



Bundeskriminalamt



Police Crime Statistics 2010

- Federal Republic of Germany -



Abridged Version

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1. The developmental history of Germany's Police Crime Statistics

Previous developments in the German Reich

The first crime statistics kept by the German police prior to World War I can be found in the annual reports of police directorates in individual cities. At times police statistics were also kept in the individual German states. The starting point for national police crime statistics during the Weimar Republic was the recording of data on serious crimes that had been committed and cleared up in Prussia, a practice that was expanded in 1929. The statistical work was continued by the "Committee XI" for crime statistics of the "German Criminal Police Commission", which was comprised of representatives from state and municipal police authorities. In 1928, this Commission presented recommendations for police crime statistics that would cover the entire Reich. However, the recommendations were not implemented until the National Socialist period, beginning on 1 January 1936 based on a circular directive from the Reich and Prussian Minister of the Interior.

These statistics did not include all criminal offenses, but rather only 15 offense groups. Cases and "perpetrators" were recorded. The results for 1936, 1937 and 1938 were published in the Annual Statistical Reports of the Reich Criminal Police Office, which are no longer available (at least not at the police authorities), and excerpts were also published in the criminalistics periodical "Kriminalistik" (in the 1938 and 1939 issues).

Police Crime Statistics in the German Reich

For example, the following 1938 statistics were published for the German Reich:

Offense	Number of cases	Offense rate (per 100,000 inhabitants)
Homicides (including attempts)	908	1.3
Infanticide	360	0.5
Fatal bodily injury	860	1.2
Indecent acts with children	14,895	21.5
Robbery and robbery-like extortion	1,588	2.3
Aggravated theft	82,184	118.6
Simple theft	361,044	521
Misappropriation	62,977	91
Arson	11,223	16.2
Fraud	159,931	231

If homicide offenses are combined with infanticide and fatal bodily injury, the resulting offense rate in 1938 was not significantly lower than the current rate for the Federal Republic of Germany. However, today theft, fraud and robbery are recorded much more frequently than in the past. Subsequent socioeconomic changes have certainly multiplied the potential objects of crime as well as opportunities for crime. For example, much of today's crime is centered around the motor vehicle, which did not play a role at the time. The same applies, for example, to shoplifting, offenses associated with non-cash payment transactions, and computer/Internet crime. Furthermore, there have probably also been changes in the extent to which crime is reported by victims (the insurance aspect, faith in government institutions). It can be assumed that street crime was committed less frequently in a totalitarian state. However, such crime would have to be seen in comparison with the criminal offenses committed by National Socialist government and party organs, which are not included in the respective statistics.

Previous developments in the Federal Republic of Germany

After World War II, the occupying powers began keeping police crime statistics in their occupation zones as early as 1946. However, the differences between these statistics were so great that a summary of the results was only possible, at the most, for the following short list of offense groups, which represented the German contribution to the international crime statistics of the Interpol General Secretariat beginning in 1950:

Offense	1950	1951	1952	1953
Homicides	1,639	1,754	992	1,048
Sexual offenses	47,712	51,460	60,181	57,905
Aggravated theft	133,249	157,489	135,790	128,661
Simple theft	426,965	518,613	473,874	433,102
Fraud, breach of trust	238,123	280,578	308,665	314,171
Coinage	31,624	8,703	6,826	8,053
Drug offenses	1,737	1,961	1,916	1,746

The Police Crime Statistics from 1953 to 1970

During a meeting held from 6 to 7 March 1951, the Working Group of the Heads of State Criminal Police Offices tasked a subcommission of representatives from the State Criminal Police Office of Bavaria (the system of the former American zone), Rhineland-Palatinate (the system of the former French zone) and the Bundeskriminalamt (whose predecessor was the former Criminal Police Office of the British zone) with developing uniform Police Crime Statistics for the whole of Germany. It was decided at a working meeting on 24 July 1952 to introduce the statistics on a trial basis for 1953, and then a decision was made to compile such statistics on a permanent basis beginning on 1 January 1954. The first Annual Police Crime Statistics published for the Federal Republic of Germany covered the 1953 reporting period.

The statistics included all criminal offenses handled by the police and further statistical attributes (four size classifications for communities [and, beginning in 1971, other size categories], solved cases, "perpetrators" - initially subdivided only into the categories "young persons" and "adults", sex, residence, and nationality). The classification of criminal offenses was already more differentiated than it had been during the German Reich. In 1954, in accordance with the new Juvenile Justice Act, in addition to juveniles and adults, "young adults" were listed separately as suspects, as well as children who cannot be held responsible under criminal law due to their age.

The instructions for filling out the statistical form were printed as explanatory notes on the form. Not until 1957 were uniform national "Guidelines for maintaining the Police Crime Statistics" introduced. The basis for counting the number of cases was the principle of "competition" between different criminal offenses. "Perpetrators" were recorded under the criminal offense that was subject to the highest penalty, or under the most serious type of offense.

Beginning on 1 January 1959, offenses that constitute true state security offenses were removed from the Police Crime Statistics (independent Police Crime Statistics for Offenses against State Security). Traffic offenses, which had not been published separately in the past, were removed from the Police Crime Statistics beginning on 1 January 1963. Among other things, this was done because the Federation and the states keep special statistics on road traffic accidents and double recording was to be avoided. When traffic offenses were eliminated, the total number of cases has dropped by about one fifth.

Until 1970 these statistics were simply tallied up on sheets of paper. In some of the German states, such items were recorded as provisional incoming statistics, while in other states they were recorded as substantiated outgoing statistics or in mixed form. The State Criminal Police Offices sent the figures that had been added up for the respective states to the BKA on forms that were filled out by hand and submitted on a monthly basis.

1971: Changeover to electronic data processing

After preparatory work had been done by the subcommission on the "Restructuring of uniform crime statistics for Germany" of the CID Working Group (Working Group of the Heads of State Criminal Police Offices and the BKA), beginning on 1 January 1971 the Police Crime Statistics of the Federation were computerized. This subcommission developed into the "Police Crime Statistics" Commission comprised of statistics experts from the original 11 (now 16) German states and from the BKA (which handles the Commission's administrative affairs) along with the German Border Guard Directorate as a guest. This Commission is responsible for all Police Crime Statistics matters that must be dealt with in a uniform manner at federal level. The Commission does the groundwork for the CID Working Group and, through this group, for the Working Party II (Public Security) of the Conference of Interior Ministers.

In particular, the following changes were associated with the conversion to electronic data processing: By employing a four-digit key number, it was possible to include clearer differentiations in the catalogue of criminal offenses, with reference to both criminal law and to criminological aspects. A statistical record form contained the different, in some cases newly introduced, statistical case attributes to be recorded for the whole of Germany- regarding the case (e.g. harm/damage), the victim (differentiation by age and sex) and the suspect (e.g. the date of birth to enable a more detailed breakdown of the age groups or, with regard to non-German suspects, the nature of and reason for residence in Germany). In addition, outgoing statistics were now introduced for the whole of Germany, i.e. such statistics are recorded after police investigations have been concluded. In the interest of more complete and correct recording, it was decided to accept a delay in the reporting of such statistics.

The aggregated data for each German state, structured in accordance with the catalogue of offenses and statistical attributes, were compiled in crosstabular tables and sent to the BKA on magnetic tape. Today most data transmission is electronic. Transmission of the large tables, for which a standardized form has been prescribed throughout Germany, is carried out in accordance with uniform data transmission conventions.

1984: Fundamental reforms

At the beginning of the 1980s, the "Police Crime Statistics" Commission was tasked by the CID Working Group with carrying out a thorough revision of the guidelines for maintaining the Police Crime Statistics. The new, expanded and more precisely formulated version of the guidelines was put into force by the Working Party II as of 1 January 1984. By this means, the approach of counting the "real" number of suspects was introduced, i.e. even if an individual came to notice as a suspect several times during the year under review, this person was counted only once in each German state under the key number for each of the relevant offenses. The previous practice of counting the same person several times, which had led to inflated numbers of suspects and a distortion of the respective statistical structure, was thus ended. Furthermore, the scope of recording was expanded - for example, the victim-suspect relationship was included from 1986 onwards. The number of large analytical tables prepared in a uniform manner throughout Germany has increased considerably, from 8 (in 1971) from each of 11 German states to 24 from each of 16 states at the present time.

However, the preparation of independent police crime statistics based on entries in statistical record forms had to be limited to the most important information to avoid making excessive demands on case officers. This meant, for example, not entering social data on suspects and victims. Nevertheless, the increasing degree of differentiation in the catalogue of criminal offenses, which can be attributed in part to the greater complexity of criminal law, is reflected in the larger quantity of key numbers - from 105 key numbers in the first computerized Police Crime Statistics published for 1971 to 192 key numbers for the 1980 reporting period, 313 key numbers for the 1990 reporting period, and 1,514 key numbers for the 2010 reporting period.

The PCS during the unification process and its future development

In 1990, the Joint State Criminal Police Office, which was responsible for the new German states at the time, trained multipliers with the assistance of the Bundeskriminalamt in order to ensure that the respective crime statistics would be included in the Police Crime Statistics of the Federal Republic of Germany without interruption beginning on 1 January 1991, when GDR statistics would no longer be available (for the GDR/new German states in 1990 - data from crime statistics and public surveys on unreported crime: see the PCS for the 1990 reporting period, pp. 32 and 33). However, due to the extensive personnel turnover in the offices of the new German states during the early 1990s and the backlog of records that resulted, collection of comparable statistics only became possible beginning in 1993.

At the present time, the Bundeskriminalamt is working together with the "Police Crime Statistics" Commission on behalf of the Working Party II and the CID Working Group to prepare for a restructuring of the Police Crime Statistics that is coordinated with the police information system INPOL. These efforts are aimed at significantly improving the informative value of the statistics while ensuring comparability with today's Police Crime Statistics.

2009: Transition to delivery of individual PCS data sets and introduction of a six-digit key number system at national level

As of 1 January 2009, all federal states changed over to supplying the data in the form of individual data sets. As a consequence, crime development can be represented at all levels by means of the more differentiated six-digit key numbers. Furthermore, the changeover to individual data sets made it possible for the first time to count the "real" number of suspects at federal level, which means that the suspects who came to notice in several federal states during the reporting period are recorded only once in the federal-level tables. Up to and including 2008, this was only possible at state level as the state-level tables were submitted to the Bundeskriminalamt in an aggregated form. As a result, too many suspects were counted at federal level.

Legal basis

The "Law on the Bundeskriminalamt and the Cooperation between Federal and State Authorities in Criminal Police Matters" (Section 2 Para 6 No. 2) forms the legal basis for the Police Crime Statistics at federal level. According to this section, the Bundeskriminalamt, in its capacity as a central agency, "shall compile criminal police analyses and statistics, including the crime statistics, and, to this end, observe the developments in crime". The uniform national "Guidelines for maintaining the Police Crime Statistics" must be used as the basis for the recording of statistics by the police services of the Federation and the German states. Substantial changes in the Guidelines are decided upon by the Working Party II, and the respective ministers of the interior at Federation and state level put them into force in their own areas of jurisdiction. The annual release of the PCS data to the press is carried out, following a unanimous decision of the Conference of Interior Ministers, by its chairperson and the Federal Minister of the Interior.

2. Contents and informational value of the Police Crime Statistics

The unlawful (criminal) acts dealt with by the police, including attempts subject to punishment, are recorded in the Police Crime Statistics. This also includes the drug offenses handled by the customs authorities.

Breaches of regulations and road traffic offenses are **not** covered (however, the offenses described in Sections 315 and 315b of the German Penal code as well as Section 22a of the Road Traffic Act - which are not regarded as road traffic offenses in the sense of the guidelines - are covered). In addition, offenses committed outside the Federal Republic of Germany and offenses against the criminal laws of the individual German states (except for the data protection legislation of the states ["Laender"]) are **not** included.

In order to obtain the most complete statistical picture possible of the security situation, offenses by children who cannot be held responsible under criminal law due to their age, and by mentally ill persons who also cannot be held responsible under criminal law, are included as well when statistics are collected for the PCS. The judicial authorities, and not the police, decide the question of guilt. Furthermore, when cases are not cleared up, the age and the criminal responsibility of the perpetrators are usually not known anyway.

Collection of statistics is based on a catalogue of criminal offenses compiled under both penal and criminological aspects. "Outgoing statistics" have been kept in a uniform manner throughout Germany since 1 January 1971, i.e. the criminal offenses that come to light are not recorded until the police investigations have been concluded and the respective files can be handed over to the public prosecutor's office or the court. The State Criminal Police Offices send the figures to the Bundeskriminalamt in a predetermined form as tables (aggregated data), and these are compiled to create the Police Crime Statistics for the Federal Republic of Germany.

As early as 01 January 2008, the nationwide uniform key number system of the Police Crime Statistics (PCS) was changed, with six digits now replacing the old four-digit system and data being supplied as so-called individually delivered data sets. The transition to the system employing the exchange of individual data sets took place while the former system was kept running. As of 1 January 2009, all federal states changed over to the new supplying method. The tables are compiled at the state criminal police offices and the Bundeskriminalamt according to fixed rules on the basis of the respective individual data sets available. Due to system-specific factors, the values calculated at federal level may slightly differ from the data published in the federal states. Furthermore, the changeover to individual data sets made it possible for the first time to count the "real" number of suspects at federal level, which means that the suspects who came to notice in several federal states during the reporting period are recorded only once in the federal-level tables. Up to and including 2008, this was only possible at state level as the state-level tables were submitted to the Bundeskriminalamt in an aggregated form. As a result, too many suspects were counted at federal level.

The **informational value** of the Police Crime Statistics is limited in particular by the fact that the police do not learn about all the criminal offenses that are committed. The extent to which crime goes unreported depends on the type of offense, and this can vary over the course of time in response to a variety of factors (e.g. public willingness to report offenses, the intensity of crime detection efforts). Therefore it is not possible to assume there is a fixed ratio between the number of offenses committed and the offenses recorded in the statistics.

The following factors can influence statistical developments in the Police Crime Statistics:

- ⇒ Extent to which crime is reported (e.g. the insurance aspect)
- ⇒ Police crime detection efforts
- ⇒ Collection of data for statistical purposes
- ⇒ Amendments to criminal law
- ⇒ Actual changes in crime

Thus the Police Crime Statistics do not provide an exact reflection of crime, but rather one that is more or less accurate depending on the specific type of offense. Nevertheless, these statistics do help the legislative and executive branches and those who work in the field of science to obtain information about the frequency of the cases recorded as well as about forms of crime and development trends in order to achieve the objectives described above.

3. Definitions

Alcohol as an influence during commission of an offense

Alcohol is considered to be an influence if it impaired the suspect's judgment during commission of the offense. The decisive factor is whether the subject was obviously under the influence of alcohol, or whether the investigation indicates probable influence.

Case

➤ Cases that come to police notice

This is every (criminal) act listed in the catalogue of offenses that is the subject of a complaint handled by the police. Punishable attempts also fall under this definition. The total number of cases that come to notice results from the addition of the figures given for the various offense categories.

➤ Case that is cleared up

A solved (cleared up) case is an illegal (criminal) act for which, based on the results of the police investigations, either a suspect known at least by name was established or a suspect was caught in the act.

Cash carrying persons

All transports by cash carrying persons that are primarily or exclusively devoted to the transportation of money or objects of value, for business or professional purposes, are considered to be cash/valuables transports. This applies to employees as well as to owners or managers of businesses, the corresponding commercial transports of money or valuables, and also postal personnel who deliver money orders.

Clearance rate

The clearance rate expresses the percentage relationship between cases cleared up and cases that came to police notice during the period under review. A clearance rate exceeding 100 can result if cases dating back to previous years are solved during the period under review.

$$CR = \frac{\text{cases cleared up} \times 100}{\text{cases that came to police notice}}$$

Communication services

"Communication services" covers all transmissions of speech/sound, text and images, regardless of the means of transmission. Access authorization can be in the form of a card (a prepaid telephone card, a telephone card used as a credit card, another access authorization card/chip) and/or another means of access (e.g. a password). Such offenses are generally recorded under key no. 517900 (fraud by means of access authorization for communication services). *See also page 13, handling special cases*

Credit card

In the Police Crime Statistics, credit cards are considered to be all payment cards whose use results in a delay in charging the purchase to/debiting it against the respective account - key no. 516400 (in contrast to a debit card).

Daytime burglary of a residence

For Police Crime Statistics recording purposes, an offense is regarded as a daytime burglary of a residence (key no. 436*00) if it was committed between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m.

Debit card

In the Police Crime Statistics, debit cards are considered to be all payment cards whose use results in the purchase being charged to/debited against the respective account immediately after the card is presented (in contrast to a credit card). Debit cards can be used without a PIN (direct debiting, key no. 516200) or with a PIN (key no. 516300).

Drug offenses / type of drug

If a drug offense involves several types of drugs, the following priorities apply when the respective statistics are recorded:

1. Heroin
1. Cocaine
2. Amphetamine/methamphetamine and derivatives of these in powder or liquid form
3. Amphetamine/methamphetamine and derivatives of these in the form of tablets or capsules (ecstasy)
4. LSD
5. Cannabis
6. Other drugs

Economic crime (key no. 893000)

The following offenses are considered to be "economic crime":

1. all the criminal offenses (except for computer fraud¹⁾) listed in Section 74c (1) Nos. 1-6 of the Judicature Act (GVG):
 - a) criminal offenses according to the Patents Act, Utility Models Act, Semiconductor Protection Act, Plant Varieties Protection Act, Trademarks Act, Registered Designs Act, Copyright Act, Act against Unfair Competition, Stock Corporation Act, Act on the Financial Statements of Certain Enterprises and Groups, Limited Liability Company Act, Commercial Code, Act on Implementation of the EEC Regulation regarding the European Economic Interest Grouping, the Cooperatives Act, and the Company Transformation Act
 - b) criminal offenses involving the banking industry and deposits, the stock exchange and credit system, the Insurance Industry Supervision Act and the Securities Trading Act
 - c) criminal offenses according to the Economic Offenses Act of 1954, the Foreign Trade and Payments Act, the Foreign Exchange Control Act as well as offenses against fiscal monopoly, tax and customs law, including cases where their penal provisions are applicable pursuant to other laws; this does not apply if the same act constitutes an offense under the Narcotics Act and also does not apply to fiscal offenses involving the motor vehicle tax.
 - d) criminal offenses according to the Wine Act and food products legislation
 - e) subsidy fraud, investment fraud, credit fraud, bankruptcy offenses, preferential treatment for creditors or debtors
 - f) anti-competitive agreements involving invitations to tender as well as taking and offering a bribe in business transactions
 - g) fraud, breach of trust, usury, granting a benefit and offering a bribe, insofar as special knowledge of the economic sector is necessary to make an assessment of the case
2. offenses committed in connection with actual or simulated economic activity and which, in addition to causing losses to individuals, can impair the economic sector or the general public **and/or** that require a special knowledge of business to clear them up.

Such offenses are recorded under the special designation "economic crime=yes".

