9	5,890	4.3	6,265	4.6	6,512	4.7
Belgium	1,908	1.2	1,757	1.2	1,684	1.2	1,804	1.3	1,518	1.1
Bulgaria	10,960	6.9	8,300	5.6	6,372	4.6	4,906	3.6	3,893	2.8
Cyprus	30	0.0	24	0.0	34	0.0	25	0.0	33	0.0
Czech Republic	4,262	2.7	4,608	3.1	4,523	3.3	4,685	3.4	4,734	3.4
Denmark	960	0.6	983	0.7	994	0.7	967	0.7	853	0.6
Estonia	528	0.3	498	0.3	385	0.3	340	0.2	328	0.2
Finland	243	0.2	247	0.2	220	0.2	216	0.2	222	0.2
France	7,638	4.8	7,398	5.0	7,619	5.5	7,500	5.5	7,884	5.7
Greece	8,890	5.6	9,169	6.2	9,173	6.7	9,338	6.8	9,655	7.0
Hungary	3,427	2.2	3,009	2.0	2,685	2.0	2,655	1.9	2,578	1.9
Ireland	486	0.3	458	0.3	481	0.3	402	0.3	329	0.2
Italy	22,722	14.4	23,657	16.0	23,661	17.2	24,113	17.7	24,607	17.9
Latvia	2,410	1.5	2,054	1.4	1,361	1.0	1,025	0.8	927	0.7
Lithuania	3,969	2.5	3,381	2.3	2,833	2.1	3,063	2.2	3,557	2.6
Luxembourg	638	0.4	525	0.4	509	0.4	532	0.4	493	0.4
Malta	18	0.0	28	0.0	13	0.0	17	0.0	33	0.0
Netherlands	6,948	4.4	6,894	4.7	6,904	5.0	6,248	4.6	5,758	4.2
Poland	34,966	22.1	31,771	21.5	30,094	21.9	31,223	22.9	33,291	24.2
Portugal	4,491	2.8	4,347	2.9	4,411	3.2	4,414	3.2	4,362	3.2
Romania	26,438	16.7	21,863	14.8	16,979	12.4	16,000	11.7	15,040	10.9
Slovakia	2,176	1.4	2,062	1.4	2,010	1.5	2,016	1.5	2,270	1.6
Slovenia	944	0.6	877	0.6	857	0.6	960	0.7	914	0.7
Spain	3,580	2.3	3,467	2.4	3,332	2.4	3,322	2.4	3,299	2.4
Sweden	730	0.5	758	0.5	765	0.6	727	0.5	687	0.5
United Kingdom	3,458	2.2	3,571	2.4	3,646	2.7	3,724	2.7	3,856	2.8

Note:

In 2009 the PCS started to count the "real" number of suspects. The number of suspects is therefore not comparable with those in earlier years.

Non-German suspects by nationalities

T 71

Nationality	Total	% - share in relation to non-German suspects							
	2011	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Non-German suspects total number	484,529	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			(471,812)	(462,378)	(471,067)	(490,278)	(503,032)	(519,573)	(546,985)
Turkey	96,895	20.0	21.1	22.2	22.6	22.0	21.4	21.3	21.5
Poland	34,966	7.2	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.8	7.0	7.0	6.7
Romania	26,438	5.5	4.6	3.7	3.4	3.1	3.1	2.7	2.6
Italy	22,722	4.7	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
*) Serbia	21,070	4.3	4.2	4.0	5.0	4.1			
iraq	11,850	2.4	2.6	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.2	2.1	2.1
Russian Federation	11,812	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.2
Bulgaria	10,960	2.3	1.8	1.4	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.3	1.4
Afghanistan	10,193	2.1	1.6	1.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1
*) Kosovo	9,270	1.9	1.8	1.3					
Greece	8,890	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	8,396	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8
France	7,638	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5
Croatia	7,439	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7
Iran	7,139	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6
The Netherlands	6,948	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0
Marocco	6,527	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6
Macedonia	6,224	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.0
Lebanon	6,213	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5
Ukraine	5,986	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.9	2.3
Vietnam	5,884	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7
Austria	5,460	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2
USA	4,513	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1
Portugal	4,491	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9
Czech Republic	4,262	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9
**) other	132,343	27.3	27.5	28.1	28.5	30.2	34.5	35.0	34.7

*) In 2009, as far as the nationalities of the suspects are concerned, the PCS contains 5,053 "old cases" referring to Yugoslavia, 3,271 "old cases" referring to Serbia and Montenegro and 1,827 referring to Montenegro.

**) Including unclarified nationalities and stateless suspects.

Note:

In 2009 the PCS started to count the "real" number of suspects. The number of suspects is therefore not comparable with those in earlier years.

Development regarding non-German suspects

T65

Year	recorded cases total			total offences, excluding offences against the Residence Act, the Asylum Procedures Act, and the Freedom of Movement Act/E.U. (since 2005 key no. 890000)		
	Suspects total	non-German-Suspects		Suspects total	non-German-Suspects	
	(100 %)	absolut	in %	(100 %)	absolut	in %
1993	2,051,775	689,920	33.6	1,849,520	492,919	26.7
1994	2,037,729	612,988	30.1	1,848,087	430,075	23.3
1995	2,118,104	603,496	28.5	1,929,344	422,846	21.9
1996	2,213,293	625,585	28.3	2,019,186	440,904	21.8
1997	2,273,560	633,480	27.9	2,081,304	452,503	21.7
1998	2,319,895	628,477	27.1	2,122,307	441,694	20.8
1999	2,263,140	601,221	26.6	2,073,194	422,871	20.4
2000	2,286,372	589,109	25.8	2,106,900	421,517	20.0
2001	2,280,611	568,384	24.9	2,107,284	405,929	19.3
2002	2,326,149	566,918	24.4	2,163,629	415,526	19.2
2003	2,355,161	553,750	23.5	2,212,424	421,372	19.0
2004	2,384,268	546,985	22.9	2,267,920	438,775	19.3
*) 2005	2,313,136	519,573	22.5	2,238,550	448,544	20.0
2006	2,283,127	503,037	22.0	2,204,819	427,911	19.4
2007	2,294,883	490,278	21.4	2,225,139	423,288	19.0
2008	2,255,693	471,067	20.9	2,196,728	414,347	18.9
**) 2009	2,187,217	462,378	21.1	2,133,703	410,518	19.2
2010	2,152,803	471,812	21.9	2,098,601	419,232	20.0
2011	2,112,843	484,529	22.9	2,054,232	427,259	20.8

- *) until 2004: Calculated manually. For technical reasons (counting of "real" number of suspects, see page 19) the list "excluding offences against the Residence Act, the Asylum Procedures Act, and the Freedom of Movement Act/EU" also did not contain the suspects who - besides offences against the Aliens Act and the Asylum Procedures Act - were at the same time charged with other offences, such as theft. For this reason, the figures are/were too low.
- from 2005: Key 890000 "total offences, excluding offences against the Residence Act, the Asylum Procedures Act and the Freedom of Movement Act/EU (key 725000)". The counting of the "real" number of suspects is considered here.

Note:

In 2009 the PCS started to count the "real" number of suspects. The number of suspects is therefore not comparable with those in earlier years.

12 Annex: Charts

Figure 1

Scheme for finding the number of cases

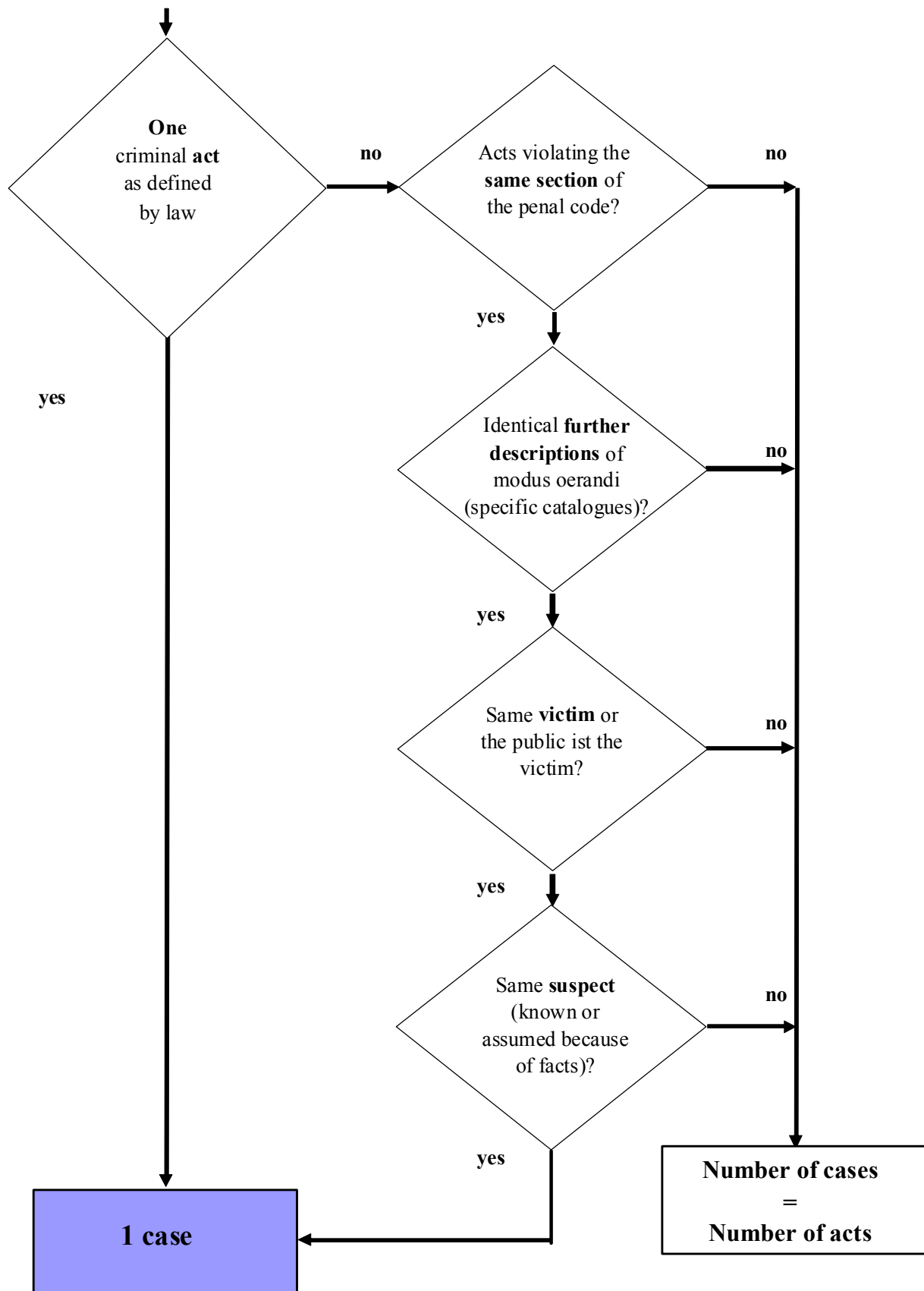


Figure 2