Firearm

- Only firearms as defined in Section 1 of the Weapons Law are considered to be "fired" and "carried". With regard to individuals who are authorized to carry firearms in connection with their lawful duties, if complaints are filed against them as a result of carrying out their duties, this is not to be recorded as "carrying" a firearm.
- A case of being "threatened" by a firearm must be recorded if at least one victim feels subjectively threatened (even, for example, by a toy gun).
- The carrying of firearms must be recorded in those cases where the suspect had the firearm in his possession at the time an offense was committed. There does not have to be any intent to use the firearm.
- The legal definition of "firearms" according to Section 1 of the Weapons Law covers all devices designed to shoot ammunition and that propels the projectile through a barrel. This includes air pressure weapons, spring pressure weapons, carbon dioxide weapons, blank cartridge pistols, irritant weapons,

1) Computer fraud is included in the offenses listed under the Judicature Act, but it often does not constitute economic crime (because the manipulation of machines is dominant).

signal pistols, and toy guns whose external form makes them appear to be automatic self-loading weapons that are war weapons in the sense of the War Weapons Control Act.

Hard drug users

Hard drug users are considered to be the users of the substances and preparations listed in Annexes I - III of the Narcotic Drugs Act, including manufactured pharmaceuticals that are subject to the provisions of narcotics legislation - with the exception of those persons who use only cannabis products (hashish, marijuana, hashish oil) or psilocybin (mushrooms) and of "exempted preparations". How these substances and preparations are consumed by the user does not matter.

To the extent that persons known as hard drug users consume alternative substances - "exempted preparations" or other medications or substances not covered by the Narcotic Drugs Act - this must also be considered as hard drug use.

Note: The most important hard drugs are heroin, cocaine, amphetamine/methamphetamine and derivatives of these in powder or liquid form as well as in the form of tablets or capsules (including ecstasy) and LSD.

Kiosk

A kiosk is defined as small, closed-off business premises where customers are served at a counter that prevents them from entering.

Loss

The basic definition of a loss is the monetary value (market value) of the illegally obtained property. In the case of fraud-type property offenses, loss should be understood as the decrease in the value of the property. The respective loss must be recorded for all completed offense categories marked in the catalogue of offenses (value stated in Euro, rounded up to the next full Euro amount). If no loss can be established, a loss of 1 € is assigned as a symbolic value. This also applies if, in the case of a completed property offense, the property in question was only endangered. If a fraud-related loss is also an insolvency-related loss, the full loss must be recorded under the insolvency offenses (since 1 January 1994), while a loss of 1 € is recorded for the related fraud offense. No loss is recorded in the case of attempted murder attended with robbery.

Number of suspects per 100,000 (S/100,000)

This is the number of established suspects, calculated per 100,000 inhabitants of the corresponding segment of the population, in each case **without** children under 8 years of age (the key date is the 1st of January of the year under review). The problems presented by these "per 100,000" figures result from the fact that they are affected both by what is not reported in the population statistics (which do **not** include some of the suspects who come to notice - see the comments on the offense rate), and also by what is not reported in the Police Crime Statistics. In addition to the lack of figures for unreported crime, the perpetrators of cases that have not been cleared up are also not taken into account. Therefore this "per 100,000" figure cannot reflect the actual incidence of crime but rather, at the most, the incidence of crime cleared up and recorded by the police for the population as a whole or for specific subgroups.

$$S/100,000 = \frac{\text{suspects 8 years or older} \times 100,000}{\text{no. of persons in population 8 years or older}}$$

Offense rate (OR)

The offense rate is the total number of cases that come to police notice - or the number of cases for a specific type of offense - per 100,000 inhabitants (The key date is generally the 1st of January of the year under review; if a different date is given, this is the most recent one available). The informative value of the offense rate is negatively affected by the fact that only part of the criminal offenses committed come to police notice, while at the same time offenses committed by persons who are not counted as part of the German population (such as members of the armed forces stationed in Germany, foreign travellers in transit, tourists, visitors and cross-border commuters, as well as non-Germans who live in Germany illegally) are nevertheless included in the Police Crime Statistics.

$$OR = \frac{\text{no. of cases recorded} \times 100,000}{\text{no. of inhabitants}}$$

Place of the offense

The place of offense is the community in the Federal Republic of Germany where the unlawful (criminal) act was committed (place of occurrence). Offenses committed on German ships or aircraft outside the Federal Republic of Germany are recorded as committed in the German state where the ship/aircraft has its home (air)port, and the place of the offense is recorded as "unknown". In cases where offenses are committed on foreign merchant ships or nonmilitary aircraft on German territory, the German port of call, or airport where the aircraft landed, is considered to be the place of the offense. In the case of failure to pay fare on public transportation, the place where the suspect boarded the public transportation is generally considered to be the place of the offense. If the place where the subject boarded cannot be determined, the place from which the means of transport departed is designated as the place of the offense. If an international transport connection is concerned, the first place where the timetable indicates the subject can board in Germany is considered to be the place of the offense. In cases where maintenance has not been paid, the place of the offense is the place where the person entitled to maintenance resides, analogous to the procedure followed by the Public Prosecutor's Office.

Rate of increase (RoI)

The rate of increase indicates, for example, the percentage change in cases, in offense rates for overall crime, or for individual offenses when different reporting periods are compared. A positive rate of increase indicates growth, and a negative rate of increase indicates a decline in cases or offense rates, for example.

$$\text{RoI} = \frac{(\text{year under review} - \text{previous year}) \times 100}{\text{previous year}}$$

Residence unknown

"Residence unknown" receives the same statistical treatment as "without fixed abode".

Robbery involving transports of cash or valuables

Those cases of robbery involving transports of cash or valuables considered by criminal law to be "assaults on motorists with intent to rob" are also included under key no. 213000.

Shoplifting

All thefts of goods on display committed by customers during business hours are recorded as shoplifting.

Substitute drugs/alternative substances

With regard to offenses committed to procure drugs (robbery, theft, document forgery), the term "drugs" includes substitute drugs and alternative substances.

Suspects

- A suspect is everyone who, based on police inquiries and adequate factual evidence, is suspected of having committed an unlawful (criminal) act. This also includes accomplices, instigators and abettors. A suspect who comes to notice in several cases involving the same crime during the period under review is counted only once in the same German state. Before 1983, a new entry was made each time for persons who came to notice several times during the year under review. Because this practice of counting the same person several times, which led to excessively high and structurally distorted figures on suspects, has been replaced by the approach of counting the "real" number of suspects on the level of German states difficulties arise when comparing the pre-1984 figures with the post-1984 figures. The same problem occurs when comparing the pre-2009 figures with the post-2009 figures because of the change to counting the "real" number of suspects not only on the state but on the federal level (see p. 5; 2009: Transition to delivery of individual data sets).
If, during the period under review, several offenses from different key categories are linked to the same suspect, the suspect is counted separately for each subordinate group but is counted only once in the corresponding superordinate offense category and/or in the total number of offenses. For this reason, adding up the number of suspects listed under the individual offenses or offense categories does not produce the total number of suspects.
Furthermore, it should be noted that, when counting the number of suspects for the Police Crime Statistics, grounds for exemption from punishment or lack of criminal liability are not taken into account. For example, the total number includes children under 14 years of age who cannot be held

responsible under criminal law. Persons who cannot be convicted because they are deceased, ill, or at large are also included as suspects.

- Non-German suspects are foreign nationals, stateless persons, or persons whose nationality has not been clarified. Persons who are German nationals and also citizens of another country are counted as Germans. If the same suspect comes to notice as having different nationalities within the same reporting period, he is recorded under the most recent nationality. An analogous approach is taken with regard to the residential status of non-German suspects. All non-Germans who are attending a school, college for higher professional training, or university in the Federal Republic of Germany are recorded as "students/pupils".

Time of the offense

The time of offense is the time when the respective crime was committed. In the case of offenses committed over, or within, certain periods of time, the end of the period is considered to be the time of the offense. The time of the offense is considered to be unknown unless at least the month of commission can be determined.

Traffic offenses

are:

- all violations of the regulations that have been adopted with a view to maintaining traffic safety in road, shipping and air traffic
- all offenses involving negligence in connection with traffic accidents
- failure to stop after an accident
- all violations of the Compulsory Insurance Act and the Motor Vehicle Tax Act

The following are **not** counted as traffic offenses (and must therefore be recorded in the Police Crime Statistics):

- dangerous intervention in rail, air and ship traffic in accordance with Section 315 of the German Penal Code
- dangerous intervention in road traffic in accordance with Section 315b of the German Penal Code
- improper manufacture, distribution or issue of vehicle number plates in accordance with Section 22a of the Road Traffic Law

Type of drug

- see drug offenses

Victims

Victims are the natural persons against whom the punishable act was specifically directed. The victim must be recorded for all completed and attempted (categories of) offenses marked with "V" in the catalogue of offenses. With regard to the victim-suspect-relationship (from the victim's point of view), the closest relationship always has priority: kinship takes priority over acquaintance, which in turn has priority over the fellow countryman and the passing relationship. This also applies if there are several suspects and the closeness of their relationship to the victim differs. The characteristic "kinship" includes all family members in accordance with Section 11 (1) of the German Penal Code. The characteristic "fellow countryman" should only be considered in the case of non-German nationals if the victim and the suspect have the same nationality but are neither related to nor acquainted with each other.

4. Rules for recording cases

a) *Recording prerequisites*

Only cases for which adequate amounts of specific data are available may be recorded. Thus, as a minimum requirement, verifiable information must be available on the elements of the offense, the place of the offense, type of crime scene (e.g. street, building), and the time (or period of time) when the offense was committed. Vague, unverifiable statements by a suspect referring solely to the number of offenses committed are not adequate.

b) *Basic case recording principles*

Every unlawful act (criminal offense) that comes to light during an investigation must be recorded as 1 case, regardless of how many victims are involved.

When a criminal offense coincides with another offense, these must also be recorded as 1 case (Section 52 of the German Penal Code - "natural unity of acts"). The criminal offense recorded as a case is the offense to which the most severe penalty applies in terms of type and degree.

▪ Examples:

1. Break-in into a bar - victims: the proprietor, the brewery, the firm that set up the machines there
= 1 case of theft committed under aggravating circumstances (key no. 415*00)

but:

break-in into a bar followed by arson to cover the traces

- = 1 case of theft committed under aggravating circumstances (key no. 415*00)
and
1 case of arson (key no. 641000)

2. One person is injured by a stab, and his suit is damaged.

- = 1 case of dangerous and serious bodily injury (key no. 222000);
the property damage is not recorded (because it coincides with the other offense).

3. Five persons are intentionally killed by an explosives offense

- = 1 case of murder (key no. 010000) with 5 victims

c) *Subsequent acts of the same kind*

When, during an investigation, further unlawful acts committed by the same suspect that are covered by the same key number come to light, these are recorded as only 1 case if the following prerequisites are met, provided that there is a direct spatial connection between the acts and regardless of whether the subject made his decisions on one occasion, or on several occasions. These prerequisites also apply to cases involving unknown perpetrators insofar as, from a criminological point of view, subsequent acts of the same type can be linked to one perpetrator, or to perpetrators acting jointly, who are as yet unidentified.

- Repeated commission of the same unlawful act solely to the detriment of the same victim.

▪ Example:

One juvenile offender has committed shoplifting offenses on a continuous basis (key no. 326*00) to the detriment of the same department store

1 case:

but:

One suspect has encashed 10 checks stolen from one victim at 10 different stores

= 10 cases (no direct spatial connection)

- Repeated commission of the same unlawful act (without specific victims).

- Examples:

- a) An antique dealer has bought stolen art objects over a relatively long period of time
1 case.
- b) A physician has frequently prescribed narcotics in violation of a prohibition, or an individual has repeatedly distributed pornographic publications
= 1 case, respectively
- c) A concern pollutes a body of water for a long period of time (Section 324 of the German Penal Code)
1 case:

Even relatively long time intervals do not constitute an interruption of subsequent acts of the same kind.

d) *Penal accumulation of offenses*

If several unlawful acts committed by the same suspect were independent acts to the detriment of different victims, each act counts as 1 case.

- Examples:

- 1. Articles are stolen from 10 motor vehicles parked in a garage
= 10 cases
- 2. A tire-slasher damages one or several tires on 12 different vehicles
= 12 cases

e) *Handling of special cases*

- **Fraud and competition-related offenses**

- Fraud using unlawfully obtained non-cash means of payment (key no. 516100 ff.)
is given priority for recording purposes if another key no. for fraud offenses is involved.
- Credit and subsidy fraud (Sections 264 and 265b of the German Penal Code)
If one and the same act violates both Section 263 and Section 265b of the German Penal Code (and possibly also Section 264), only the more specific offense (key no. 514100 or 514200) is recorded.
- Fraudulent obtaining of services (key no. 515000)
In the case of collective complaints for fraudulent obtaining of services involving public transportation, only 1 case of fraudulent obtaining of services is recorded.
- Fraud involving authorization to access communication services (key no. 517900)
Because the most important aspect of the offense is probably overcoming the obstacles to access authorization, if there is an overlap with fraudulent failure to supply goods as agreed/obtaining goods by fraud (key group 511000), fraud involving authorization to access communication services takes priority. On the other hand, in the case of fraud using unlawfully obtained non-cash means of payment (key group 516000), this takes priority over fraud involving authorization to access communication services.
- Taking and offering a bribe in business transactions (Sections 299 and 300 of the German Penal Code)
An offense committed on a repetitive and gainful basis or by a subject who is a member of a gang (Section 300, sentence 2, no. 2 of the German Penal Code - key no. 657200) has priority for recording purposes if, at the same time, there is a major benefit in accordance with Section 300, sentence 2, no. 1 of the German Penal Code (key no. 657300).

- **Taking of hostages**

If, during hostage-taking as defined in Section 239b of the German Penal Code, several hostages are taken successively, this is recorded as only one case if the perpetrator seized the further victims in direct connection with the first hostage-taking, so that the course of this action continued without interruption. Where the first hostage was taken is the decisive factor in determining the place of the offense.

- **Counterfeiting of currency and official stamps**

The production, uttering or passing of counterfeit currency is only recorded in the statistics if the suspect in question has confessed or been convicted. The recording of cases that have not been cleared up is permissible with regard to key nos. 553100 "use of false payment cards or blank cheques" and 553200 "counterfeiting, falsifying, procuring, offering for sale or handing over false payment cards or blank cheques".

- **Illegal entry (border crossing) / residence**

When there is illegal entry (border crossing) followed by illegal residence, only the illegal entry is recorded under key number 725100 as one case.

- **Bankruptcy offenses**

Independent of the number of victims and the question of whether specific elements that constitute the offense of bankruptcy (Sections 283 and 283a of the German Penal Code) occur more than once, only one case is recorded under key number 561000 or 562000. The same applies to cases where specific elements that constitute the offenses defined in Sections 283b, 283c and 283d of the German Penal Code occur more than once.

- **Breach of the public peace**

Offenses that represent a breach of the public peace are counted as one case if there is a direct spatial connection, regardless of the number of suspects concerned. This spatial connection can refer, for example, to a public square, or to a street (including neighboring streets).

- **Drug offenses**

Only one case is recorded if the trafficker/s, or groups of traffickers, have sold drugs for a long period of time, or when one person has procured drugs over a long period of time.

- **Document forgery** as an act preparatory to commission of an offense

When document forgery is an act preparatory to the commission of another offense, it is recorded separately - independent of the procedures for recording offenses that coincide with other offenses.

Exception: document forgery as an act preparatory to commission of fraud.

- **Copyright Act**

When violations of the Copyright Act are recorded, these are recorded as only one case, analogous to the procedures used for recording insolvency offenses.

5. Brief overview of crime trends

T1

Offense	Number		Change (in %)	Clearance rate (in %)	
	2010	2009		2010	2009
Total offenses					
cases recorded	5,933,278	6,054,330	-2.0		
cases cleared up	3,322,320	3,368,879	-1.4	56.0	55.6
Offenses against the Aliens Act, the Asylum Procedures Act, and the Freedom of Movement Act/E.U. (key no. 725000)	74,153	74,241	-0.1	98.4	98.0
Violent crime - total	201,243	208,446	-3.5	75.3	75.3
<i>including:</i>					
murder and manslaughter	2,218	2,277	-2.6	95.4	95.7
rape and aggravated sexual coercion (Sects. 177 (2, 3 and 4), 178 PC)	7,724	7,314	5.6	81.7	81.6
robberies	48,166	49,317	-2.3	52.6	52.6
dangerous and serious bodily injury	142,903	149,301	-4.3	82.3	82.2
<i>Many of the cases are slight bodily injuries that are committed by at least two persons acting together.</i>					
Slight bodily injury with intent	372950	369,709	0.9	90.5	90.3
Theft offenses - total	2,301,786	2,344,646	-1.8	30.0	30.1
<i>including:</i>					
motor vehicle theft	42,002	40,375	4.0	24.8	26.7
theft of bicycles	306,559	345,346	-11.2	10.1	10.3
theft of non-cash means of payment	129,550	118,064	9.7	9.5	9.6
theft from vehicles	237,320	252,795	-6.1	12.5	12.2
shoplifting	387,662	394,033	-1.6	92.9	92.7
theft by burglary of a dwelling	121,347	113,800	6.6	15.9	16.9
pickpocketing	104,145	92,571	12.5	5.2	5.6
Fraud offenses - total	968,162	955,804	1.3	79.9	81.3
<i>including:</i>					
obtaining goods by fraud or fraudulent failure to supply goods as agreed	289,988	307,533	-5.7	77.4	79.5
<i>The increase is mostly due to electronic commerce (Internet-auctions).</i>					
fraud using unlawfully obtained debit cards without PIN	13,785	18,759	-26.5	42.5	44.9
<i>The decrease might be due to stricter controls by retails (requisition of ID's).</i>					
fraud using unlawfully obtained credit cards	8,974	8,971	0.0	34.9	41.2
<i>see prior comment</i>					
fraudulent obtaining of services	228,179	220,746	3.4	98.8	98.6
<i>Developments depend for the most part on the checks made by the transport services.</i>					
account opening and transfer fraud	19,520	20,915	-6.7	63.4	69.2
<i>mostly by Internet</i>					
Breaches of trust	30,822	33,744	-8.7	98.0	97.7
Insolvency offenses under the PC	4,972	5,152	-3.5	99.6	99.7
Competition or corruption offenses, offenses committed	6,141	5,881	4.4	82.7	79.9

T1- continuation

Offense	Number		Change (in %)	Clearance rate (in %)	
	2010	2009		2010	2009
Drug offenses - total	231,007	235,842	-2.1	94.7	94.4
<i>Control-related offenses - Recorded developments are strongly influenced by the degree of police and customs activity.</i>					
by type of drug:					
heroin	24,574	27,330	-10.1	94.6	95.5
cocaine	14,260	16,838	-15.3	94.0	92.5
amphetamine/methamphetamine and derivatives (including ecstasy)	35,503	33,178	7.0	95.7	95.3
cannabis	128,868	130,963	-1.6	95.1	94.9
Environmental crime - total (PC)	13,716	14,474	-5.2	59.8	58.2
<i>including:</i>					
unauthorized handling of dangerous wastes Sect. 326 PC (w/o Subsect. 2)	8,620	9,099	-5.3	58.8	57.2
<i>Control-related offenses - Recorded developments are strongly influenced by the intensity of controls by environmental authorities, etc.</i>					
Suspects*)				% age share	
				2010	2009
suspects - total	2,152,803	2,187,217		100.0	100.0
male	1,605,561	1,641,590		74.6	75.1
female	547,242	545,627		25.4	24.9
German suspects - total-	1,680,991	1,724,839		78.1	78.9
non-German suspects - total-	471,812	462,378		21.9	21.1
Total suspects by age *)					
suspects - total	2,152,803	2,187,217			
children (<14)	91,960	96,627			
juveniles (14<18)	231,543	248,702			
young adults (18<21)	216,764	227,847			
adults	1,612,536	1,614,041			
No. of German suspects per 100,000 /by age group *)					
suspects - total (excluding children under 8)	2,417	2,477			
children	1,716	1,801			
juveniles (14<18)	6,511	6,853			
young adults (18<21)	6,866	7,042			
adults	2,077	2,101			

*) The number of suspects per 100,000 is only calculated for German nationals, as certain groups of foreign nationals, particularly illegal aliens, tourists/persons in transit, visitors, cross-border commuters and members of the armed forces stationed in Germany, are not included in the population statistics. However, these groups of foreigners are counted in the Police Crime Statistics as non-German suspects.