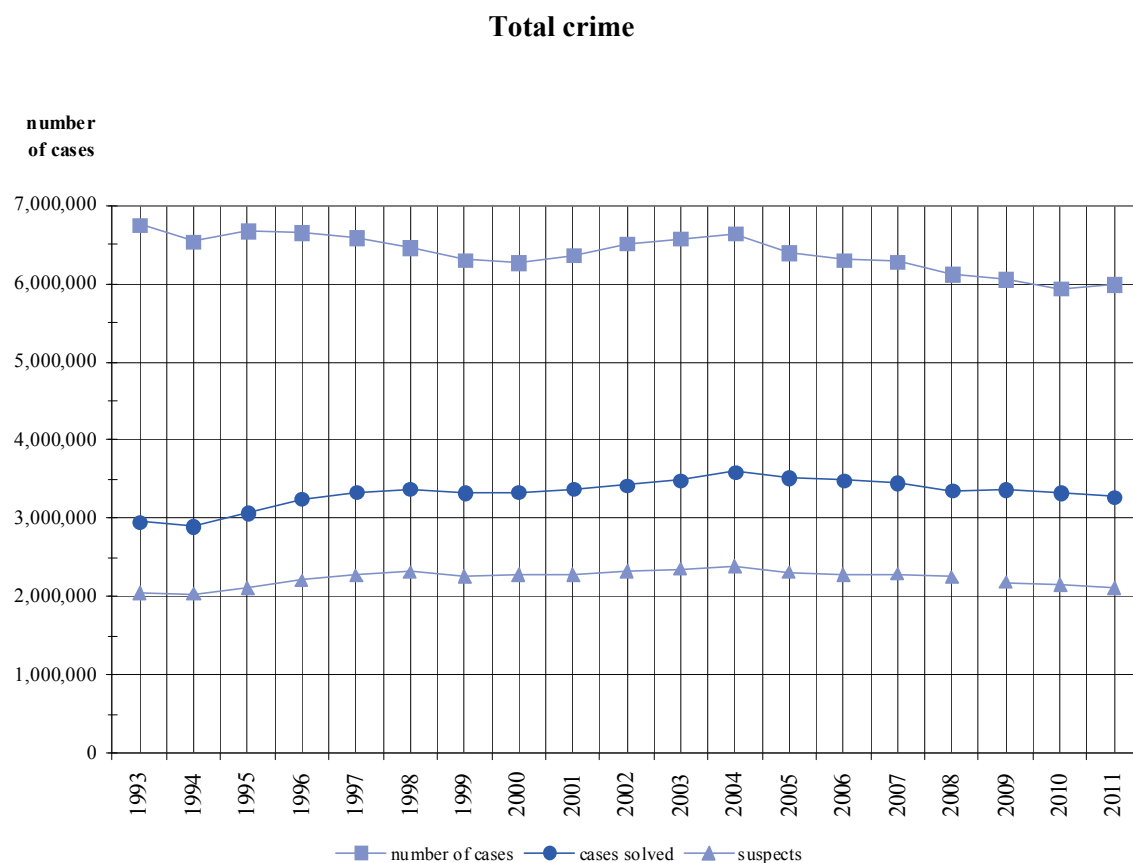


Figure 3

Crime rates in the “Länder” of Germany

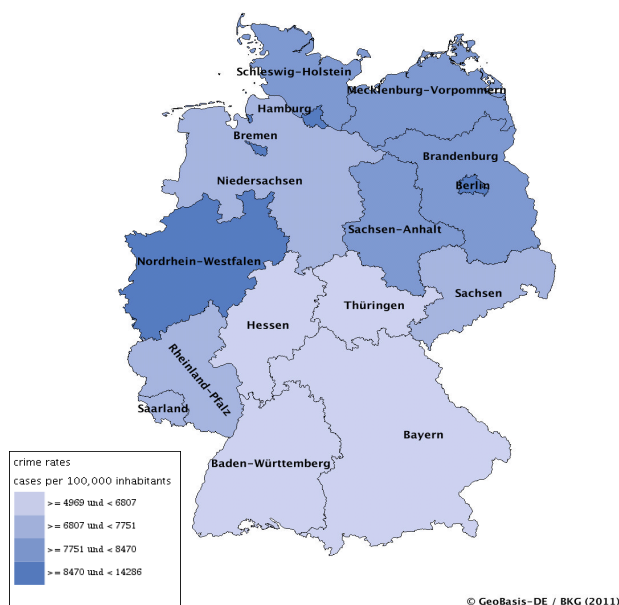


Figure 4

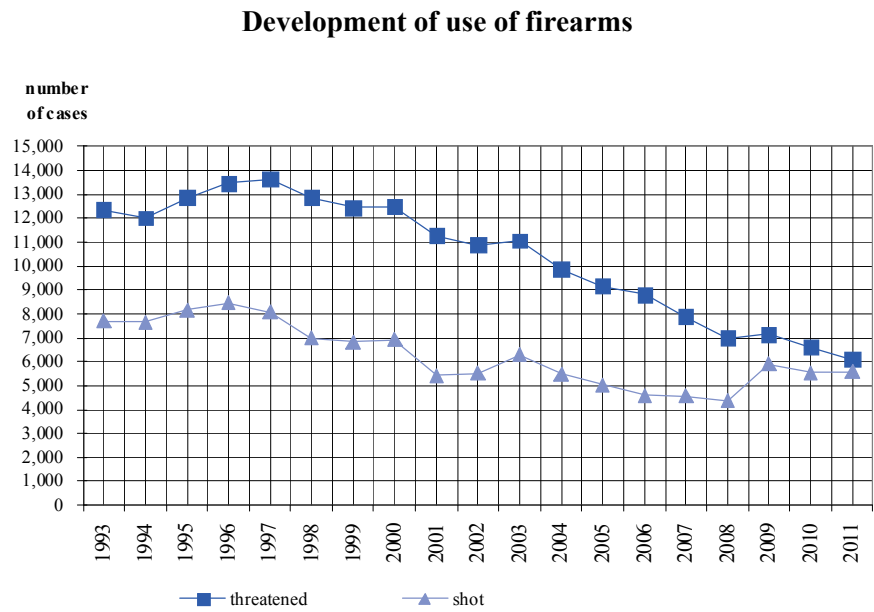


Figure 5

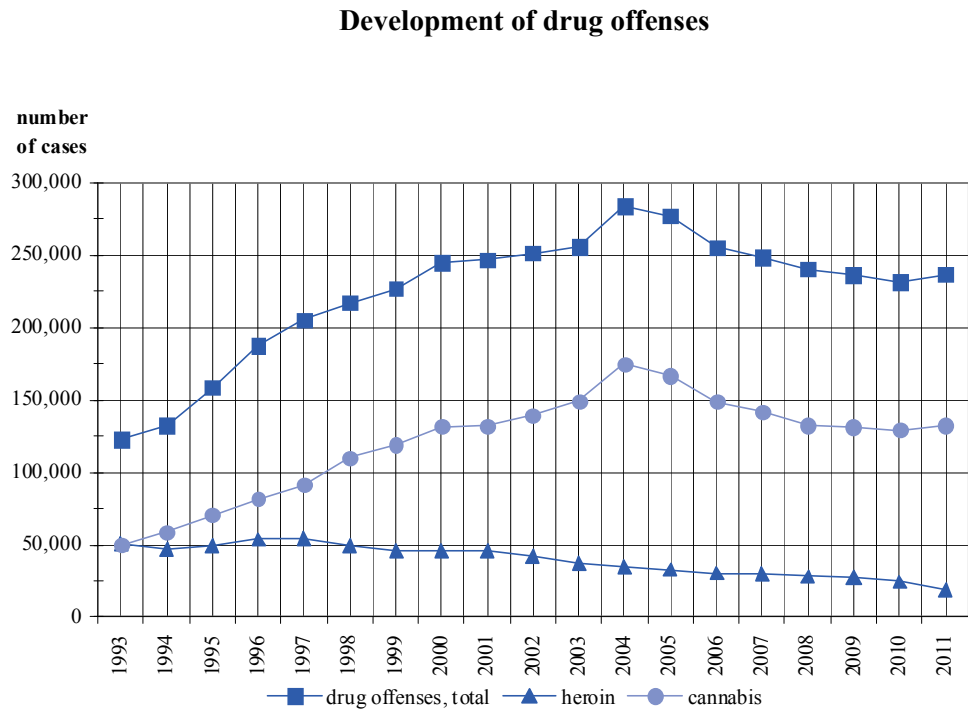


Figure 6

Development of deaths caused by drug abuse

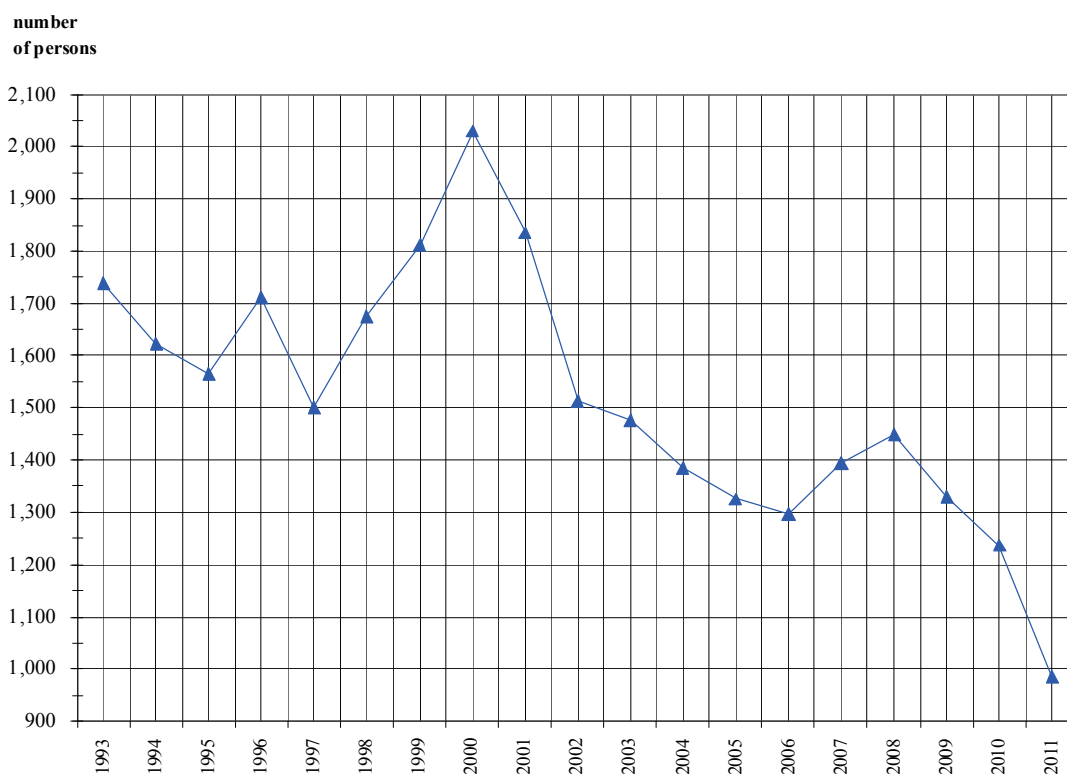


Figure 7

Development of fraud

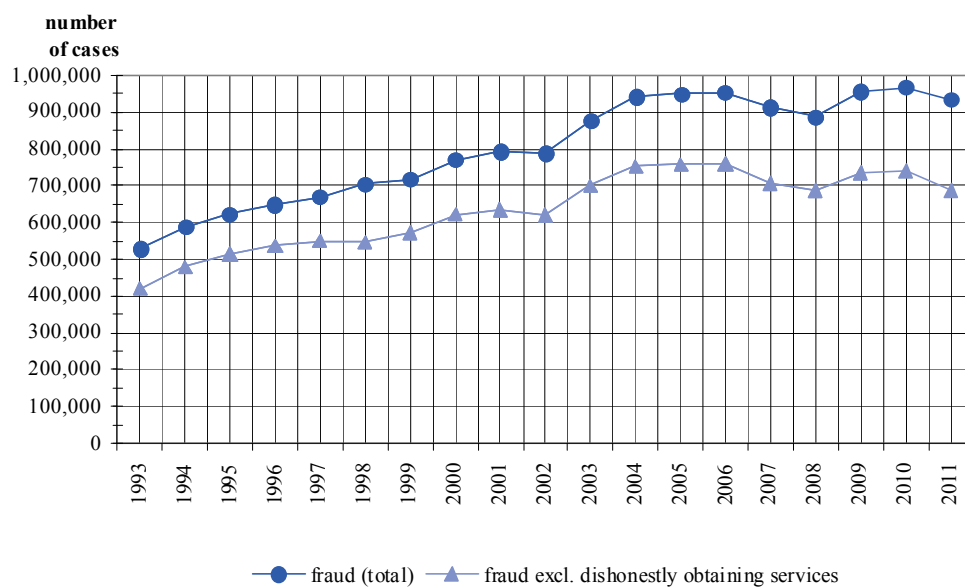


Figure 8

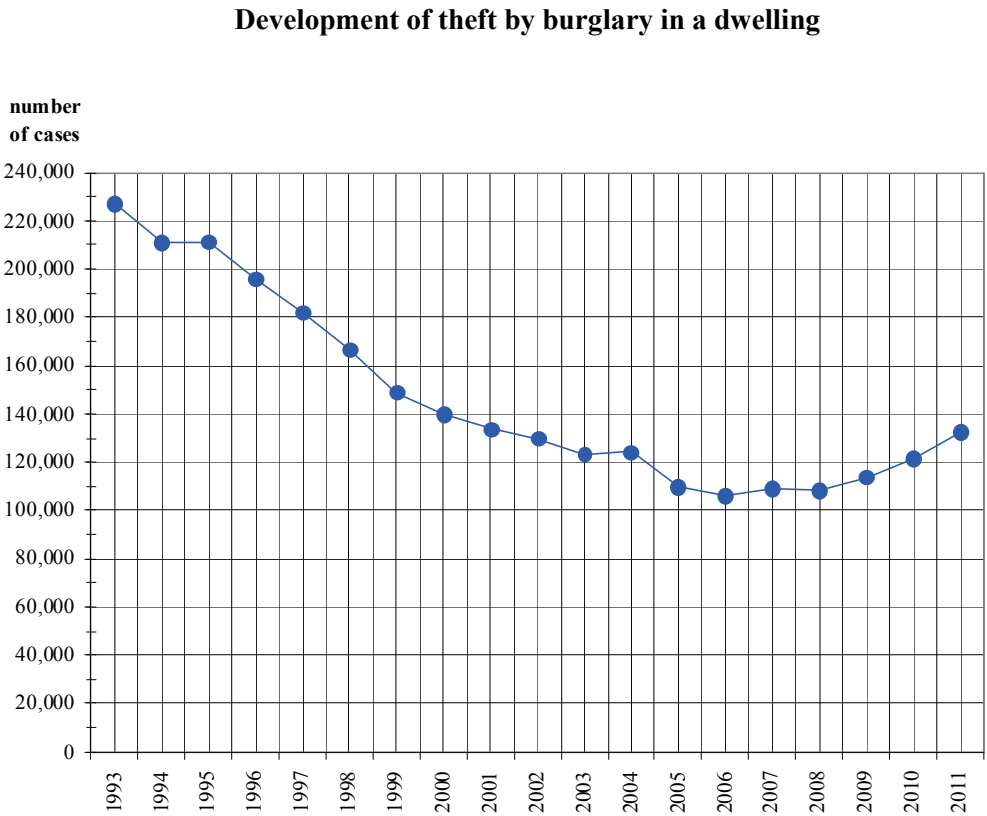


Figure 9

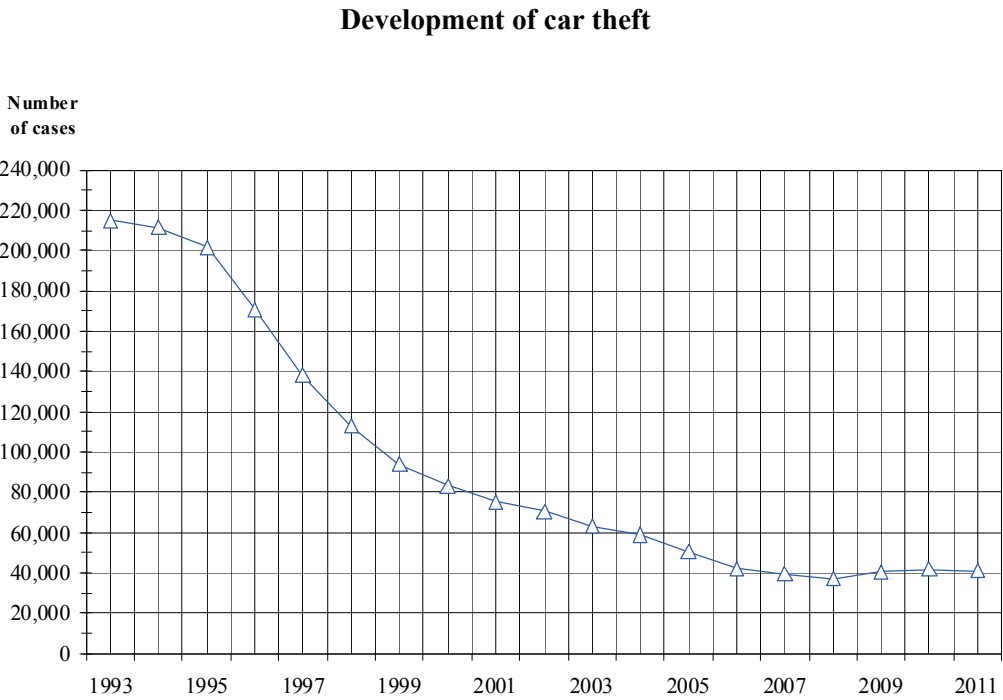


Figure 10