6. Cases that come to police notice

For the Federal Republic of Germany as a whole, in 2010 5,933,278 violations of Federal criminal laws were registered in all, *not counting traffic offenses and offenses against state security*. This represents a 2.0 % decrease compared to the previous year. The attempts subject to punishment were counted in the same way as completed acts. The offense rate (number of cases per 100,000 inhabitants) for 2010 is 7,253. The following overview illustrates changes in population and the overall offense rate since 1993.

T2

Year	Population		Offenses that came to police notice		Total offense rate	Change in % compared to previous year	Comments
	No. of inhabitants as of 01 Jan.	Change in % compared to previous year	No. of cases	Change in % compared to previous year			
1993	80,974,600		6,750,613		8,337		
1994	81,338,100	0.4	6,537,748	-3.2	8,038	-3.6	
1995	81,538,600	0.2	6,668,717	2.0	8,179	1.8	
1996	81,817,500	0.3	6,647,598	-0.3	8,125	-0.7	
1997	82,012,200	0.2	6,586,165	-0.9	8,031	-1.2	
1998	82,057,400	0.1	6,456,996	-2.0	7,869	-2.0	
1999	82,037,000	-0.0	6,302,316	-2.4	7,682	-2.4	
2000	82,163,500	0.2	6,264,723	-0.6	7,625	-0.7	
2001	82,259,500	0.1	6,363,865	1.6	7,736	1.5	
2002	82,440,300	0.2	6,507,394	2.3	7,893	2.0	
2003	82,536,700	0.1	6,572,135	1.0	7,963	0.9	
2004	82,531,700	-0.0	6,633,156	0.9	8,037	0.9	
2005	82,501,000	-0.0	6,391,715	-3.6	7,747	-3.6	
2006	82,438,000	-0.1	6,304,223	-1.4	7,647	-1.3	
2007	82,314,900	-0.1	6,284,661	-0.3	7,635	-0.2	
2008	82,217,800	0.1	6,114,128	2.7	7,436	2.6	1)
2009	82,002,400	-0.3	6,054,330	-1.0	7,383	-0.7	2)
2010	81,802,300	-0.2	5,933,278	-2.0	7,253	-1.8	

Comments:

1) 7,335 cases recorded in Bavaria could not be included in the federal data pool due to programme-related technical reasons.

2) The figures for Berlin are too high for the year in question, as a technical adjustment of the counting date was made. 9,372 cases are concerned.

Share represented by attempts with regard to individual offenses or offense groups

T4

Key no.	Offense (categories*)	Recorded cases	Including: attempts		Share in % 2009
			Number	Share in %	
010000+	murder and manslaughter	2,218	1,617	72.9	72.4
020000					
111000	rape and sexual coercion - Sect. 177 (2, 3 and 4), Sect. 178 PC	7,724	1,207	15.6	16.2
210000	robbery	48,166	9,697	20.1	20.0
222000	dangerous and serious bodily injury**)	142,903	15,799	11.1	10.5
224000	(intentional slight) bodily injury	372,950	15,108	4.1	3.7
230000	offenses against personal freedom	197,615	5,288	2.7	2.7
3***00	theft without aggravating circumstances	1,233,812	27,447	2.2	2.2
4***00	theft committed under aggravating circumstances	1,067,974	229,004	21.4	20.6
435*00	theft by burglary of a dwelling (Sect. 244 (1) no. 3 PC)	121,347	46,209	38.1	38.0
510000	fraud	968,162	79,584	8.2	7.9
520000	breaches of trust	30,822	0	0.0	0.0
530000	embezzlement	101,648	657	0.6	0.6
540000	document forgery	67,627	1,779	2.6	2.2
610000	extortion (Sect. 253 PC)	5,528	2,637	47.7	47.1
620000	obstructing public authority and offenses against public order	124,870	741	0.6	0.6
630000	aiding and abetting, obstructing criminal justice, receiving	26,862	2,502	9.3	9.9
640000	arson and creating a fire hazard	21,723	2,160	9.9	9.4
650000	competition offenses, corruption offenses, offenses committed in office	6,141	254	4.1	2.2
674000	damage to property	700,801	7,066	1.0	1.0
676000	offenses against the environment (PC)	13,716	173	1.3	1.4
710000	offenses against supplementary criminal legislation in the economic sector	25,732	233	0.9	1.0
725000	offenses against the Aliens Act, the Asylum Procedures Act, and the Freedom of Movement Act/E.U.	74,153	2,197	3.0	2.9
726000	offenses against the Weapons Act and the War Weapons Control Act	41,378	187	0.5	0.6
730000	drug offenses	231,007	2,850	1.2	1.3
-----	Total no. of offenses	5,933,278	414,644	7.0	6.8

*) The list is not exhaustive.

**) Many of the cases are slight bodily injuries that are committed by more than one person.

In the case of murder and manslaughter offenses, the percentage of attempts is high and, in the case of rape, robbery and theft committed under aggravating circumstances, the percentage of attempts is still relatively high. In addition, a large percentage of attempts (47.7 %, compared to 47.1 % in 2009) was recorded for extortion cases (key no.: 610000). In the case of theft committed under aggravating circumstances, the percentage of attempts recorded serves as an indicator for the success of preventive measures. In the case of "aggravated" theft, there has been no long-term change in the percentage of attempts since the first separate recording of attempts began in 1971 (percentage of attempts in 1971: 16.7 %; percentage of attempts in 2010: also 21.4 %). However, in the case of theft by burglary in a dwelling, the percentage of attempts has risen from 28.3 % (1993) to 38.1 %, which can probably be attributed to improved home security measures. But it is important to keep in mind that, in the case of attempted theft, the number of unreported crimes is particularly high.

7. Case trends and clearing up of offenses or categories of offenses

Notes:

- Clearance rate (CR)
 - Clearance rates higher than 100 % can be explained in part by the fact that cases from previous years were cleared up during the period under review.
 - High rates of increase can be attributed in part to investigative complexes that include numerous individual cases.
 - If the base number (for the cases recorded in 2008) is less than 100, no rate of increase is calculated (x).
 - **N** = new key number
 - Ch** = content-related/editorial change
- In some areas, this means that comparisons with the previous year are difficult, or that only limited comparisons are possible.

Note:

Due to the change from four-digit key numbers to six-digit key numbers in 2009, it is now possible to present the development in a more differentiated way than in the years before. For reasons of space, but also for the sake of clarity, a reduced version of the six-digit key numbers is presented here. The reduction exclusively concerns the theft category (3***00, 4***00, *****00) which continues to be presented on the basis of the four-digit numbering system.

T5

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
-----	Total offenses	5,933,278	6,054,330	-121,052	-2.0	56.0	55.6
000000	Offenses against life	3,216	3,269	-53	-1.6	91.7	91.6
010000	murder (Sect. 211 PC)	692	703	-11	-1.6	96.1	94.6
010079	other types of murder	628	640	-12	-1.9	96.2	95.3
011000	robbery attended with murder	51	49	2	x	96.1	85.7
012000	sexual murder	13	14	-1	x	92.3	92.9
020000	manslaughter and killing another at his own request (Sects. 212, 213, 216 PC)	1,526	1,574	-48	-3.0	95.1	96.2
020010	manslaughter (Sect. 212 PC)	1,505	1,548	-43	-2.8	95.1	96.3
020020	Less serious case of manslaughter (Sect. 213 PC)	5	9	-4	x	100.0	88.9
020030	Killing a person at the person's own request (Sect. 216 PC)	16	17	-1	x	93.8	94.1
030000	homicide by negligence (Sect. 222 PC) (not associated with traffic accidents)	906	898	8	0.9	82.3	81.5
040000	abortion (Sects. 218, 218b, 218c, 219a, 219b PC)	92	94	-2	x	95.7	90.4
040010	termination of pregnancy (Sects. 218)	75	71	4	x	96.0	91.5
040020	termination of pregnancy without a medical determination; incorrect medical determination (Sect. 218b PC)	4	5	-1	x	100.0	60.0
040030	breach of medical duties (Sect. 218c PC)	1	1	0	x	100.0	100.0
040040	advertising for termination of pregnancy (Sect. 219a PC)	12	17	-5	x	91.7	94.1
040050	bringing means for termination of pregnancy into circulation (Sect. 219b PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
100000	Offenses against sexual self-determination	46,869	49,084	-2,215	-4.5	78.9	79.7
110000	with use of violence or exploiting a state of dependence (Sects. 174, 174a, 174b, 174c, 177, 178 PC)	15,373	14,955	418	2.8	82.7	82.6
111000	rape and sexual coercion (Sects. 177 (2, 3 and 4), 178 PC) of which:	7,724	7,314	410	5.6	81.7	81.6
111100	by sudden attack (individual offender) under Sect. 177 (2) no. 1, (3 and 4) PC	1,615	1,783	-168	-9.4	65.8	67.9

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
111200	by sudden attack (group of offenders) (Sect. 177 (2) no. 2 PC)	224	193	31	16.1	35.7	32.6
111300	by a group of offenders (Sect. 177 (2) no. 2 PC)	369	293	76	25.9	69.9	73.7
111400	other offenses under Sect. 177 (2) no. 1, (3 and 4) PC	5,513	5,042	471	9.3	89.0	88.7
111500	rape/sexual coercion attended by death (Sect. 178 PC)	3	3	0	x	100.0	100.0
112000	other types of sexual coercion under Sect. 177 (1 and 5) PC	5,993	6,044	-51	-0.8	80.5	80.1
113000	sexual abuse of persons under offender's care, taking advantage of official status or a confidential relationship (Sects. 174, 174a-c PC) including:	1,656	1,597	59	3.7	95.4	96.6
113010	sexual abuse of wards starting at the age of 14 years (Sect. 174 PC)	590	545	45	8.3	95.9	97.8
113020	sexual abuse of prisoners/persons in custody etc. starting at the age of 14 years (Sect. 174a PC)	30	23	7	x	86.7	100.0
113030	sexual abuse by exploiting a position in a public office to the detriment of persons of persons over 14 (Sect. 174b PC)	5	2	3	x	100.0	100.0
113040	sexual abuse - exploitation of a counseling, treatment or care relationship to the detriment of persons 14 and older (Sect. 174c PC)	185	172	13	7.6	96.8	98.3
113100	to the prejudice of children	846	855	-9	-1.1	95.0	95.3
113110	sexual abuse of wards to the detriment of children (Sect. 174 PC)	788	834	-46	-5.5	94.8	95.8
113120	sexual abuse of prisoners/persons in custody to the detriment of children (Sect. 174a PC)	-	3	-3	x	0.0	66.7
113130	sexual abuse - exploitation of a position in a public office to the detriment of children (Sect. 174b PC)	47	3	44	x	100.0	100.0
113140	sexual abuse - exploitation of a counseling / treatment / care relationship to the detriment of children (Sect. 174c PC)	11	15	-4	x	90.9	73.3
130000	sexual abuse (Sects. 176, 176a, 176b, 179, 182, 183, 183a PC) of which:	21,193	20,998	195	0.9	74.9	73.1
131000	sexual abuse of children (Sects. 176, 176a, 176b PC) including:	11,867	11,319	548	4.8	83.9	83.5
131010	acts under Sect. 176 (5) PC	217	201	16	8.0	83.9	79.6
131100	sexual acts under Sect. 176 (1 and 2) PC	5,559	5,273	286	5.4	90.4	90.1
131200	indecent exposure/sexual acts in front of children (Sect. 176 (4) no. 1 PC)	2,105	2,107	-2	-0.1	54.2	55.5
131300	sexual acts under Sect. 176 (4) no. 2 PC	417	358	59	16.5	85.1	87.4
131400	exerting influence on children under Sect. 176 (4) no. 3 and 4 PC	941	913	28	3.1	80.7	80.8
131500	consummation of sexual intercourse with a child or other acts under Sect. 176a (2) no. 1 PC	1,037	926	111	12.0	96.4	94.5
131600	serious sexual abuse of children for the purpose of producing and distributing pornographic material (Sect. 176a (3) PC)	88	98	-10	x	89.8	88.8
131700	other types of serious sexual abuse of children under Sect. 176a PC	1,503	1,441	62	4.3	94.0	93.8
131800	sexual abuse of children attended by death (Sect. 176b PC)	-	2	-2	x	0.0	100.0
132000	indecent exposure and indecent acts in public (Sects. 183, 183a PC)	6,975	7,340	-365	-5.0	54.6	52.4
132010	exhibitionist acts (Sect. 183)	6,118	6,602	-484	-7.3	51.1	50.0
132020	creating a public nuisance (Sect. 183a PC)	857	738	119	16.1	78.9	74.0
133000	sexual abuse of juveniles (Sect. 182 PC)	985	971	14	1.4	91.7	90.1
134000	sexual abuse of persons incapable of resisting (Sect. 179 PC)	1,366	1,368	-2	-0.1	89.5	86.8
140000	exploiting sexual inclinations (Sects. 180, 180a, 181a, 184, 184a, 184b, 184c, 184d, 184e PC) including:	10,303	13,131	-2,828	-21.5	81.2	86.8
140010	engaging in prohibited prostitution (Sect. 184e PC)	1,089	1,006	83	8.3	99.6	97.6
140020	youth-endangering prostitution (Sect. 184f PC)	9	10	-1	x	100.0	90.0
141000	encouraging sexual acts of minors or exploiting prostitution (Sects. 180, 180a PC) of which:	165	220	-55	-25.0	87.9	92.7

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
141100	encouraging sexual acts of minors (Sect. 180 PC)	115	158	-43	-27.2	87.8	91.1
141200	exploitation of prostitution (Sect. 180a PC)	50	62	-12	x	88.0	96.8
142000	exploiting another's prostitution (Sect. 181a PC)	264	298	-34	-11.4	90.2	94.3
143000 ¹⁾	distribution of pornographic material (products) (Sects. 184, 184a, 184b, 184c PC) including:	8,776	11,597	-2,821	-24.3	78.5	85.6
143010 ¹⁾	other forms of dissemination of writings (products) depicting pornography pursuant (Sect. 184 PC)	995	2,168	-1,173	-54.1	74.7	84.4
143020	dissemination of violent writings or writings depicting pornography with animals pursuant (Sect. 184a PC)	207	256	-49	-19.1	56.5	82.4
143030	dissemination of pornographic presentations via radio, media services or teleservices pursuant (Sect. 184d PC)	201	320	-119	-37.2	80.6	76.9
143100	to persons under 18 years of age	842	1,427	-585	-41.0	87.3	90.0
143200	distribution of child pornography on a commercial/gang-type basis (Sect. 184b (3) PC)	97	101	-4	-4.0	55.7	58.4
143300	possession/procurement of child pornography (Sect. 184b (2), (4) PC)	3,160	3,823	-663	-17.3	87.2	93.5
143400	distribution of child pornography (Sect. 184b (1) PC)	2,687	3,145	-458	-14.6	69.4	76.9
143500	Distribution of juvenile pornography writings (products) with the offender acting on a commercial basis or as a member of a gang pursuant (Sect. 184c (3) PC)	6	11	-5	x	66.7	81.8
143600	Possession/procurement of juvenile pornography pursuant (Sect. 184c (2),(4) PC)	310	186	124	66.7	78.4	96.2
143700	Distribution of juvenile pornography pursuant (Sect. 184c (1) PC)	271	160	111	69.4	79.0	70.6
200000	Acts of brutality and offenses against personal freedom	789,377	797,218	-7,841	-1.0	86.3	86.1
210000	robbery, extortion accompanied by violence, and assault on motorists with intent to rob (Sects. 249-252, 255, 31 6a PC)	48,166	49,317	-1,151	-2.3	52.6	52.6
210010	other forms of robbery (Sect. 249 PC)	3,253	3,467	-214	-6.2	52.4	52.0
210020	serious robbery (Sect. 250 PC)	1,231	1,421	-190	-13.4	48.6	46.9
210030	robbery resulting in death (Sect. 251 PC)	5	-	5	x	80.0	0.0
210040	theft resembling robbery (Sect. 252 PC)	7,484	7,532	-48	-0.6	73.6	73.4
210050	extortion resembling robbery (Sect. 255 PC)	3,866	3,889	-23	-0.6	73.7	72.1
211000	to the prejudice of financial institutions and post offices/postal agencies of which:	433	419	14	3.3	72.3	66.8
211100	robberies of financial institutions (banks/savings banks)	327	326	1	0.3	82.3	70.6
211110	robbery of financial institutions (banks/savings banks), Sect. 249 PC	25	29	-4	x	76.0	75.9
211120	serious robbery of financial institutions (banks/savings banks) (Sect. 250 PC)	105	105	0	0.0	81.0	64.8
211130	robbery resulting in death of financial institutions (banks/savings banks) (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
211150	extortion resembling robbery of financial institutions (banks/savings banks) (Sect. 255 PC)	197	192	5	2.6	83.8	72.9
211200	robberies of post offices	60	56	4	x	40.0	58.9
211210	robbery of post offices (Sect. 249 PC)	9	7	2	x	22.2	57.1
211220	serious robbery of post offices (Sect. 250 PC)	28	32	-4	x	35.7	62.5
211230	robbery resulting in death of post offices (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
211250	extortion resembling robbery of post offices (Sect. 255 PC)	23	17	6	x	52.2	52.9
211300	robberies of postal agencies	46	37	9	x	43.5	45.9
211310	robbery of postal agencies (Sect. 249 PC)	3	1	2	x	0.0	200.0
211320	serious robbery of postal agencies (Sect. 250 PC)	18	18	0	x	55.6	44.4
211330	robbery resulting in death of postal agencies (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
211350	extortion resembling robbery of postal agencies (Sect. 255 PC)	25	18	7	x	40.0	38.9

1) Declining figures in all federal states.