Development of murder and non negligent manslaughter

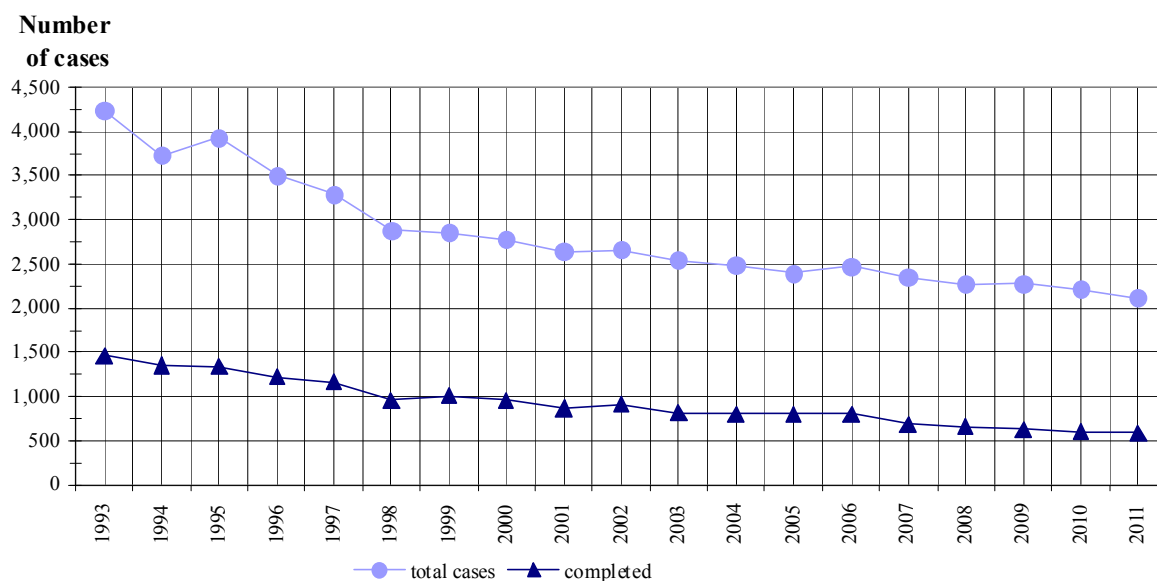


Figure 11

Development of robbery

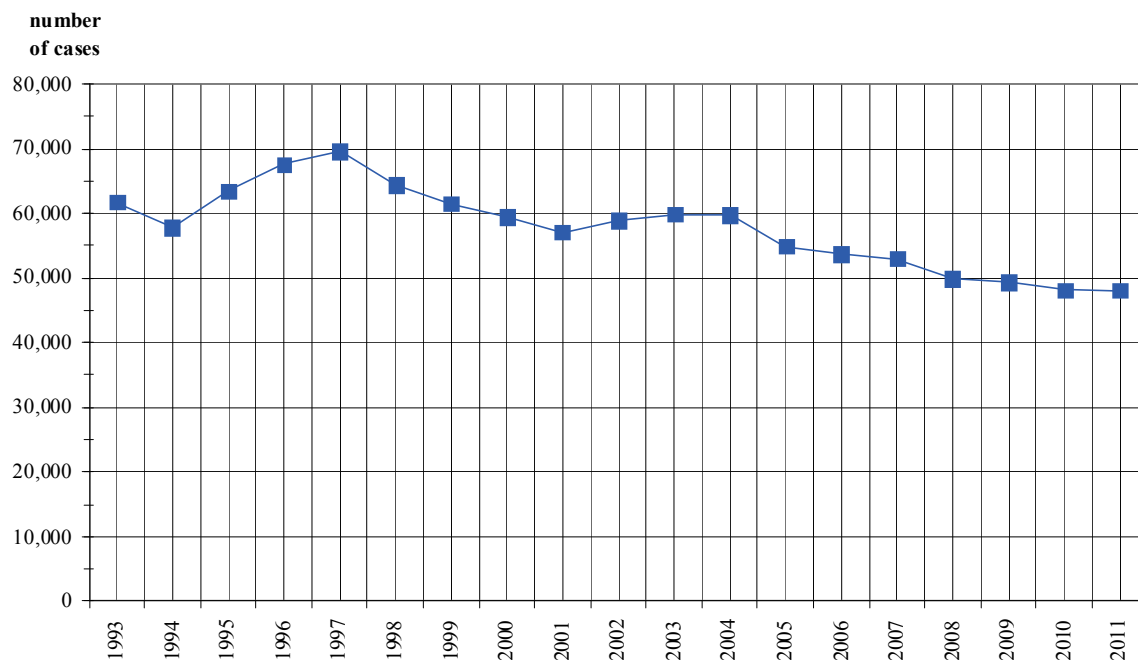


Figure 12a-e

Figure 12 a

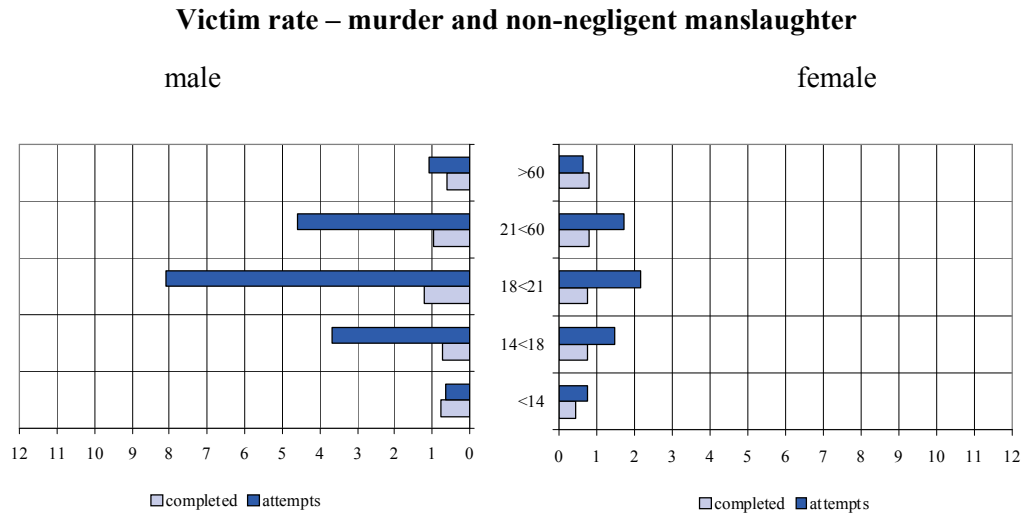


Figure 12 b

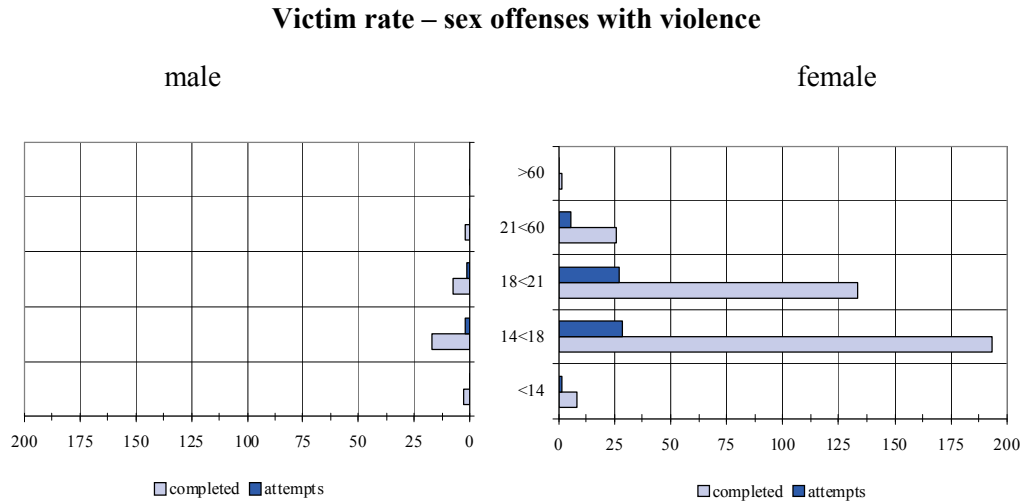