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
212000	other cash points and businesses including:	4,932	4,674	258	5.5	47.2	44.0
212010	robbery of other cash points or businesses (Sect. 249 PC)	456	450	6	1.3	39.7	42.0
212020	serious robbery of other cash points or businesses (Sect. 250 PC)	1,454	1,362	92	6.8	47.9	43.2
212030	robbery resulting in death of other cash points or businesses (Sect. 251 PC)	3	-	3	x	0.0	0.0
212050	extortion resembling robbery of other cash points or businesses (Sect. 251 PC)	931	858	73	8.5	49.0	45.7
212100	gambling halls	1,231	1,078	153	14.2	44.8	38.3
212110	robbery of gambling halls (Sect. 249 PC)	142	158	-16	-10.1	51.4	31.6
212120	serious robbery of gambling halls (Sect. 250 PC)	703	596	107	18.0	44.2	40.3
212130	robbery resulting in death of gambling halls (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
212150	extortion resembling robbery of gambling halls (Sect. 255 PC)	386	324	62	19.1	43.3	38.0
212200	filling stations	857	926	-69	-7.5	51.7	51.4
212210	robbery of filling stations (Sect. 249 PC)	86	106	-20	-18.9	40.7	49.1
212220	serious robbery of filling stations (Sect. 250 PC)	469	485	-16	-3.3	53.7	50.7
212230	robbery resulting in death of filling stations (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
212250	extortion resembling robbery of filling stations (Sect. 255 PC)	302	335	-33	-9.9	51.7	53.1
213000	transports of cash and valuables of which:	120	123	-3	-2.4	36.7	37.4
213100	cash couriers and cash-department staff	118	121	-3	-2.5	35.6	37.2
213110	robbery of cash couriers and cash-department (Sect. 249 PC)	62	60	2	x	27.4	33.3
213120	serious robbery of cash couriers and cash-department (Sect. 250 PC)	41	52	-11	x	56.1	40.4
213130	robbery resulting in death of cash couriers and cash-department (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
213150	extortion resembling robbery of cash couriers and cash-department (Sect. 255 PC)	15	9	6	x	13.3	44.4
213200	special cash-carrying vehicles	2	2	0	x	100.0	50.0
213210	robbery of special cash-carrying vehicles (Sect. 249 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
213220	serious robbery of special cash-carrying vehicles (Sect. 250 PC)	2	2	0	x	50.0	50.0
213230	robbery resulting in death of special cash-carrying vehicles (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
213250	extortion resembling robbery of special cash-carrying vehicles (Sect. 255 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
214000	assault on motorists with intent to rob (Sect. 316a PC) including:	403	417	-14	-3.4	49.9	51.3
214079	assault of other motor vehicle drivers resembling robbery	154	166	-12	-7.2	42.9	48.8
214100	robbing taxicab drivers	249	251	-2	-0.8	54.2	53.0
215000	robbery following restaurant/bar visit	146	151	-5	-3.3	35.6	32.5
215010	robbery following restaurant/bar visit pursuant (Sect. 249 PC)	121	128	-7	-5.5	30.6	31.3
215020	robbery following restaurant/bar visit pursuant (Sect. 250 PC)	17	14	3	x	64.7	21.4
215030	robbery following restaurant/bar visit resulting in death pursuant (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
215050	extortion resembling robbery following restaurant/bar visit pursuant (Sect. 255 PC)	8	9	-1	x	50.0	66.7
216000	handbag robbery	3,669	3,776	-107	-2.8	28.1	28.8
216010	handbag robbery pursuant (Sect. 249 PC)	3,473	3,570	-97	-2.7	27.7	28.0
216020	handbag robbery pursuant (Sect. 250 PC)	174	170	4	2.4	36.8	44.7
216030	handbag robbery resulting in death pursuant (Sect. 251 PC)	2	-	2	x	0.0	0.0
216050	extortion resembling handbag robbery pursuant (Sect. 255 PC)	20	36	-16	x	20.0	33.3
217000	other robberies in streets, lanes or public places	19,673	20,622	-949	-4.6	43.1	44.7
217010	other robbery in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 249 PC)	12,343	13,248	-905	-6.8	38.1	40.3
217020	other serious robbery in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 250 PC)	2,470	2,528	-58	-2.3	43.9	42.5

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
217030	other robbery resulting in death in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 251 PC)	3	4	-1	x	33.3	50.0
217050	other extortion resembling robbery in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 255 PC)	4,857	4,842	15	0.3	55.6	57.7
218000	robbery committed to obtain narcotics	131	135	-4	-3.0	78.6	81.5
218010	robbery committed to obtain narcotics pursuant (Sect. 249 PC)	43	61	-18	x	67.4	82.0
218020	serious robbery committed to obtain narcotics pursuant (Sect. 250 PC)	32	28	4	x	78.1	85.7
218030	robbery resulting in death committed to obtain narcotics pursuant (Sect. 251 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
218050	extortion resembling robbery committed to obtain narcotics pursuant (Sect. 255 PC)	56	46	10	x	87.5	78.3
219000	robberies in residences	2,820	2,691	129	4.8	75.4	77.4
219010	robbery in residences pursuant (Sect. 249 PC)	1,274	1,254	20	1.6	73.8	76.2
219020	serious robbery in residences pursuant (Sect. 250 PC)	781	706	75	10.6	67.1	69.0
219030	robbery resulting in death in residences pursuant (Sect. 251 PC)	3	2	1	x	100.0	100.0
219050	extortion resembling robbery in residences pursuant (Sect. 255 PC)	762	729	33	4.5	86.6	87.7
220000	bodily injury (Sects. 223-227, 229, 231 PC)	543,596	544,853	-1,257	-0.2	88.2	87.9
221000	bodily injury resulting in death (Sects. 227, 231 PC)	98	93	5	x	93.9	88.2
221010	bodily injury resulting in death (Sect. 227 PC)	98	93	5	x	93.9	88.2
221020	participation in a brawl resulting in death (Sect. 231 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
222000 ²⁾	dangerous and serious bodily injury (Sects. 224, 226, 231 PC) including:	142,903	149,301	-6,398	-4.3	82.3	82.2
222010	other places of commission of dangerous bodily injury pursuant (Sect. 224 PC)	72,958	77,641	-4,683	-6.0	88.8	88.3
222020	other places of commission of serious bodily injury (Sect. 226 PC)	452	519	-67	-12.9	88.3	86.9
222030	other places of participation in a brawl not resulting in death (Sect. 231 PC)	46	36	10	x	84.8	91.7
222100	dangerous and serious bodily injury in streets, lanes or public places	69,447	71,105	-1,658	-2.3	75.5	75.4
222110	dangerous bodily injury pursuant (Sect. 224 PC) in streets, lanes or public places	69,069	70,663	-1,594	-2.3	75.5	75.4
222120	serious bodily injury in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 226 PC)	306	349	-43	-12.3	81.7	76.8
222130	participation in a brawl not resulting in death in streets, lanes or public places (Sect. 231 PC)	72	93	-21	x	90.3	81.7
223000	mistreatment of persons under offender's care (Sect. 225 PC) including:	5,006	4,677	329	7.0	97.7	97.6
223001	maltreatment of wards over the age of 14	1,268	1,187	81	6.8	96.9	96.5
223100	child abuse	3,738	3,490	248	7.1	98.0	98.0
224000	(intentional slight) bodily injury (Sect. 223 PC)	372,950	369,709	3,241	0.9	90.5	90.3
225000	negligent bodily injury (Sect. 229 PC)	22,639	21,073	1,566	7.4	84.9	85.4
230000 ³⁾	offenses against personal freedom (Sects. 232-233a, 234, 235, 236, 238-239b, 240, 241, 316c PC) of which:	197,615	203,048	-5,433	-2.7	89.3	89.3
231000	kidnapping, child abduction, trafficking in children (Sects. 234-236 PC) including:	1,699	1,810	-111	-6.1	96.8	96.1
231100	kidnapping (Sect. 234 PC)	7	11	-4	x	71.4	54.5
231200	child abduction (under 18 years) (Sect. 235 PC)	1,685	1,781	-96	-5.4	96.9	96.7
231300	trafficking in children (Sect. 236 PC)	7	18	-11	x	85.7	55.6

2) Declining figures in almost all federal states.

3) Different development in the federal states.

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
232000 ³⁾	deprivation of liberty, coercion, threats (Sects. 238, 239, 240, 241 PC) of which:	195,033	200,210	-5,177	-2.6	89.3	89.3
232100	deprivation of liberty (Sect. 239 PC)	4,757	4,971	-214	-4.3	91.5	90.8
232200	coercion (Sect. 240 PC)	63,976	63,492	484	0.8	86.3	86.4
232201	coercion in road traffic pursuant to Sect. 240 (4) no. 1 PC)	31,998	31,609	389	1.2	83.4	83.5
232202	coercion to enter into marriage pursuant (Sect. 240 (4) sentence 2 no. 1 PC)	158	93	65	x	93.0	87.1
232279	other coercion pursuant (Sect. 240 (1 and 4) PC)	31,820	31,790	30	0.1	89.2	89.3
232300	threats (Sect. 241 PC)	99,452	103,211	-3,759	-3.6	91.0	90.9
232400	stalking (Sect. 238 PC)	26,848	28,536	-1,688	-5.9	89.5	89.5
232410	stalking pursuant (Sect. 238 (1) PC)	26,218	27,920	-1,702	-6.1	89.5	89.5
232420	stalking pursuant (Sect. 238 (2) PC)	611	604	7	1.2	88.4	89.6
232430	stalking pursuant (Sect. 238 (3) PC)	19	12	7	x	89.5	75.0
233000	extortionate kidnapping (Sect. 239a PC)	81	89	-8	x	92.6	84.3
233079	other extortionate kidnapping	70	77	-7	x	91.4	85.7
233100	extortionate kidnapping in connection with robbery of financial institutions, post offices and postal agencies	5	7	-2	x	100.0	85.7
233200	extortionate kidnapping in connection with robbery of other cash points and businesses	6	5	1	x	100.0	60.0
233300	extortionate kidnapping in connection with robberies of transports of cash and valuables	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
234000	hostage taking (Sect. 239b PC) including:	52	55	-3	x	98.1	96.4
234079	other hostage taking	48	52	-4	x	95.8	98.1
234100	hostage taking in connection with robberies of financial institutions, post offices or postal agencies	3	3	0	x	133.3	66.7
234200	hostage taking in connection with robberies of other cash points and businesses	1	-	1	x	100.0	0.0
234300	hostage taking in connection with robberies of transports of cash and valuables	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
235000	attacks on air and sea traffic (Sect. 316c PC)	1	-	1	x	0.0	0.0
236000	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 PC) of which:	621	811	-190	-23.4	84.4	88.7
236100	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 (1) PC)	412	503	-91	-18.1	82.8	85.7
236200	trafficking in human beings to the prejudice of children with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 (3) no. 1 PC)	6	37	-31	x	66.7	89.2
236300	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 (3) no. 2 PC)	8	7	1	x	87.5	100.0
236400	trafficking in human beings on a commercial or gang-type basis with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 (3) no. 3 PC)	62	141	-79	-56.0	95.2	98.6
236500	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 (4) PC)	133	123	10	8.1	85.0	88.6
237000	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 PC) of which:	61	24	37	x	95.1	95.8
237100	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 (1) PC)	51	18	33	x	96.1	94.4
237200	trafficking in human beings to the prejudice of children with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 (3) with reference to Sect. 232 (3) no. 1 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
237300	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 (3) with reference to Sect. 232 (3) no. 2 PC)	-	2	-2	x	0.0	100.0
237400	trafficking in human beings on a commercial or gang-type basis with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 (3) with reference to Sect. 232 (3) no. 3 PC)	2	-	2	x	100.0	0.0
237500	trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit manpower (Sect. 233 (3) with reference to Sect. 232 (4) PC)	8	4	4	x	87.5	100.0

3) Different development in the federal states.

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
238000	encouraging trafficking in human beings (Sect. 233a PC) of which:	67	49	18	x	85.1	89.8
238100	encouraging trafficking in human beings (Sect. 233a (1) PC) in connection with trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 PC)	37	37	0	x	73.0	89.2
238200	encouraging trafficking in human beings (Sect. 233a (1) PC) in connection with trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 PC)	23	6	17	x	100.0	83.3
238300	encouraging trafficking in human beings (Sect. 233a (2) PC) in connection with trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit prostitution (Sect. 232 PC)	3	5	-2	x	100.0	100.0
238400	encouraging trafficking in human beings (Sect. 233a (2) PC) in connection with trafficking in human beings with intent to exploit man power (Sect. 233 PC)	4	1	3	x	100.0	100.0
3***00	4) Theft without aggravating circumstances (Sects. 242, 247, 248 a-c PC)	1,233,812	1,235,880	-2,068	-0.2	42.9	43.8
3**100	of motor vehicles (including taking without consent)	7,434	7,436	-2	0.0	66.6	66.2
3**200	of mopeds and motorcycles (including taking without consent)	6,395	7,450	-1,055	-14.2	35.5	36.2
3**300	of bicycles (including taking without consent)	59,012	67,245	-8,233	-12.2	23.9	23.9
3**400	of firearms	320	359	-39	-10.9	46.6	47.4
3**500	of non-cash means of payment	113,499	101,392	12,107	11.9	8.0	8.3
3**600	of official seals and stamps, forms for identity documents and motor vehicle documents	441	538	-97	-18.0	29.9	26.6
3**700	of/from coin-operated machines	2,041	2,633	-592	-22.5	27.6	26.1
3**800	of antiques, works of art and religious items	1,403	1,169	234	20.0	18.5	30.5
305*00	in/from banks, savings banks, post offices, and the like	2,195	2,266	-71	-3.1	37.3	37.4
310*00	in/from office, manufacturing, workshop, and storage premises	48,056	50,930	-2,874	-5.6	26.0	25.9
315*00	in/from restaurants, bars, canteens, hotels and boarding houses	37,830	36,986	844	2.3	15.9	15.8
320*00	in/from kiosks	998	1,091	-93	-8.5	45.9	43.9
325*00	in/from department stores, sales rooms, self-service stores	412,239	417,441	-5,202	-1.2	86.6	87.3
326*00	shoplifting	375,334	382,996	-7,662	-2.0	93.1	92.9
330*00	in/from store windows, showcases and display cases	471	527	-56	-10.6	34.2	28.7
335*00	in/from dwellings	50,283	49,550	733	1.5	55.4	54.8
340*00	in/from attics, basements, laundry rooms	13,604	13,946	-342	-2.5	21.3	20.8
345*00	in/from predominantly unoccupied new or unfinished buildings, construction sites and site huts	12,529	10,563	1,966	18.6	14.8	15.8
350*00	in/from motor vehicles	33,764	33,698	66	0.2	17.7	17.2
355000	petty theft involving motor vehicles	105,305	106,506	-1,201	-1.1	7.8	7.6
371000	of narcotics from pharmacies	31	30	1	x	38.7	66.7
372000	of narcotics from doctors' practices	31	31	0	x	77.4	80.6
373000	of narcotics from hospitals	174	175	-1	-0.6	55.2	50.9
374000	of narcotics from manufacturers and wholesale dealers	24	10	14	x	58.3	40.0
375000	of prescription forms to procure narcotics	161	169	-8	-4.7	80.7	80.5
395000	theft of heavy livestock	212	265	-53	-20.0	26.9	26.8
4***00	4) Theft committed under aggravating circumstances (Sects. 243-244a PC)	1,067,974	1,108,766	-40,792	-3.7	15.1	14.9
4**100	of motor vehicles	34,568	32,939	1,629	4.9	15.8	17.7
4**200	of mopeds and motorcycles	35,083	39,868	-4,785	-12.0	19.6	19.5
4**300	of bicycles	247,547	278,101	-30,554	-11.0	6.9	7.0
4**400	of firearms	505	601	-96	-16.0	31.1	29.0
4**500	of non-cash means of payment	16,051	16,672	-621	-3.7	19.7	17.2
4**600	of official seals and stamps, of forms for identity documents and motor vehicle documents	149	143	6	4.2	19.5	22.4

4) See note on page 19.

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
4**700	from/of coin-operated machines	17,361	19,088	-1,727	-9.0	21.0	22.5
4**800	of antiques, works of art and religious objects	1,008	886	122	13.8	23.5	31.0
405*00	in/from banks, savings banks, post offices, and the like	1,564	1,245	319	25.6	25.7	32.8
410*00	in/from office, manufacturing, workshop, and storage premises	98,923	101,486	-2,563	-2.5	21.0	20.2
415*00	in/from restaurants, bars, canteens, hotels and boarding houses	28,178	28,884	-706	-2.4	19.7	19.9
420*00	in/from kiosks	6,861	7,510	-649	-8.6	22.1	23.6
425*00	in/from department stores, salesrooms, self-service stores	48,105	48,223	-118	-0.2	40.3	38.8
426*00	shoplifting	12,328	11,037	1,291	11.7	87.8	86.6
430*00	in/from show windows	2,157	2,349	-192	-8.2	23.5	24.4
435*00	theft by burglary of a dwelling (Sect. 244 (1) no. 3 PC)	121,347	113,800	7,547	6.6	15.9	16.9
436*00	daytime burglaries of residences	51,065	48,401	2,664	5.5	15.5	16.5
440*00	in/from attics, basements, laundry rooms	76,302	71,606	4,696	6.6	10.4	9.9
445*00	in/from predominantly unoccupied new or unfinished buildings, construction sites and site huts	16,061	13,893	2,168	15.6	9.3	9.2
450*00	in/from motor vehicles	203,556	219,097	-15,541	-7.1	11.6	11.4
455000	Theft committed under aggravating circumstances involving motor vehicles	15,518	16,775	-1,257	-7.5	13.8	11.2
471000	of narcotics from pharmacies	184	172	12	7.0	35.9	46.5
472000	of narcotics from doctors' practices	114	127	-13	-10.2	33.3	31.5
473000	of narcotics from hospitals	57	57	0	x	43.9	31.6
474000	of narcotics from manufacturers and wholesale dealers	1	2	-1	x	100.0	0.0
475000	of prescription forms to procure narcotics	34	35	-1	x	50.0	34.3
495000	theft of heavy livestock	78	70	8	x	19.2	21.4
****00	4) Total thefts	2,301,786	2,344,646	-42,860	-1.8	30.0	30.1
***100	of motor vehicles (including taking without consent)	42,002	40,375	1,627	4.0	24.8	26.7
***200	of mopeds and motorcycles (including taking without consent)	41,478	47,318	-5,840	-12.3	22.0	22.1
***300	of bicycles (including taking without consent)	306,559	345,346	-38,787	-11.2	10.1	10.3
***400	of firearms	825	960	-135	-14.1	37.1	35.8
***500	of non-cash means of payment	129,550	118,064	11,486	9.7	9.5	9.6
***600	of official seals and stamps, of forms for identity documents and motor vehicle documents	590	681	-91	-13.4	27.3	25.7
***700	of/from coin-operated machines	19,402	21,721	-2,319	-10.7	21.7	22.9
***800	of antiques, works of art and religious objects	2,411	2,055	356	17.3	20.6	30.8
*05*00	in/from banks, savings banks, post offices, and the like	3,759	3,511	248	7.1	32.5	35.7
*10*00	in/from office, manufacturing, workshop, and storage premises	146,979	152,416	-5,437	-3.6	22.6	22.1
*15*00	in/from restaurants, bars, canteens, hotels and boarding houses	66,008	65,870	138	0.2	17.6	17.6
*20*00	in/from kiosks	7,859	8,601	-742	-8.6	25.1	26.2
*25*00	in/from department stores, salesrooms, self-service stores	460,344	465,664	-5,320	-1.1	81.7	82.3
*26*00	shoplifting	387,662	394,033	-6,371	-1.6	92.9	92.7
*30*00	in/from store windows, showcases and display cases	2,628	2,876	-248	-8.6	25.4	25.1
*35*00	in/from dwellings	171,630	163,350	8,280	5.1	27.5	28.4
*40*00	in/from attics, basements, laundry rooms	89,906	85,552	4,354	5.1	12.1	11.7
*45*00	in/from predominantly unoccupied new or unfinished buildings, construction sites and site huts	28,590	24,456	4,134	16.9	11.7	12.1
*50*00	in/from motor vehicles	237,320	252,795	-15,475	-6.1	12.5	12.2
*55000	from the exterior of motor vehicles	120,823	123,281	-2,458	-2.0	8.6	8.1
*71000	of narcotics from pharmacies	215	202	13	6.4	36.3	49.5
*72000	of narcotics from doctors' practices	145	158	-13	-8.2	42.8	41.1

4) See note on page 19.

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
*73000	of narcotics from hospitals	231	232	-1	-0.4	52.4	46.1
*74000	of narcotics from manufacturers and wholesale dealers	25	12	13	x	60.0	33.3
*75000	of prescription forms to procure narcotics	195	204	-9	-4.4	75.4	72.5
*90*00	pickpocketing	104,145	92,571	11,574	12.5	5.2	5.6
*95000	theft of heavy livestock	290	335	-45	-13.4	24.8	25.7
500000	Fraud-type property offenses and forgery	1,183,304	1,169,463	13,841	1.2	78.7	79.8
510000	fraud (Sects. 263, 263a, 264, 264a, 265, 265a, 265b PC) of which:	968,162	955,804	12,358	1.3	79.9	81.3
511000	fraudulent failure to supply goods as agreed and obtaining goods by fraud	289,988	307,533	-17,545	-5.7	77.4	79.5
511100	obtaining motor vehicles by fraud	2,135	2,306	-171	-7.4	95.1	94.4
511200	obtaining other goods by fraud	191,665	189,033	2,632	1.4	71.5	72.4
511201	non-payment of a fuel bill	78,070	79,830	-1,760	-2.2	43.1	45.5
511202	long firm fraud	180	265	-85	-32.1	91.1	97.0
511279	further types of obtaining goods by fraud	113,415	108,938	4,477	4.1	91.0	92.1
511300	fraudulent failure to supply goods as agreed	96,188	116,194	-20,006	-17.2	88.8	90.8
512000	fraud involving land and buildings	440	493	-53	-10.8	92.7	96.3
512001	fraud involving buildings	294	323	-29	-9.0	92.5	97.2
512002	fraud involving land	146	170	-24	-14.1	93.2	94.7
513000 ⁵⁾	fraud involving holdings and investments of which:	11,017	17,911	-6,894	-38.5	98.7	99.6
513100	prospectus fraud (Sect. 264a)	231	36	195	x	99.1	88.9
513200 ⁵⁾	investment fraud under Sect. 263 PC	9,615	16,438	-6,823	-41.5	98.9	99.7
513300	fraud involving speculative exchange translations	19	10	9	x	31.6	60.0
513400	fraud involving holdings	1,085	1,364	-279	-20.5	99.7	99.2
513500	security-deposit fraud	48	48	0	x	81.3	89.6
513600	debt-conversion fraud	19	15	4	x	89.5	100.0
514000	monetary credit fraud of which:	6,768	8,143	-1,375	-16.9	87.5	89.5
514100	credit fraud (Sect. 265b PC)	348	406	-58	-14.3	92.8	93.6
514200	subsidy fraud (Sect. 264 PC)	470	625	-155	-24.8	97.2	97.9
514300	credit fraud (Sect. 263 PC)	5,393	6,476	-1,083	-16.7	92.6	94.3
514400	fraud involving bills of exchange	523	617	-94	-15.2	25.4	28.0
514500	securities fraud	34	19	15	x	47.1	47.4
515000 ⁶⁾	fraudulent obtaining of services (Sect. 265a PC)	228,179	220,746	7,433	3.4	98.8	98.6
515001 ⁶⁾	nonpayment of fare	227,388	219,573	7,815	3.6	98.9	98.7
515002	entrance to an event or institution by devious means	429	610	-181	-29.7	95.8	96.4
515003	fraudulent obtaining of services of a coin-operated machine	235	248	-13	-5.2	82.1	82.3
515004	fraudulent obtaining of services of a telecommunications network serving public purposes	127	315	-188	-59.7	74.0	84.1
516000	fraud using unlawfully obtained non-cash means of payment of which:	68,528	70,918	-2,390	-3.4	37.2	39.2
516100	checks	637	637	0	0.0	60.1	58.9
516200	debit cards without PIN (direct debiting)	13,785	18,759	-4,974	-26.5	42.5	44.9
516300	debit cards with PIN	23,612	23,163	449	1.9	40.7	38.5
516400	credit cards	8,974	8,971	3	0.0	34.9	41.2
516500	payment card data	19,100	17,072	2,028	11.9	27.3	30.1
516900	other non-cash means of payment	2,420	2,316	104	4.5	54.1	54.4
517000 ⁷⁾	other types of fraud of which:	363,242	330,060	33,182	10.1	77.2	79.2
517100 ⁷⁾	fraudulent failure to provide service as agreed	49,167	31,967	17,200	53.8	87.3	83.8
517200	obtaining services by fraud	42,853	45,423	-2,570	-5.7	87.8	88.7
517300	job placement fraud	321	629	-308	-49.0	95.3	96.8

5) In 2009 complex investigation with 9,581 cases.

6) Increase through change in reporting behaviour of Deutsche Bahn.

7) In 2010 complex investigation with 14,589 individual cases.

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
517400	fraud to the detriment of insurance companies and insurance abuse (Sects. 263, 265 PC)	4,741	4,415	326	7.4	98.5	98.8
517410	fraud to the detriment of insurance companies	4,547	4,115	432	10.5	98.6	99.0
517420	abuse of insurance	194	300	-106	-35.3	97.4	96.7
517500	computer fraud (Sect. 263a PC) (if not recorded under key nos. 5163 or 5179)	27,292	22,963	4,329	18.9	30.2	34.8
517600	fraud involving commissions	2,498	4,068	-1,570	-38.6	89.0	87.3
517700	fraud to the detriment of social security systems and institutions	5,104	4,738	366	7.7	99.3	99.3
517800	(other types of) social security fraud (if not recorded under key no. 5177)	19,901	16,234	3,667	22.6	99.6	99.2
517900	fraud involving authorization to access communication services	7,993	7,205	788	10.9	44.0	41.1
518100	false accounting	5,746	6,757	-1,011	-15.0	91.2	92.4
518110	false accounting in the healthcare sector	3,790	4,760	-970	-20.4	97.4	99.3
518179	other false accounting	1,956	1,997	-41	-2.1	79.3	75.9
518200	nonpayment of hotel bill	10,610	11,624	-1,014	-8.7	95.2	95.0
518300	account opening and transfer fraud	19,520	20,915	-1,395	-6.7	63.4	69.2
518310	account opening fraud	3,643	4,509	-866	-19.2	71.2	75.4
518320	transfer fraud	15,877	16,406	-529	-3.2	61.6	67.5
518400	nonpayment of pub/restaurant bill	5,924	6,394	-470	-7.4	88.7	89.3
518800	loan procurement fraud	2,676	2,028	648	32.0	97.5	96.9
518900	further types of fraud	158,896	144,700	14,196	9.8	75.9	79.2
520000	breaches of trust (Sects. 266, 266a, 266b PC)	30,822	33,744	-2,922	-8.7	98.0	97.7
521000	breach of trust (Sect. 266 PC)	10,186	12,577	-2,391	-19.0	98.3	98.2
521079	other breach of trust	9,725	12,112	-2,387	-19.7	98.2	98.2
521100	breach of trust involving investment transactions	461	465	-4	-0.9	99.1	98.1
522000	withholding and embezzlement of wages or salaries (Sect. 266a PC)	16,659	17,233	-574	-3.3	99.4	99.2
523000	misuse of check cards and credit cards (Sect. 266b PC)	3,977	3,934	43	1.1	91.5	90.2
530000	embezzlement (Sects. 246, 247, 248a PC) including:	101,648	103,095	-1,447	-1.4	57.6	58.0
530010	other embezzlement pursuant (Sect. 246 PC) - without motor vehicle	80,985	81,572	-587	-0.7	53.9	54.6
530020	other embezzlement pursuant (Sect. 247 PC) - without motor vehicle	2,634	2,618	16	0.6	75.9	75.7
530030	embezzlement of things of slight value	10,196	10,566	-370	-3.5	53.1	50.5
531000	motor vehicle misappropriation	7,833	8,339	-506	-6.1	95.7	95.0
531010	motor vehicle misappropriation pursuant (Sect. 246 PC)	7,525	8,017	-492	-6.1	95.7	94.9
531020	motor vehicle misappropriation pursuant (Sect. 247 PC)	308	322	-14	-4.3	96.4	97.5
540000	⁸⁾ document forgery (Sects. 267-271, 273-279, 281 PC) including:	67,627	62,137	5,490	8.8	86.3	86.2
540001	other document forgery (Sect. 267 PC)	43,579	41,428	2,151	5.2	88.8	88.9
540002	⁸⁾ constructive false certification	5,208	3,262	1,946	59.7	97.4	97.3
540003	modification of official identification documents	503	472	31	6.6	97.0	95.8
540004	suppression of documents; alteration of a boundary marker (Sect. 274 PC)	1,279	762	517	67.8	86.9	76.6
540005	preparation for counterfeiting of official identification documents	32	26	6	x	96.9	84.6
540006	procuring false official identification documents	1,396	1,547	-151	-9.8	95.6	96.5
540007	falsification of health certificates	34	47	-13	x	97.1	100.0
540008	issuing incorrect health certificates	109	100	9	9.0	94.5	97.0
540009	use of incorrect health certificates	300	27	273	x	99.7	100.0
540010	misuse of identification papers	5,313	5,158	155	3.0	94.5	94.5

8) Complex investigation with 2,390 individual cases.

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
541000	falsification of technical recordings (Sect. 268 PC)	1,420	1,453	-33	-2.3	96.0	94.7
541001	manipulation of tachographs (Sect. 268 PC)	252	137	115	83.9	98.4	96.4
541079	other falsification of technical records	1,168	1,316	-148	-11.2	95.5	94.5
542000	forgery committed to obtain narcotics	1,614	1,536	78	5.1	75.7	79.9
543000	falsification of legally relevant data, deception in legal transactions in connection with data processing (Sects. 269, 270 PC)	6,840	6,319	521	8.2	52.0	53.2
543010	falsification of legally relevant data (Sect. 269 PC)	6,512	6,018	494	8.2	52.5	53.4
543020	deception in legal relations through data processing (Sect. 270 PC)	328	301	27	9.0	41.2	48.5
550000	counterfeiting currency and official stamps, counterfeiting guarantee-secured and non-guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bills of exchange (Sects. 146-149, 151, 152, 152a, 152b PC) including:	10,073	9,531	542	5.7	54.2	47.8
550010	commercial and gang-type counterfeiting of money pursuant (Sect. 146 (2) PC)	257	57	200	x	100.0	100.0
550020	counterfeiting securities	66	13	53	x	100.0	100.0
550030	counterfeiting currency and official stamps of a	21	6	15	x	100.0	100.0
551000	counterfeiting currency and official stamps, including preparatory acts (Sect. 146 except for (1) no. 3, Sects. 148, 149 PC)	889	563	326	57.9	100.9	100.5
551010	counterfeiting of money (including preparatory acts) (Sects. 146 (1) no. 3 PC)	398	341	57	16.7	100.0	100.6
551020	counterfeiting of stamps	381	188	193	102.7	100.3	100.5
551030	preparation of the counterfeiting of money and stamps	110	34	76	x	106.4	100.0
552000	putting counterfeit money into circulation (Sect. 146 (1) no. 3, Sect. 147 PC)	2,237	2,170	67	3.1	100.1	100.1
552010	putting counterfeit money into circulation (Sect. 146 (1) no. 3 PC)	1,486	1,491	-5	-0.3	100.1	100.1
552020	putting counterfeit money into circulation pursuant (Sect. 147 PC (bona fide purchase))	751	679	72	10.6	100.0	100.1
553000	counterfeiting currency and official stamps, counterfeiting guarantee-secured and non-guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bills of exchange (Sects. 152a, 152b PC) of which:	6,603	6,722	-119	-1.8	30.0	25.9
553100	use of false guarantee-secured or non-guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bills of exchange (Sects. 152a, 152b PC)	3,029	2,633	396	15.0	37.1	32.7
553110	use of false guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bill of exchange	659	459	200	43.6	28.5	31.2
553120	use of false guarantee-secured payment cards	2,370	2,174	196	9.0	39.5	33.0
553200	counterfeiting, falsifying, procuring, offering for sale or handing over false guarantee-secured or non-guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bills of exchange (Sects. 152a, 152b PC)	3,574	4,089	-515	-12.6	24.0	21.4
553210	counterfeiting, falsifying, procuring, offering for sale or handing over false guarantee-secured or non-guarantee-secured payment cards, checks and bills of exchange	540	375	165	44.0	17.0	15.2
553220	counterfeiting, falsifying, procuring, offering for sale or handing over false guarantee-secured payment	3,034	3,714	-680	-18.3	25.2	22.1
560000	bankruptcy offenses (Sects. 283, 283a-d PC) of which:	4,972	5,152	-180	-3.5	99.6	99.7
561000	criminal bankruptcy (Sect. 283 PC)	3,724	3,839	-115	-3.0	99.7	99.6
562000	especially serious case of bankruptcy (Sect. 283a PC)	16	13	3	x	100.0	100.0
563000	violation of the obligation to keep books (Sect. 283b PC)	1,013	1,084	-71	-6.5	99.5	99.8
564000	preferential treatment for a creditor (Sect. 283c PC)	170	184	-14	-7.6	99.4	100.0
565000	preferential treatment for a debtor (Sect. 283d PC)	49	32	17	x	100.0	96.9

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
600000	Other criminal offenses (PC)	1,214,754	1,287,336	-72,582	-5.6	50.1	48.3
610000	extortion (Sect. 253 PC) including:	5,528	5,776	-248	-4.3	82.1	84.8
610001	protection racketeering	130	137	-7	-5.1	70.0	70.1
610079	other extortion	5,303	5,549	-246	-4.4	82.4	85.3
611000	extortion on a sexual basis	95	90	5	x	83.2	77.8
620000	resistance to public authority and offenses against public order (Sects. 111, 113, 114, 120, 121, 123-127, 129, 130-134, 136, 138, 140, 145, 145a, 145c, 145d PC) including:	124,870	131,468	-6,598	-5.0	89.7	89.3
620001	disturbance of the public peace by threatening to commit crimes	4,196	5,496	-1,300	-23.7	76.3	77.4
620002	formation of armed groups	13	13	0	x	92.3	84.6
620003	formation of criminal organizations	52	44	8	x	88.5	88.6
620004	instructions for crimes	36	32	4	x	72.2	75.0
620005	usurpation of office	1,376	1,294	82	6.3	62.4	62.1
620006	misuse of titles, professional designations and	1,076	995	81	8.1	91.7	92.8
620007	breach of official custody	174	159	15	9.4	63.8	69.2
620008	tampering with official announcements	1	5	-4	x	100.0	40.0
620009	breach of attachment, breach of seals	880	831	49	5.9	71.6	74.0
620010	failure to report planned crimes	43	46	-3	x	100.0	95.7
620011	rewarding and approving crimes	12	32	-20	x	58.3	46.9
620013	misuse of emergency calls and impairment of means for emergency assistance and preventing accidents	9,893	10,716	-823	-7.7	63.4	61.8
620014	violation of instructions during supervision of conduct	1,054	695	359	51.7	100.0	99.9
620015	violation of a prohibition of engagement in a profession	15	11	4	x	100.0	100.0
621000	resistance to public authority (Sects. 111, 113, 114, 120, 121 PC)	23,372	26,344	-2,972	-11.3	98.1	98.6
621010	public incitement to crime	376	210	166	79.0	53.7	54.8
Ch 621020	resistance to law enforcement officials	22,223	25,401	-3,178	-12.5	99.0	99.1
N 621021	resistance to police officers	21,498	x	x	x	99.0	x
N 621029	resistance to law enforcement officers (without police officers)	725	x	x	x	98.3	x
621030	resistance to persons equivalent to law enforcement officials	177	180	-3	-1.7	97.2	98.3
621040	freeing of prisoners	575	540	35	6.5	92.0	89.8
621050	mutiny by prisoners	21	13	8	x	100.0	92.3
622000	trespassing on the premises of another Sects. 123, 124 PC	65,408	65,568	-160	-0.2	91.9	91.7
622100	trespassing on the premises of another (Sect. 123 PC)	65,285	65,462	-177	-0.3	91.9	91.7
622200	aggravated trespassing on the premises of another (Sect. 124 PC)	123	106	17	16.0	89.4	88.7
623000	breach of the public peace (Sects. 125, 125a PC)	1,815	2,589	-774	-29.9	76.1	74.5
623010	breach of the peace (Sect. 125 PC)	1,286	1,965	-679	-34.6	75.6	76.4
623020	especially serious case breach of the peace (Sect. 125a PC)	529	624	-95	-15.2	77.3	68.4
624000	feigning commission of a crime (Sect. 145d PC)	12,303	12,760	-457	-3.6	99.0	98.7
624010	feigning a crime against sexual selfdetermination	818	779	39	5.0	98.7	98.1
624079	feigning another crime	8,200	8,453	-253	-3.0	98.3	98.4
624100	feigning a robbery	1,245	1,364	-119	-8.7	100.0	99.4
624200	feigning a theft	2,040	2,164	-124	-5.7	101.3	99.8
624201	feigning a theft of a motor vehicle	700	780	-80	-10.3	101.6	100.3
624279	feigning another theft	1,340	1,384	-44	-3.2	101.1	99.5
626000	glorification of violence (Sect. 131 PC)	265	408	-143	-35.0	88.3	91.4
626079	other glorification of violence	221	318	-97	-30.5	88.2	89.3
626100	material made available to persons under 18 (Sect. 131 (1) no. 3 PC)	44	90	-46	x	88.6	98.9
627000	incitement to hatred and violence against segments of the population (Sect. 130 PC)	2,886	3,430	-544	-15.9	66.5	65.6