Figure 12 c

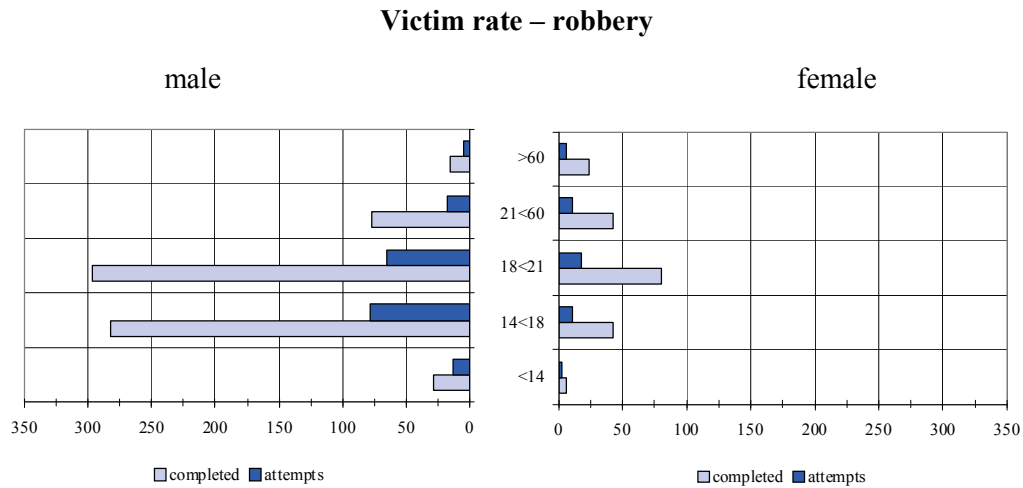


Figure 12 d

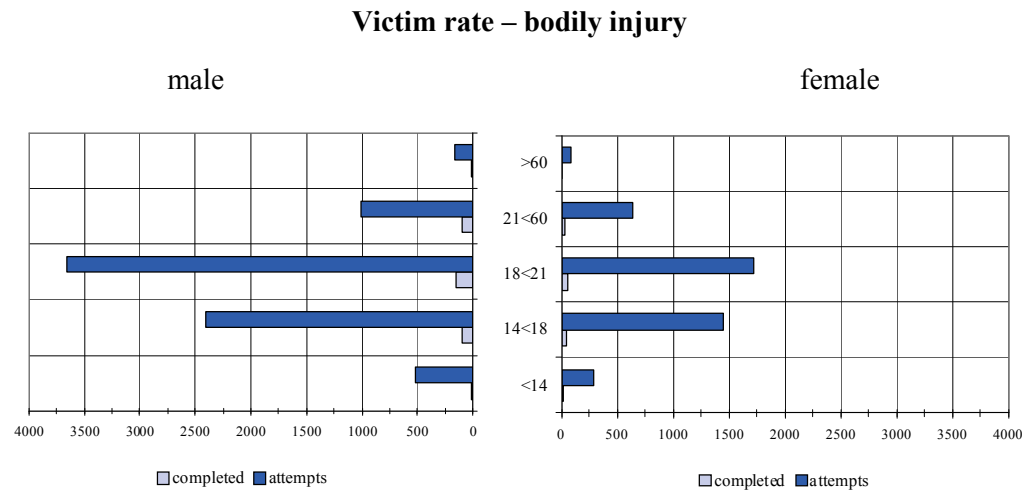


Figure 12 e

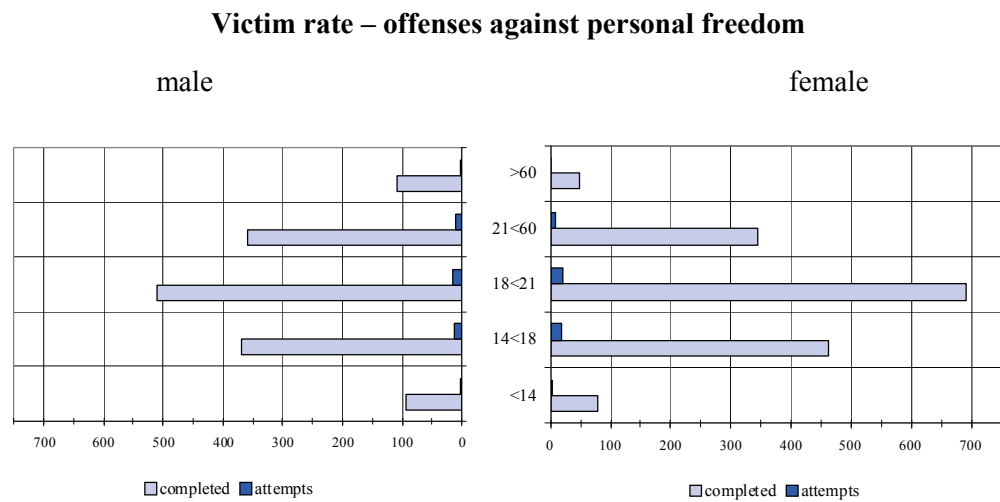


Figure 13 a-e

Victims and their relationship to suspects (incl. attempts) – share in percent