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
630000	aiding and abetting, obstructing criminal justice (without obstructing criminal justice as a public official), receiving, and money laundering (Sects. 257, 258, 259-261 PC) including:	26,862	25,791	1,071	4.2	95.7	96.5
630010	accessory after the fact	247	250	-3	-1.2	99.2	98.0
630020	obstruction of punishment	3,672	3,724	-52	-1.4	98.5	98.9
631000	receiving stolen motor vehicles (Sects. 259-260a PC) including:	1,310	1,316	-6	-0.5	94.0	94.8
631079	receiving stolen motor vehicles pursuant (Sect. 259 PC)	964	938	26	2.8	92.7	93.3
631100	on a repetitive and gainful basis (Sect. 260 (1) no. 1 PC)	187	162	25	15.4	97.3	96.9
631200	gang-type receiving (Sect. 260 (1) no. 2 PC)	30	39	-9	x	93.3	94.9
631300	gang-type receiving on a repetitive and gainful basis (Sect. 260a PC)	129	177	-48	-27.1	98.4	100.6
632000	other types of receiving (Sects. 259-260a PC)	14,869	15,935	-1,066	-6.7	96.7	96.8
632079	other types of receiving (Sect. 260 (1) subpara 1 PC)	13,386	13,663	-277	-2.0	96.7	96.6
632100	on a repetitive and gainful basis (Sect. 260 (1) no. 1 PC)	1,153	1,551	-398	-25.7	96.2	96.8
632200	gang-type receiving (Sect. 260 (1) no. 2 PC)	171	131	40	30.5	99.4	97.7
632300	gang-type receiving on a repetitive and gainful basis (Sect. 260a PC)	159	590	-431	-73.1	95.0	100.0
633000	money laundering, concealment of unlawfully acquired assets (Sect. 261 PC)	6,764	4,566	2,198	48.1	92.2	93.8
640000	arson and causing a risk of fire (Sects. 306-306d, 306f PC)	21,723	22,443	-720	-3.2	50.1	48.8
640010	negligent arson	8,005	8,288	-283	-3.4	74.4	72.2
640020	causing a danger of fire	580	632	-52	-8.2	58.8	50.5
641000	(wilful) arson and causing a risk of fire (Sects. 306-306c, 306f (1 and 2) PC)	13,138	13,523	-385	-2.8	34.9	34.5
641010	wilful arson	9,821	10,033	-212	-2.1	29.4	29.0
641020	serious arson	2,700	2,736	-36	-1.3	50.7	50.7
641030	especially serious arson	189	206	-17	-8.3	77.8	59.2
641040	arson resulting in death	22	32	-10	x	77.3	65.6
641050	wilful causing a danger of fire	406	516	-110	-21.3	41.1	43.8
650000	competition- and corruption-related offenses, offenses committed in office (Sects. 258a, 298-300, 331-353d, 355, 357 PC) of which:	6,141	5,881	260	4.4	82.7	79.9
651000	accepting a benefit, taking a bribe (Sects. 331, 332, 335 PC)	716	759	-43	-5.7	87.6	91.7
651100	accepting a benefit (Sect. 331 PC)	420	438	-18	-4.1	87.9	93.4
651200	taking a bribe (Sect. 332 PC)	251	271	-20	-7.4	85.3	87.8
651300	taking a bribe - on a repetitive and gainful basis or as a member of a gang under Sect. 335 (2) subpara 3 PC	28	46	-18	x	96.4	97.8
651400	all other especially serious cases of taking bribes under Sect. 335 PC	17	4	13	x	100.0	100.0
652000	granting a benefit, offering a bribe (Sects. 333, 334, 335 PC)	633	734	-101	-13.8	92.6	95.1
652100	granting a benefit (Sect. 333 PC)	124	242	-118	-48.8	93.5	94.2
652200	offering a bribe (Sect. 334 PC)	463	458	5	1.1	91.6	95.2
652300	offering a bribe - on a repetitive and gainful basis or as a member of a gang under Sect. 335 (2) no. 3 PC)	19	12	7	x	100.0	100.0
652400	all other especially serious cases of offering a bribe under Sect. 335 PC	27	22	5	x	100.0	100.0
655000	other offenses committed in office (Sects. 258a, 339-353d, 355, 357 PC) including:	3,971	3,619	352	9.7	77.4	70.7
655001	obstruction of punishment in a public office	491	486	5	1.0	69.7	68.3
655002	perversion of the course of justice	141	123	18	14.6	58.9	52.0
655003	extortion of testimony	14	8	6	x	85.7	75.0
655004	prosecution of the innocent	93	103	-10	-9.7	67.7	61.2

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
655005	execution against the innocent	6	4	2	x	66.7	100.0
655006	false certification in public office	140	257	-117	-45.5	90.0	97.3
655007	overcharging of fees	719	105	614	584.8	100.0	98.1
655008	fiscal overcharging; curtailment of benefits	2	6	-4	x	50.0	50.0
655009	breach of trust in the foreign service	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
655010	forbidden communications about judicial hearings	15	11	4	x	100.0	100.0
655011	violation of tax secrecy	16	8	8	x	81.3	75.0
655012	subornation of a subordinate to commit a crime	4	5	-1	x	75.0	100.0
655100	bodily injury committed in office (Sect. 340 PC)	2,076	2,196	-120	-5.5	73.2	68.4
655200	breach of official secrecy (Sect. 353b PC)	254	307	-53	-17.3	68.5	67.8
656000	anti-competitive agreements involving invitations to tender (Sect. 298 PC)	60	50	10	x	96.7	94.0
657000	taking and offering a bribe in business transactions (Sects. 299, 300 PC)	761	719	42	5.8	96.1	97.2
657100	taking and offering a bribe under Sect. 299 PC	679	663	16	2.4	95.9	97.1
657110	taking and offering a bribe pursuant (Sect. 299 (1) and (2) PC)	666	641	25	3.9	95.8	97.3
657120	taking and offering of a bribe pursuant (Sect. 299 (3))	13	22	-9	x	100.0	90.9
657200	on a repetitive and gainful basis or as a member of a gang under Sect. 300 no. 2 PC	60	48	12	x	98.3	97.9
657300	-benefit of great magnitude under Sect. 300 (2) no. 1 PC	22	8	14	x	95.5	100.0
660000	criminal self-interest (Sects. 284, 285, 287-293, 297 PC) including:	6,543	6,422	121	1.9	85.3	83.9
660010	obstruction of the execution of judgement	379	387	-8	-2.1	98.9	99.2
660020	recovery of the pledge	549	612	-63	-10.3	97.4	98.4
660030	unauthorized use of the pledge	1	1	0	x	100.0	100.0
660040	endangering ships, motor vehicles or aircraft with banned goods	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
661000	games of chance (Sects. 284, 285, 287 PC)	1,596	1,368	228	16.7	97.5	95.9
661010	unauthorized organization of a game of chance	884	942	-58	-6.2	96.8	95.6
661020	participation in an unauthorized game of chance	699	415	284	68.4	98.4	96.9
661030	unauthorized organization of a lottery or raffle	13	11	2	x	92.3	81.8
662000	poaching (Sects. 292, 293 PC)	3,251	3,867	-616	-15.9	73.3	76.1
662001	fish poaching	2,235	2,819	-584	-20.7	91.8	92.0
662100	game poaching (Sect. 292 PC)	1,016	1,048	-32	-3.1	32.8	33.1
663000	usury (Sect. 291 PC)	767	187	580	310.2	95.4	80.7
670000	all other offenses under the Penal Code (excluding traffic offenses)	1,023,087	1,089,555	-66,468	-6.1	43.5	41.7
670001	false unsworn testimony	7,237	7,436	-199	-2.7	99.5	99.0
670002	perjury	194	208	-14	-6.7	99.0	100.5
670003	false affirmation in lieu of an oath	6,347	6,345	2	0.0	99.5	99.6
670005	subornation of false testimony	168	153	15	9.8	98.2	98.7
670006	negligent false oath, negligent false affirmation in lieu of an oath	61	53	8	x	98.4	100.0
670007	casting false suspicion	19,133	18,907	226	1.2	97.1	97.2
670008	insulting of faiths, religious societies and organizations dedicated to a philosophy of life	48	48	0	x	50.0	43.8
670009	disturbing the practice of religion	79	75	4	x	75.9	69.3
670010	disturbing a funeral service	6	4	2	x	83.3	75.0
670011	disturbing the peace of the dead	2,666	2,835	-169	-6.0	30.9	26.6
670012	falsification of personal status	37	41	-4	x	67.6	63.4
670013	bigamy	54	70	-16	x	100.0	98.6
670014	sexual intercourse between relatives	45	51	-6	x	97.8	100.0
670015	malicious gossip and defamation against persons in political life	144	237	-93	-39.2	68.1	63.3
670016	violation of the confidentiality of the spoken word	586	600	-14	-2.3	91.0	92.2
670017	violation of the confidentiality of letters	3,244	3,567	-323	-9.1	50.4	54.7
670018	violation of private secrets	444	444	0	0.0	82.2	81.1
670019	exploitation of secrets of another	14	13	1	x	71.4	92.3
670020	violation of the postal or telecommunications confidentiality	1,702	1,949	-247	-12.7	82.6	83.6

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
670021	abandonment	87	88	-1	x	79.3	86.4
670024	dangerous interference with rail, ship and air traffic	4,059	4,191	-132	-3.1	39.2	39.1
670025	dangerous interference with road traffic	18,969	19,382	-413	-2.1	50.7	50.6
670026	interference with public operations	711	699	12	1.7	18.6	15.7
670027	interference with telecommunications facilities	993	975	18	1.8	43.5	47.7
670029	endangerment in construction	158	139	19	13.7	84.8	88.5
670030	total intoxication	83	90	-7	x	100.0	98.9
670031	endangering withdrawal treatment	15	9	6	x	93.3	88.9
670032	failure to render assistance	2,001	2,047	-46	-2.2	82.3	83.9
670033	betrayal of a party	110	118	-8	-6.8	96.4	95.8
670034	violation of the personal realm by pictures	2,301	2,001	300	15.0	85.7	85.2
670079	other further offenses pursuant to PC	7	49	-42	x	85.7	85.7
671000	violation of obligation to support (Sect. 170 PC)	11,071	12,081	-1,010	-8.4	99.8	99.8
672000	failure to provide proper care or education (Sect. 171 PC)	1,726	1,810	-84	-4.6	96.3	96.7
673000	insult (Sects. 185-187, 189 PC)	208,183	200,827	7,356	3.7	89.9	89.9
673010	insult without a sexual background	156,279	151,576	4,703	3.1	92.0	92.1
673020	malicious gossip without sexual background	9,362	8,952	410	4.6	88.1	87.7
673030	defamation without sexual background	14,897	14,373	524	3.6	88.3	88.8
673040	disparagement of the memory of deceased persons without sexual background	82	81	1	x	59.8	65.4
673100	insulting on a sexual basis	27,563	25,845	1,718	6.6	79.6	78.7
673110	insult with sexual background	24,828	23,399	1,429	6.1	79.2	78.1
673120	malicious gossip with sexual background	1,238	1,056	182	17.2	84.2	86.6
673130	defamation with sexual background	1,486	1,385	101	7.3	83.8	83.4
673140	disparagement of the memory of deceased persons with sexual background	11	5	6	x	54.5	100.0
674000	damage to property (Sects. 303-305a PC)	700,801	775,547	-74,746	-9.6	25.5	25.0
674010	damage to property pursuant (Sect. 303 PC without key 674100 and 674300)	273,551	316,689	-43,138	-13.6	32.3	30.3
674011 ⁹⁾	damage to property by graffiti (without key 674111 and 674311)	57,876	71,667	-13,791	-19.2	23.4	22.2
674012	damage to property by fire (without key 674312)	16,264	18,552	-2,288	-12.3	19.7	18.8
674019	other damage to property (without key 674119 and 674319)	199,411	226,470	-27,059	-11.9	36.0	33.8
674020	damaging property which is harmful to the public (without key 674320)	18,877	22,707	-3,830	-16.9	22.3	24.1
674021	damage to property by graffiti which is harmful to the public (without key 674321)	4,661	5,576	-915	-16.4	26.6	31.2
674022	damage to property by fire which is harmful to the public (without key 674322)	1,154	1,171	-17	-1.5	20.6	21.2
674029	other damage to property which is harmful to the public (without key 674329)	13,062	15,960	-2,898	-18.2	20.9	21.9
674030	destruction of structures (without key 674330)	45	66	-21	x	55.6	25.8
674100	damage to motor vehicles	250,732	274,418	-23,686	-8.6	18.8	19.1
674111 ⁹⁾	damage to motor vehicles by graffiti	5,955	7,238	-1,283	-17.7	19.8	20.0
674119	other damage to motor vehicles	244,777	267,180	-22,403	-8.4	18.7	19.1
674200	alteration of data, computer sabotage (Sects. 303a, 303b PC)	2,524	2,276	248	10.9	32.1	36.9
674210	alteration of data	1,987	1,836	151	8.2	33.7	37.6
674220	computer sabotage	537	440	97	22.0	26.1	33.9
674300	other damage to property committed in streets, lanes or public places	154,611	158,939	-4,328	-2.7	24.8	24.8
674310	other damage to property committed in streets, lanes or public places pursuant (Sect. 303 PC)	134,117	135,632	-1,515	-1.1	25.1	25.1
674311 ⁹⁾	other damage to property by graffiti committed in streets, lanes or public places	53,943	51,864	2,079	4.0	27.9	27.2
674312	other damage to property by fire committed in streets, lanes or public places	8,395	8,691	-296	-3.4	17.1	17.7

9) Due to system-specific factors, one federal state was not able to supply the key numbers 674011 and 674111 in 2010. These cases were recorded under 674311 which leads to an excessive number of cases recorded there.

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
674319	other damage to property committed in streets, lanes or public places	71,779	75,077	-3,298	-4.4	23.9	24.5
674320	damage to property which is harmful to the public committed in streets, lanes or public places	20,471	23,278	-2,807	-12.1	22.7	22.8
674321	damage to property by graffiti which is harmful to the public committed in streets, lanes and public places	3,316	3,505	-189	-5.4	27.7	32.3
674322	damage to property by fire which is harmful to the public committed in streets, lanes and public places	1,130	1,341	-211	-15.7	23.7	22.8
674329	other damage to property which is harmful to the public committed in streets, lanes and public places	16,025	18,432	-2,407	-13.1	21.5	20.9
674330	destruction of structures in streets, lanes and public places	23	29	-6	x	43.5	20.7
674500	destruction of important equipment (Sect. 305a PC)	461	452	9	2.0	49.7	48.0
674512	destruction of important means of work by fire	10	11	-1	x	40.0	27.3
674519	other destruction of important means of work	451	441	10	2.3	49.9	48.5
675000	crimes involving explosives or nuclear radiation (Sects. 307-312 PC)	671	489	182	37.2	45.0	54.0
675100	causing an explosion through nuclear energy (Sect. 307 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
675200	causing a non-nuclear explosion (Sect. 308 PC)	648	457	191	41.8	43.8	51.6
675300	misuse of ionizing radiation (Sect. 309 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
675400	preparation of a crime involving explosives or radiation (Sect. 310 PC)	21	29	-8	x	81.0	89.7
675500	release of ionizing radiation (Sect. 311 PC)	2	3	-1	x	50.0	66.7
675600	defective construction of a nuclear facility (Sect. 312 PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
676000	offenses against the environment (Sects. 324, 324a, 325-330a PC)	13,716	14,474	-758	-5.2	59.8	58.2
676010	soil pollution (Sect. 324a PC)	1,072	1,135	-63	-5.6	68.1	63.7
676011	soil pollution	1,054	1,105	-51	-4.6	68.2	64.1
676012	soil pollution - especially serious case -	18	30	-12	x	61.1	50.0
676100	pollution of a body of water (Sect. 324 PC)	3,001	3,119	-118	-3.8	51.6	50.6
676101	water pollution	2,965	3,075	-110	-3.6	51.6	50.5
676102	water pollution - especially serious case -	36	44	-8	x	50.0	59.1
676200	air pollution (Sect. 325 PC)	204	211	-7	-3.3	71.6	69.7
676201	air pollution	203	210	-7	-3.3	71.4	70.0
676202	air pollution - especially serious case -	1	1	0	x	100.0	0.0
676300	causing noise, vibrations and non-ionizing radiation (Sect. 325a PC)	25	18	7	x	76.0	50.0
676301	causing noise, vibrations and non-ionizing radiation	24	18	6	x	75.0	50.0
676302	causing noise, vibrations and non-ionizing radiation - especially serious case -	1	-	1	x	100.0	0.0
676400	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 except (2) PC)	8,620	9,099	-479	-5.3	58.8	57.2
676410	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (1) PC)	8,502	8,984	-482	-5.4	58.8	57.1
676411	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (1) PC)	8,413	8,887	-474	-5.3	58.7	57.1
676412	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (1) PC) - especially serious case -	89	97	-8	x	71.9	57.7
676420	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (3) PC)	118	115	3	2.6	55.1	61.7
676421	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (3) PC)	116	110	6	5.5	55.2	60.0
676422	unauthorized handling of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (3) PC) - especially serious case -	2	5	-3	x	50.0	100.0