Figure 13 a

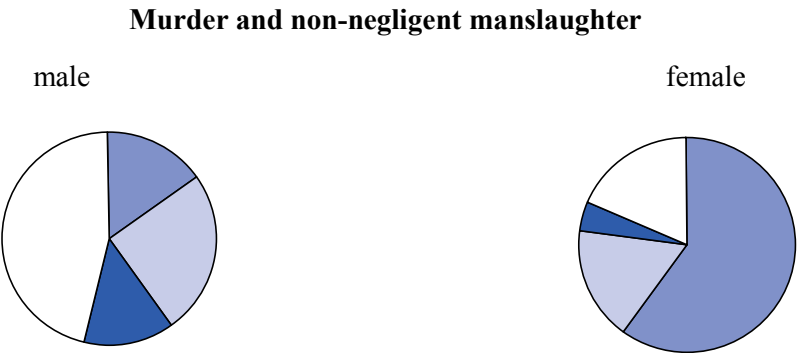


Figure 13 b

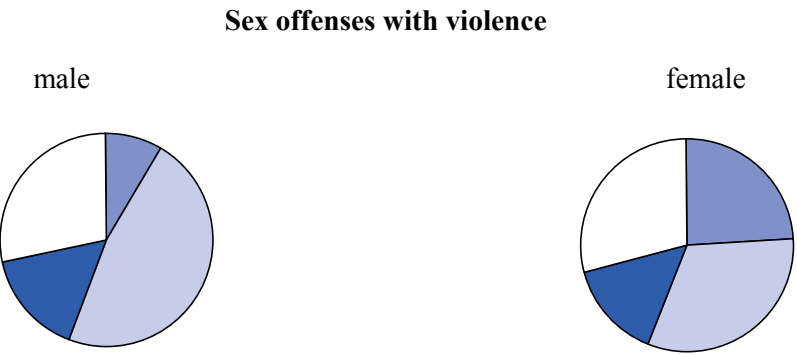


Figure 13 c

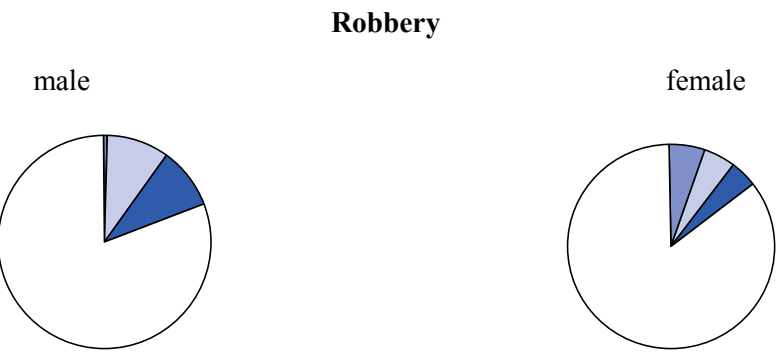


Figure 13 d

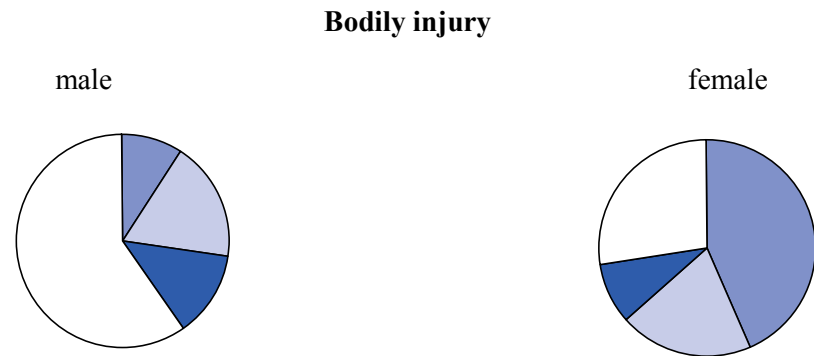
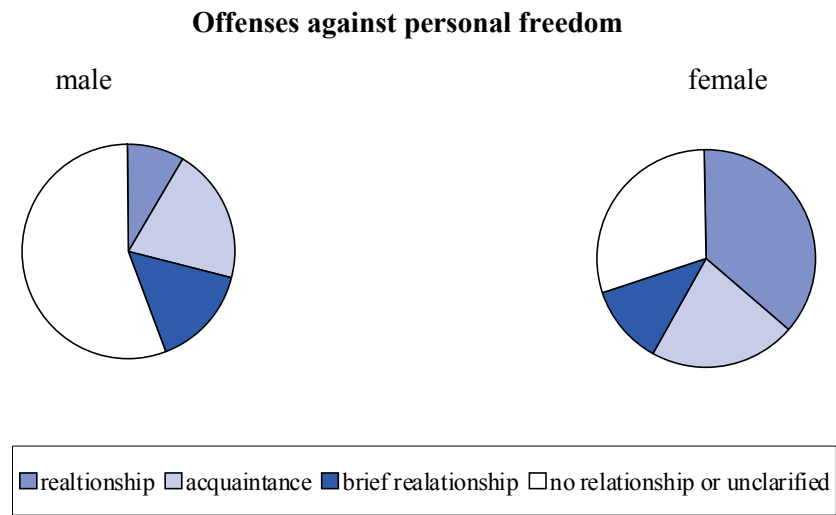