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
676500	unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 PC)	495	534	-39	-7.3	95.8	96.6
676510	unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (1) PC)	16	15	1	x	87.5	93.3
676511	(nuclear facility and nuclear fuels) unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (1) PC)	16	15	1	x	87.5	93.3
676512	(nuclear facility and nuclear fuels) unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (1) PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
676520	(nuclear facility and nuclear fuels) - especially serious case - unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (2) PC)	479	519	-40	-7.7	96.0	96.7
676521	unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (2) PC)	471	512	-41	-8.0	96.0	96.7
676522	unauthorized operation of facilities (Sect. 327 (2) PC)	8	7	1	x	100.0	100.0
676600	- especially serious case - unauthorized handling of radioactive substances and other hazardous substances and goods (Sect. 328 PC)	108	145	-37	-25.5	71.3	77.9
676610	unauthorized dealing with radioactive substances (Sect. 328 (1) and (2) PC)	12	18	-6	x	75.0	66.7
676611	unauthorized dealing with radioactive substances (Sect. 328 (1) and (2) PC)	12	18	-6	x	75.0	66.7
676612	unauthorized dealing with radioactive substances (Sect. 328 (1) and (2) PC)	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
676620	(Sect. 328 (1) and (2) PC) - especially serious case - unauthorized dealing with other dangerous substances and goods (Sect. 328 (3) PC)	96	127	-31	-24.4	70.8	79.5
676621	unauthorized dealing with other dangerous substances and goods (Sect. 328 (3) PC)	94	125	-31	-24.8	71.3	79.2
676622	unauthorized dealing with other dangerous substances and goods (Sect. 328 (3) PC) - especially serious case -	2	2	0	x	50.0	100.0
676700	endangering areas requiring protection (Sect. 329 PC)	22	29	-7	x	59.1	79.3
676701	endangering areas requiring protection	20	29	-9	x	65.0	79.3
676702	endangering areas requiring protection - especially serious case -	2	-	2	x	0.0	0.0
676800	illegal transit and export of waste under Sect. 326 (2) PC	106	128	-22	-17.2	95.3	64.8
676810	unauthorized import of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (2) PC)	27	57	-30	x	81.5	36.8
676811	unauthorized import of dangerous waste	25	56	-31	x	80.0	37.5
676812	unauthorized import of dangerous waste - especially serious case -	2	1	1	x	100.0	0.0
676820	unauthorized export of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (2) PC)	74	68	6	x	100.0	88.2
676821	unauthorized export of dangerous waste	73	68	5	x	100.0	88.2
676822	unauthorized export of dangerous waste - especially serious case -	1	-	1	x	100.0	0.0
676830	unauthorized transit of dangerous waste (Sect. 326 (2) PC)	5	3	2	x	100.0	66.7
676831	unauthorized transit of dangerous waste	5	3	2	x	100.0	66.7
676832	unauthorized transit of dangerous waste - especially serious case -	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
676900	causing serious danger by releasing toxic substances (Sect. 330a PC)	63	56	7	x	41.3	50.0
677000	poisoning endangering the public under Sect. 314 PC	8	7	1	x	25.0	42.9
678000	data espionage (Sects. 202a, 202b, 202c PC)	15,190	11,491	3,699	32.2	24.0	22.4
678010	data espionage pursuant (Sect. 202a PC)	14,166	10,793	3,373	31.3	24.9	22.7
678020	interception of data pursuant (Sect. 202b PC)	504	289	215	74.4	14.1	19.7
678030	preparation of data espionage and interception of data pursuant (Sect. 202c PC)	520	409	111	27.1	11.0	14.7
679000	Further environment-related offences pursuant to the Penal Code	18	5	13	x	38.9	40.0
679010	causing a flood (Sect. 313 PC)	9	2	7	x	33.3	100.0
679020	damaging important facilities (Sect. 318 PC)	9	3	6	x	44.4	0.0

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
700000	Supplementary criminal legislation	393,972	403,314	-9,342	-2.3	94.3	93.9
710000	offenses against supplementary criminal legislation in the economic sector	25,732	29,020	-3,288	-11.3	91.7	91.1
Ch 712000	Offenses under the Stock Corporation Act, Cooperatives Act, Limited Liability Company Act, Commercial Code, Accounting Act, Comp. Transformation Act including:	7,566	6,864	702	10.2	99.4	99.2
712010	Stock Corporation Act	49	50	-1	x	98.0	100.0
Ch 712020	Commercial Code	95	59	36	x	98.9	98.3
Ch 712030	Limited Liability Company Act	563	443	120	27.1	99.3	98.2
712040	Cooperatives Act	4	3	1	x	100.0	100.0
712050	Accounting Act	1	-	1	x	0.0	0.0
712060	Comp. Transformation Act	1	1	0	x	100.0	100.0
Ch 712200 ¹⁰⁾	Obstruction of insolvency proceedings (Sects. 15a Insolvency statute)	6,853	1,526	-	-	99.5	99.4
713000 ¹¹⁾	offenses involving illicit work (Sects. 10, 11 Law on Illicit Work, Sects. 15, 15a Labor Leasing Act) and fraudulent obtaining of social security contributions involving rendering of services or work performances (Sect. 9 Law on Illicit Work)	164	170	-6	-3.5	95.7	91.8
713010	renting out non-German workers without work permit (Sect. 15 Act on Temporary Employment Businesses)	2	7	-5	x	100.0	85.7
713020	employment of non-German workers without work permit (Sect. 15 Act on Temporary Employment	7	14	-7	x	100.0	85.7
713030	employment of foreigners without permit or without residence permit and under non-optimal working conditions (Sect. 10 Act on Illicit Work)	56	51	5	x	96.4	90.2
713040	large scale employment or gainful occupation of foreigners without permit or without residence permit (Sect. 11 Act on Illicit Work)	23	49	-26	x	100.0	91.8
713050	fraudulently obtaining social benefits in connection with the provision of services or work (Sect. 9 Act on Illicit Work)	76	49	27	x	93.4	95.9
714000	offenses involving the banking industry and the Securities Trading Act, Banking Act, Stock Exchange Act, Securities Deposit Act, Mortgage Banking Act, Sect. 35 Federal Bank Act	258	475	-217	-45.7	91.9	97.5
714010	Federal Bank Act	-	1	-1	x	0.0	0.0
714020	Stock Exchange Act	1	-	1	x	100.0	0.0
714030	Mortgage Banking Act	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
714040	Banking Act	156	276	-120	-43.5	99.4	98.6
714050	Securities Deposit Act	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
714060	Securities Trading Act	101	198	-97	-49.0	80.2	96.5
715000	Offenses against copyright legislation (Copyright Act, Trademarks Act, Act against Unfair Competition - Sect. 17, Utility Models Act, Registered Designs Act, Artists/Copyright Act, Patents Act, Semiconductor Protection Law)	8,375	11,943	-3,568	-29.9	86.8	87.3
715010	Trademarks Act	2,126	2,600	-474	-18.2	94.4	94.0
715020	Registered Designs Act	27	26	1	x	81.5	92.3
715030	Utility Models Act	3	9	-6	x	33.3	88.9
715040	Artists' Copyright Act	1,124	995	129	13.0	69.5	73.1
715050	Copyright Act - other violations - (without key 715100 and 715200)	3,435	6,177	-2,742	-44.4	85.3	84.6
715060	Patent Act	87	92	-5	x	64.4	40.2
715070	Semiconductor Protection Law	1	2	-1	x	100.0	100.0
715100	software piracy (private use, e.g. computer games)	794	1,351	-557	-41.2	94.1	96.7
715200	software piracy in the form of repetitive and gainful activity	132	143	-11	-7.7	97.0	95.8
715300	betrayal of trade or business secrets under Sect. 17 (1 and 4) Act Against Unfair Competition	299	278	21	7.6	95.3	95.0

10) No comparability with previous years due to content-related key number changes in 2010.

11) The suppression of clandestine work and illegal employment is dealt with by the financial control section of the customs administration authorities. In general, cases finalised by the customs authorities are not entered in the PCS. For this reason, PCS data entry in this crime field shows many gaps and is therefore of little informative value.

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
715400	betrayal of trade or business secrets under Sect. 17 (2 and 4) Act Against Unfair Competition	347	270	77	28.5	89.3	95.6
716000	Offenses involving food products (e.g. Food Products and Necessaries Act, Pharmaceutical Preparations Act, Wine Act, Feedstuffs Act)	6,808	6,523	285	4.4	91.6	89.5
716030	offenses under the Genetic Engineering Act	4	-	4	x	75.0	0.0
716079	other offenses involving food products - if not recorded under other keys -	121	155	-34	-21.9	95.9	92.9
716100	offenses under the Food Products and Necessaries Act	2,413	2,474	-61	-2.5	95.6	91.9
716200	offenses under the Pharmaceutical Preparations Act	4,040	3,583	457	12.8	88.6	87.0
716210	offenses under the Pharmaceutical Preparations Act pursuant (Sect. 95 Pharmaceutical Preparations Act)	3,616	3,126	490	15.7	88.4	86.9
716211	putting critical pharmaceuticals into circulation	192	266	-74	-27.8	85.9	89.1
716212	circulation, prescribing or application on third parties of pharmaceuticals for doping purposes in sport	257	158	99	62.7	90.7	76.6
716213	illegal trade, sale, purchase of prescription pharmaceuticals	1,410	1,498	-88	-5.9	83.3	84.1
716214	illegal handling of veterinary pharmaceuticals	44	54	-10	x	93.2	94.4
716215	counterfeiting pharmaceuticals	2	1	1	x	100.0	100.0
716216	putting counterfeit pharmaceuticals into circulation	9	29	-20	x	66.7	96.6
716217	especially serious case of the violation of the Pharmaceutical Preparations Act pursuant (Sect. 95 (3) no. 1, 2b and 3)	87	61	26	x	92.0	93.4
716218	especially serious case of the violation of the Pharmaceutical Preparations Act pursuant (Sect. 95 (3) no. 2a) (doping in sports to persons under the age of 18)	34	24	10	x	97.1	95.8
716219	other offenses under the Pharmaceutical Preparations Act pursuant (Sect. 95 Pharmaceutical Preparations Act)	1,581	1,035	546	52.8	92.5	90.5
716220	offenses under Pharmaceutical Preparations Act pursuant (Sect. 96 Pharmaceutical Preparations Act)	424	457	-33	-7.2	90.6	87.7
716300	offenses under the Wine Act	230	311	-81	-26.0	99.6	98.4
719000	other offenses (supplementary legislation) in the economic sector (e.g. Racing Bets and Lotteries Act, Act against Unfair Competition - excluding Sect. 17, Insurance Industry Supervision Act, Economic Offenses Act, Industrial Code)	2,561	3,045	-484	-15.9	85.3	90.3
719010	Racing Bets and Lotteries Act	3	4	-1	x	100.0	75.0
719020	Insurance Industry Supervision Act	2	1	1	x	100.0	100.0
719030	Economic Offenses Act	2	6	-4	x	150.0	83.3
719040	Industrial Code	249	316	-67	-21.2	100.4	98.7
719079	other supplementary criminal legislation in the business sector	1,377	1,512	-135	-8.9	93.5	95.5
719200	offenses against the Unfair Competition Act - excluding Sect. 17	928	1,206	-278	-23.1	68.9	81.6
720000	offenses against other supplementary criminal legislation (<i>excluding traffic offenses</i>)	129,102	129,725	-623	-0.5	95.8	95.4
720001	Associations Act	333	354	-21	-5.9	81.7	76.6
Ch 720002	Assemblies and Processions Act	2,500	3,645	-1,145	-31.4	73.9	70.8
720003	Press Law	7	18	-11	x	57.1	50.0
720005	fraudulent manufacture, distribution or issue of official licence plates (Sect. 22a Road Traffic Act)	559	496	63	12.7	80.1	94.4

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
720006	German Adoption Placement Act	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
720007	Pharmacy Act	3	7	-4	x	100.0	100.0
720009	Telecommunications Act	242	425	-183	-43.1	84.3	91.1
720011	offenses pursuant to Sect. 4 Protection against Violence Act)	6,849	5,362	1,487	27.7	99.7	99.6
720012	offenses pursuant to Sect. 1 EU Bribery Act	1	-	1	x	100.0	0.0
720013	offenses pursuant to Sects. 1 and 2 International Bribery Act	5	4	1	x	120.0	50.0
720014	Aviation Security Act	264	491	-227	-46.2	96.6	99.4
720079	other supplementary criminal legislation	1,635	1,818	-183	-10.1	95.2	93.1
721000	offenses against Sect. 27 (2) Juveniles Protection Act	129	156	-27	-17.3	90.7	93.6
722000	offenses against Sect. 27 (1) Juveniles Protection Act	287	225	62	27.6	96.5	85.3
724000	offenses against Sect. 24 of the Passport Act	9	7	2	x	100.0	100.0
725000	offenses against the Aliens Act and the Asylum Procedures Act	74,153	74,241	-88	-0.1	98.4	98.0
725100	illegal entry (border crossing) under the Aliens Act	21,930	25,129	-3,199	-12.7	99.8	99.3
725110	illegal entry pursuant to Sect. 95 (1) no. 3 Aliens Act	19,376	23,288	-3,912	-16.8	99.7	99.4
725120	illegal re-entry after expulsion/deportation pursuant to Sect. 95 (2) no. 1a Aliens Act	2,554	1,841	713	38.7	100.0	98.8
725200	alien smuggling under Sect. 92a Aliens Act	2,429	2,704	-275	-10.2	66.2	65.5
725210	alien smuggling pursuant to Sect. 96 (1) and (4) Aliens Act	1,978	2,214	-236	-10.7	64.6	61.7
725220	alien smuggling pursuant to Sect. 96 (2) Aliens Act	451	490	-39	-8.0	73.2	82.2
725300	fraudulently obtaining a residence permit/ temporary suspension of deportation (Sect. 92 (2) no. 2 Aliens Act)	3,772	3,592	180	5.0	99.3	99.2
725310	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit	2,367	2,138	229	10.7	99.4	99.3
725311	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit (visa) due to fictitious marriage	463	537	-74	-13.8	99.8	99.3
725312	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit (visa) due to other modus operandi	1,904	1,601	303	18.9	99.3	99.4
725320	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit (residence permit or settlement permission)	1,405	1,454	-49	-3.4	99.2	99.1
725321	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit (residence permit or settlement permission) due to fictitious marriage	531	542	-11	-2.0	98.5	99.1
725322	fraudulently obtaining or using a residence permit (residence permit or settlement permission) due to other modus operandi	874	912	-38	-4.2	99.7	99.1
725400	gang-type alien smuggling under Sect. 92b Aliens Act on a repetitive and gainful basis	881	508	373	73.4	95.7	95.5
725410	gang-type smuggling resulting in death pursuant to Sect. 97 (1) Aliens Act	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
725420	commercial and gang-type facilitation of aliens pursuant to Sect. 97 (2) Aliens Act	881	508	373	73.4	95.7	95.5
725500	offenses against Sects. 84 and 85 of the Asylum Procedures Act	4,351	3,664	687	18.8	99.9	99.8
725510	offenses against Sect. 84 Asylum Procedures Act	59	64	-5	x	100.0	100.0
725520	offenses against Sect. 85 Asylum Procedures Act	4,292	3,600	692	19.2	99.9	99.8
725600	gang-type inducement to fraudulent application for asylum on a repetitive and gainful basis (Sect. 84a Asylum Procedures Act)	1	1	0	x	100.0	100.0
725700	illegal stay under the Aliens Act	33,247	30,368	2,879	9.5	99.4	99.2
725710	illegal stay pursuant to Sect. 95 (1) subpara 1 and 2 Aliens Act	31,496	28,891	2,605	9.0	99.4	99.1
725720	illegal stay after expulsion/deportation pursuant to Sect. 95 (2) subpara 1b Aliens Act	1,751	1,477	274	18.6	99.1	99.8

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
725800	entry (border crossing) or stay despite the refusal of freedom of movement (Sect. 9 Freedom of Movement Act/E.U.)	223	165	58	35.2	99.6	98.2
725900	other offenses against Aliens Act	7,319	8,110	-791	-9.8	99.7	99.6
726000	offenses against the Weapons Act and the War Weapons Control Act	41,378	41,653	-275	-0.7	92.7	93.0
726100	Offences violating the Explosives Act	3,040	2,242	798	35.6	86.1	85.6
726200	offenses against the Weapons Act	37,655	38,856	-1,201	-3.1	93.4	93.5
726300	offenses against the War Weapons Control Act	683	555	128	23.1	86.7	85.4
728000	offenses against the Federal (or State) Data Protection Act	748	823	-75	-9.1	65.0	76.4
728010	offenses against the State Data Protection Act	231	308	-77	-25.0	59.3	76.6
728020	offenses against the Federal Data Protection Act	517	515	2	0.4	67.5	76.3
730000	Drug offenses - Narcotics Act (unless included under another key no.)	231,007	235,842	-4,835	-2.1	94.7	94.4
731000	general violations under Sect. 29 NCA (<i>unless these are to be recorded under key no. 7340 ff.</i>)	165,880	169,689	-3,809	-2.2	95.5	95.3
731100	involving heroin	18,171	20,125	-1,954	-9.7	95.3	96.6
731200	involving cocaine	10,497	12,316	-1,819	-14.8	95.1	93.5
731201	general violation (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving crack	2,391	2,659	-268	-10.1	94.4	92.6
731202	general violation (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving cocaine	8,106	9,657	-1,551	-16.1	95.3	93.8
731300	involving LSD	162	149	13	8.7	97.5	94.0
731400	involving amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	25,695	22,387	3,308	14.8	96.2	95.7
731500	involving amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	2,577	3,511	-934	-26.6	95.4	95.2
731800	involving cannabis and preparations thereof	99,562	102,096	-2,534	-2.5	95.6	95.5
731900	involving other drugs	9,216	9,105	111	1.2	93.5	91.1
732000	trafficking in, and smuggling of drugs under Sect. 29 NCA	47,034	48,253	-1,219	-2.5	92.6	92.0
732100	in/of heroin	5,843	6,598	-755	-11.4	92.0	92.3
732110	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving heroin	5,671	6,404	-733	-11.4	91.9	92.2
732120	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of heroin	172	194	-22	-11.3	95.9	96.4
732200	in/of cocaine	3,333	3,976	-643	-16.2	90.6	89.7
732210	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving cocaine including crack	3,123	3,704	-581	-15.7	90.8	89.4
732211	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving crack	374	458	-84	-18.3	95.5	96.1
732212	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving cocaine	2,749	3,246	-497	-15.3	90.1	88.4
732220	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of cocaine including crack	210	272	-62	-22.8	87.6	93.8
732221	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of crack	3	2	1	x	100.0	50.0
732222	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of cocaine	207	270	-63	-23.3	87.4	94.1
732300	in/of LSD	56	79	-23	x	89.3	89.9
732310	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving LSD	47	70	-23	x	87.2	88.6
732320	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of LSD	9	9	0	x	100.0	100.0
732400	in/of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	5,998	5,635	363	6.4	93.6	93.6
732410	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	5,477	5,301	176	3.3	93.1	93.3
732420	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	521	334	187	56.0	99.4	98.2
732500	in/of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	810	1,342	-532	-39.6	95.1	93.1
732510	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	734	1,247	-513	-41.1	94.8	92.7