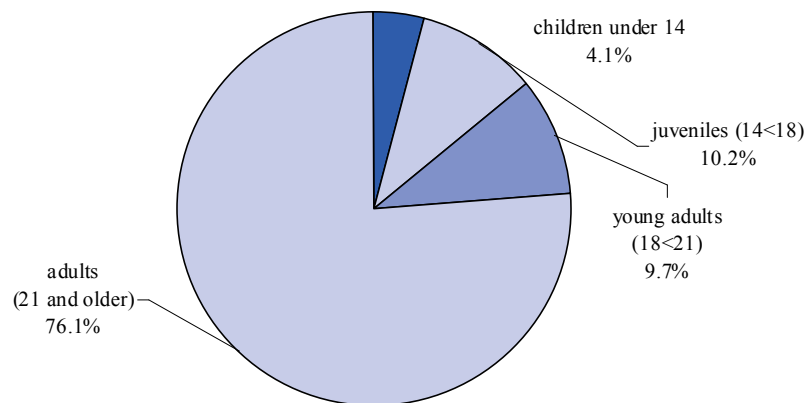


Figure 13 e

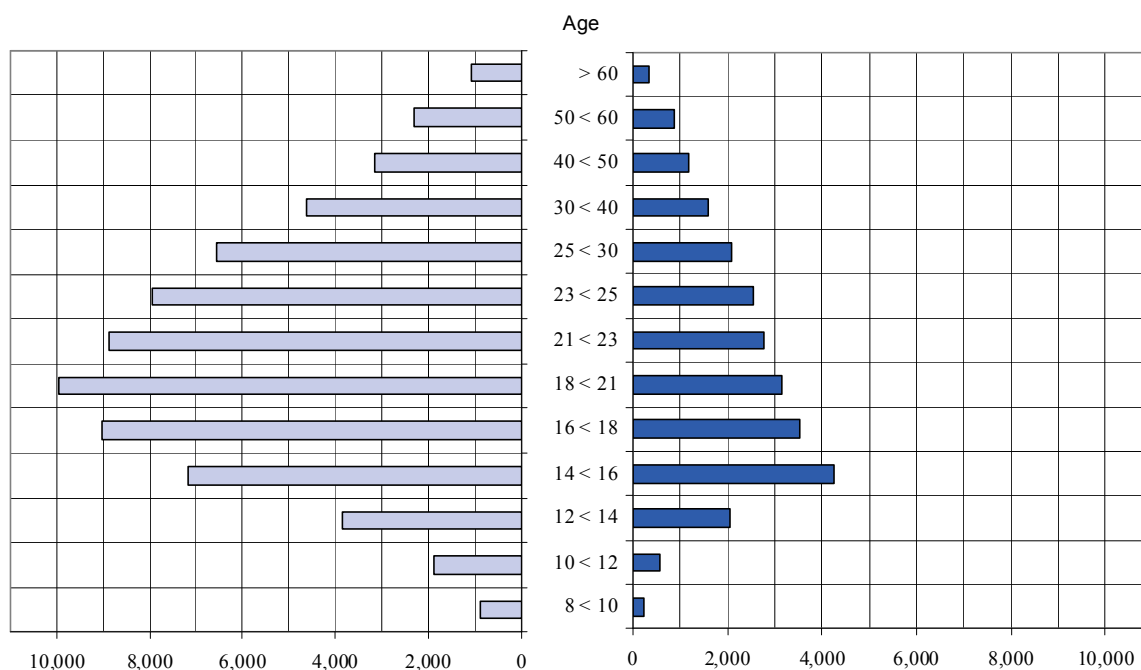


Suspects by age



Suspect rate^{*)} of German citizens

female



*) Number of suspects in every age group per 100,000 inhabitants of same age group (children under 8 are excluded)