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
732520	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	76	95	-19	x	97.4	97.9
732800	in/of cannabis and preparations thereof	28,305	27,823	482	1.7	93.1	92.4
732810	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving cannabis and preparations thereof	16,589	16,529	60	0.4	92.0	91.1
732820	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of cannabis and	11,716	11,294	422	3.7	94.8	94.4
732900	in/of other drugs	2,689	2,800	-111	-4.0	88.1	86.0
732910	illegal trafficking (Sect. 29 NCA) - involving other drugs	2,453	2,549	-96	-3.8	88.0	86.0
732920	smuggling (Sect. 29 NCA) - of other drugs	236	251	-15	-6.0	88.6	86.5
733000	illegal importation of drugs under Sect. 30 (1) no. 4 NCA (<i>significant amounts</i>)	2,588	2,712	-124	-4.6	96.3	94.3
733100	of heroin	560	607	-47	-7.7	96.4	96.0
733200	of cocaine	430	546	-116	-21.2	92.6	88.3
733201	illegal importation of drugs in not insignificant amounts (Sect. 30 (1) no. 4 NCA) - of crack	2	4	-2	x	100.0	100.0
733202	illegal importation of drugs in not insignificant amounts (Sect. 30 (1) no. 4 NCA) - of cocaine	428	542	-114	-21.0	92.5	88.2
733300	of LSD	-	3	-3	x	0.0	100.0
733400	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	374	235	139	59.1	98.4	98.7
733500	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	49	68	-19	x	98.0	95.6
733800	of cannabis and preparations thereof	1,001	1,044	-43	-4.1	97.5	96.3
733900	of other drugs	174	209	-35	-16.7	92.5	90.0
734000	other violations of the NCA	15,505	15,188	317	2.1	92.8	92.3
734100	illegal cultivation of drugs under Sect. 29 (1) no. 1 NCA	3,475	3,361	114	3.4	84.9	82.5
734200	cultivation of/production of/trafficking in drugs as a member of a gang (Sects. 30 (1) no. 1, 30a NCA)	640	525	115	21.9	96.1	97.5
734210	cultivation of/production of/trafficking in drugs as a member of a gang (Sects. 30 (1) no. 1, 30a NCA)	175	128	47	36.7	92.6	99.2
734220	violations pursuant (Sect. 30a NCA)	465	397	68	17.1	97.4	97.0
734300	making available funds or other assets (Sect. 29 (1) no. 13 NCA)	44	42	2	x	97.7	100.0
734400	advertising drugs (Sect. 29 (1) no. 8 NCA)	17	7	10	x	88.2	85.7
734500	dispensing, administering, or making available drugs to minors (Sect. 29a (1) no. 1; where applicable Sect. 30 (1) no. 2 NCA)	1,253	1,301	-48	-3.7	92.3	93.1
734510	dispensing, administering, or making available drugs to minors (Sect. 29a (1) no. 1 NCA)	1,142	1,197	-55	-4.6	92.1	92.8
734520	dispensing, administering, or making available drugs to minors on a commercial basis (Sect. 30 (1) no. 2 NCA)	111	104	7	6.7	93.7	96.2
734600	negligently causing another's death by handing over, etc. of drugs (Sect. 30 (1) no. 3 NCA)	34	39	-5	x	85.3	69.2
734700	illegal prescription and administration by physicians (Sect. 29 (1) no. 6 NCA)	106	41	65	x	99.1	100.0
734800	trafficking, production of, dispensing, and possession of a significant amount of drugs (Sect. 29a (1) no. 2 NCA)	9,936	9,872	64	0.6	95.4	95.3
734810	illegal dispensing and possession in not insignificant amounts pursuant (Sect. 29a (1) no. 2 NCA)	2,027	2,162	-135	-6.2	95.4	93.9
734811	of heroin	320	301	19	6.3	93.4	93.4
734812	of cocaine including crack	219	241	-22	-9.1	96.3	92.5
734813	of LSD	2	6	-4	x	100.0	100.0
734814	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	323	389	-66	-17.0	93.8	93.3

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
734815	amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	49	98	-49	x	93.9	96.9
734818	of cannabis and preparations thereof	960	966	-6	-0.6	96.1	95.1
734819	of other drugs	154	161	-7	-4.3	96.8	89.4
734820	illegal trafficking in not insignificant amounts pursuant (Sect. 29a (1) no. 2 NCA)	7,614	7,421	193	2.6	95.4	95.8
734821	of heroin	1,204	1,225	-21	-1.7	96.8	94.4
734822	of cocaine including crack	1,104	1,035	69	6.7	93.1	95.1
734823	of LSD	7	5	2	x	100.0	100.0
734824	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	1,537	1,375	162	11.8	96.4	97.2
734825	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	198	310	-112	-36.1	92.4	97.1
734828	of cannabis and preparations thereof	3,328	2,986	342	11.5	95.7	95.5
734829	of other drugs	236	485	-249	-51.3	91.1	96.9
734840	illegal production in not insignificant amounts pursuant to Sect. 29a (1) no. 2 NCA	295	289	6	2.1	95.6	92.7
734841	of heroin	2	6	-4	x	100.0	100.0
734842	of cocaine including crack	7	5	2	x	100.0	80.0
734843	of LSD	-	-	0	x	0.0	0.0
734844	of amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in powder or liquid form	31	39	-8	x	100.0	100.0
734845	amphetamine/methamphetamine and their derivatives in tablet or capsule form (ecstasy)	2	-	2	x	100.0	0.0
734848	of cannabis and preparations thereof	233	204	29	14.2	94.8	92.2
734849	of other drugs	20	35	-15	x	95.0	88.6
740000	offenses against supplementary criminal legislation in the environmental sector (in addition to key no. 7160)	8,131	8,727	-596	-6.8	65.3	66.9
740001	Transplant Act (illegal organ trafficking)	1	6	-5	x	100.0	83.3
740002	law restricting the transport and import of dogs	64	53	11	x	93.8	94.3
740003	violation of the Naturopath Act	68	305	-237	-77.7	100.0	99.0
740079	other supplementary criminal legislation in the environmental sector	131	141	-10	-7.1	55.0	52.5
741000	offenses under the Chemicals Act	505	674	-169	-25.1	91.9	94.8
741001	offenses pursuant to Sect. 27 Chemicals Act in connection with the Hazardous Substances Regulation	436	588	-152	-25.9	92.4	95.2
741079	other offenses under the Chemicals Act	69	86	-17	x	88.4	91.9
742000	offenses under the Protection against	37	41	-4	x	91.9	87.8
742010	Protection against Diseases Act	15	14	1	x	93.3	92.9
742020	Epizootic Diseases Act	22	27	-5	x	90.9	85.2
743000	offenses under the Nature Conservation Act, Animal Protection Act, Federal Hunting Act, Plant Protection Act	7,325	7,507	-182	-2.4	62.9	63.0
743010	Nature Conservation Act	683	987	-304	-30.8	82.1	86.8
743020	Animal Protection Act	6,521	6,412	109	1.7	61.0	59.1
743030	Federal Hunting Act	111	99	12	x	61.3	80.8
743040	Plant Protection Act	10	9	1	x	50.0	66.7
<u>Aggregate key numbers</u>							
890000	total offenses, excluding offenses against the Aliens Act, the Asylum Procedures Act, and the Freedom of Movement Act/E.U. (key no. 7250)	5,859,125	5,980,089	-120,964	-2.0	55.5	55.1
891000	drug-related crime	233,563	238,321	-4,758	-2.0	94.5	94.2
891100	offenses directly aimed at procuring drugs	2,556	2,479	77	3.1	68.3	71.0
892000	violent crime	201,243	208,446	-7,203	-3.5	75.3	75.3
893000	economic crime	102,813	101,340	1,473	1.5	91.0	91.7
893100	in fraud cases	65,648	61,406	4,242	6.9	89.5	91.3
893200	insolvency offenses according to the PC and supplementary criminal legislation	11,707	11,309	398	3.5	99.5	99.5
893300	economic crime in the fields of investment, financing, etc.	12,174	19,792	-7,618	-38.5	98.2	99.3

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Recorded cases		Change		CR %	
		2010	2009	Number	in %	2010	2009
893400	competition-related offenses	3,362	3,982	-620	-15.6	85.2	90.3
893500	economic crime in connection with employment	11,191	11,245	-54	-0.5	99.7	99.2
893600	fraud and breach of trust in connection with holdings and capital investment	11,411	18,313	-6,902	-37.7	98.8	99.5
895000	trafficking in human beings	749	884	-135	-15.3	85.3	88.9
896000	offenses against provisions designed to protect young persons	1,302	1,898	-596	-31.4	89.7	90.2
897000	computer crime	84,377	74,911	9,466	12.6	35.8	37.5
898000	environmental crime	32,603	34,092	-1,489	-4.4	68.8	68.4
898100	environmental crimes pursuant to chapter 29 of the German Penal Code	13,716	14,474	-758	-5.2	59.8	58.2
898200	other environment-related crimes pursuant to the German Penal Code	3,948	4,368	-420	-9.6	68.3	73.5
898300	environmental offences pursuant to supplemental penal	14,939	15,250	-311	-2.0	77.3	76.6
899000	street crime	1,352,897	1,435,655	-82,758	-5.8	18.6	18.7
980100 ¹²⁾	hichte/computer crime in the narrower sence	59,839	50,254	9,585	19.1	33.0	35.2

12) BKA-internal aggregate key number.

Aggregate key numbers

List of aggregate key numbers and crime keys included therein:

890000: - - - - -; less 725000

- 891000: 730000, 218000, *71000, *72000, *73000, *74000, *75000 and 542000
891100: 218000, *71000, *72000, *73000, *74000, *75000 and 542000
- 892000: 010000, 020000, 111000, 210000, 221000, 222000, 233000, 234000 and 235000
- 893000: is recorded by using a special designation
893100 510000 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)
893200: 560000, 712100 and 712200 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)
893300: 513000, 514100, 514300, 514400, 514500 and 714000 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)
893400: 656000, 715000 and 719200 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)
893500: 517300, 517700, 522000 and 713000 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)
893600: 513100, 513200, 513300, 513400 and 521100 (only for cases with the special designation economic crime=yes)
- 895000: 236000, 237000, 238000
- 896000: 143100, 626100, 721000 and 722000
- 897000: 516300, 517500, 517900, 543000, 674200, 678000, 715100 and 715200
- 898000: 662000, 675000, 676000, 677000, 679000, 716000 and 740000
898100: 676000
898200: 662000, 675000, 677000 and 679000
898300: 716000 and 740000
- 899000: 111100, 111200, 132000, 213000, 214000, 215000, 216000, 217000, 222100, 233300, 234300, *20*00, *30*00, *50*00, *55000; *90*00, *00100^{*)}, *00200^{*)}, *00300^{*)}, *00700^{*)}, 623000, 674100 and 674300
- 980100^{**)} 517500, 517900, 543000, 674200 and 678000

^{*)} This key number (crime scene: the street) is not listed separately in the federal-level tables.

^{**)} BKA-internal key number.

8. Crime recorded for cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants

T11

City	Population 01.01.2010	Area in sq km	Total offenses		Change		Offense rate per 100,000 inhabitants	
			2010	2009	absolute	in %	2010	2009
Aachen	258,380	161	27,117	28,917	-1,800	-6.2	10,495	11,153
Augsburg	263,646	147	24,751	25,019	-268	-1.1	9,388	9,502
Bergisch Gladbach	105,699	83	6,808	6,282	526	8.4	6,441	5,932
Berlin	3,442,675	892	475,022	496,468	-21,446	-4.3	13,798	14,467
Bielefeld	323,084	258	27,892	27,074	818	3.0	8,633	8,366
Bochum	376,319	145	37,243	34,782	2,461	7.1	9,897	9,187
Bonn	319,841	141	35,347	41,696	-6,349	-15.2	11,051	13,114
Bottrop	117,241	101	9,238	9,176	62	0.7	7,879	7,792
Braunschweig	247,400	192	24,600	24,408	192	0.8	9,943	9,921
Bremen	547,685	325	73,803	78,856	-5,053	-6.4	13,475	14,407
Bremerhaven	114,031	79	15,175	14,208	967	6.8	13,308	12,408
Chemnitz	243,089	221	21,682	22,567	-885	-3.9	8,919	9,253
Cottbus	101,671	164	9,625	10,607	-982	-9.3	9,467	10,421
Darmstadt	143,332	122	12,285	12,138	147	1.2	8,571	8,529
Dortmund	581,308	280	73,128	70,785	2,343	3.3	12,580	12,112
Dresden	517,052	328	47,403	44,205	3,198	7.2	9,168	8,630
Duisburg	491,931	233	50,541	48,924	1,617	3.3	10,274	9,903
Düsseldorf	586,217	217	80,784	79,864	920	1.2	13,781	13,670
Erfurt	203,830	269	21,628	19,325	2,303	11.9	10,611	9,504
Erlangen	105,554	77	6,908	7,174	-266	-3.7	6,545	6,834
Essen	576,259	210	54,295	55,303	-1,008	-1.8	9,422	9,828
Frankfurt a.M.	671,927	248	107,356	109,100	-1,744	-1.6	15,977	16,410
Freiburg i. Br.	221,924	153	25,757	24,869	888	3.6	11,606	11,321
Fürth	114,044	63	6,767	7,059	-292	-4.1	5,934	6,188
Gelsenkirchen	259,744	105	24,327	25,379	-1,052	-4.1	9,366	9,684
Göttingen	121,457	117	14,357	13,848	509	3.7	11,821	11,402
Hagen	190,121	160	16,264	16,384	-120	-0.7	8,555	8,525
Halle (Saale)	232,323	135	27,301	27,946	-645	-2.3	11,751	11,993
Hamburg	1,774,224	755	224,775	236,824	-12,049	-5.1	12,669	13,364
Hamm	181,741	226	15,828	15,187	641	4.2	8,709	8,324
Hannover	520,966	204	76,335	76,526	-191	-0.2	14,653	14,727
Heidelberg	146,466	109	12,615	12,001	614	5.1	8,613	8,240
Heilbronn	122,415	100	9,323	9,224	99	1.1	7,616	7,555
Herne	165,632	51	13,680	21,483	-7,803	-36.3	8,259	12,870
Hildesheim	102,903	92	9,865	9,888	-23	-0.2	9,587	9,573
Ingolstadt	124,387	133	9,194	9,539	-345	-3.6	7,391	7,697
Jena	104,449	114	7,949	8,354	-405	-4.8	7,610	8,080
Karlsruhe	291,959	173	26,317	25,716	601	2.3	9,014	8,845
Kassel	194,774	107	21,984	22,594	-610	-2.7	11,287	11,636
Kiel	238,281	119	28,851	30,772	-1,921	-6.2	12,108	12,952
Koblenz	106,445	105	13,045	13,027	18	0.1	12,255	12,256
Köln	998,105	405	136,679	135,543	1,136	0.8	13,694	13,617
Krefeld	235,414	138	24,557	22,985	1,572	6.8	10,431	9,726
Leipzig	518,862	297	60,534	58,104	2,430	4.2	11,667	11,272
Leverkusen	160,593	79	12,600	12,391	209	1.7	7,846	7,681
Lübeck	209,818	214	26,513	28,982	-2,469	-8.5	12,636	13,743
Ludwigshafen	163,340	78	17,654	19,197	-1,543	-8.0	10,808	11,744

T11 - continuation

City	Population 01.01.2010	Area in sq km	Total offenses		Change		Offense rate per 100,000 inhabitants	
			2010	2009	absolute	in %	2010	2009
Magdeburg	230,456	201	29,111	31,593	-2,482	-7.9	12,632	13,733
Mainz	197,778	98	20,938	21,657	-719	-3.3	10,587	10,959
Mannheim	311,969	145	29,192	29,902	-710	-2.4	9,357	9,604
Moers	105,929	68	8,864	8,897	-33	-0.4	8,368	8,343
Mönchengladbach	258,251	170	24,086	22,001	2,085	9.5	9,327	8,500
Mülheim a.d. Ruhr	167,471	91	12,260	13,921	-1,661	-11.9	7,321	8,272
München	1,330,440	311	102,229	99,760	2,469	2.5	7,684	7,519
Münster	275,543	303	28,632	29,441	-809	-2.7	10,391	10,750
Neuss	151,280	100	13,692	13,886	-194	-1.4	9,051	9,181
Nürnberg	503,673	186	42,401	43,520	-1,119	-2.6	8,418	8,641
Oberhausen	214,024	77	21,280	20,839	441	2.1	9,943	9,662
Offenbach	118,770	45	14,363	13,044	1,319	10.1	12,093	10,963
Oldenburg	161,334	103	17,175	17,373	-198	-1.1	10,646	10,839
Osnabrück	163,514	120	18,270	18,909	-639	-3.4	11,173	11,580
Paderborn	145,320	180	12,745	12,843	-98	-0.8	8,770	8,869
Pforzheim	119,788	98	9,147	9,860	-713	-7.2	7,636	8,228
Potsdam	154,606	187	16,548	16,045	503	3.1	10,703	10,489
Recklinghausen	119,050	66	11,314	11,988	-674	-5.6	9,504	9,985
Regensburg	134,218	81	12,560	13,250	-690	-5.2	9,358	9,923
Remscheid	111,422	75	7,107	7,923	-816	-10.3	6,378	7,031
Reutlingen	112,132	87	6,890	7,411	-521	-7.0	6,145	6,607
Rostock	201,442	181	22,186	22,018	168	0.8	11,014	10,949
Saarbrücken	175,810	167	22,820	22,968	-148	-0.6	12,980	12,995
Salzgitter	103,446	224	6,648	7,115	-467	-6.6	6,427	6,814
Siegen	103,984	115	9,742	9,651	91	0.9	9,369	9,243
Solingen	160,992	89	11,783	10,819	964	8.9	7,319	6,688
Stuttgart	601,646	207	58,352	60,080	-1,728	-2.9	9,699	10,012
Trier	104,587	117	12,458	12,469	-11	-0.1	11,912	11,916
Ulm	122,087	119	9,698	9,526	172	1.8	7,944	7,831
Wiesbaden	277,493	204	24,428	25,873	-1,445	-5.6	8,803	9,349
Wolfsburg	121,109	204	9,375	9,504	-129	-1.4	7,741	7,885
Wuppertal	351,050	168	32,161	30,926	1,235	4.0	9,161	8,753
Würzburg	133,195	88	11,202	11,077	125	1.1	8,410	8,297

Note:

When comparisons are made, special attention should be paid to the fact that the extent to which crime is reported and the offense structure can differ from city to city, that population structure and perpetrator mobility vary and that, when offense rates are calculated, they take only registered inhabitants are taken into account, but **not** commuters, tourists, foreign travelers in transit, members of the foreign armed forces stationed in Germany and other unregistered persons. Figures of all those groups can differ considerably from city to city.

Another important factor that can distort the statistics is created by complex criminal investigations that include numerous individual cases.

Robbery recorded for cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants (210000)

T116

City	Recorded cases total	Offense rate per 100,000 inhabitants				City	Recorded cases total	Offense rate per 100,000 inhabitants			
		2010	2009	2008	2007			2010	2009	2008	2007
Aachen	396	153	142	158	131	Koblenz	93	87	64	74	92
Augsburg	149	57	55	58	56	Köln (Cologne)	1,623	163	184	178	193
Bergisch Gladbach	47	44	61	54	82	Krefeld	215	91	102	113	86
Berlin	5,997	174	183	189	236	Leipzig	578	111	115	107	116
Bielefeld	313	97	82	78	68	Leverkusen	183	114	98	80	78
Bochum	436	116	90	94	89	Lübeck	231	110	129	106	105
Bonn	484	151	132	132	140	Ludwigshafen	139	85	110	85	86
Bottrop	83	71	75	75	84	Magdeburg	250	108	160	140	140
Braunschweig	173	70	81	65	89	Mainz	143	72	73	59	83
Bremen	991	181	177	203	215	Mannheim	222	71	68	67	69
Bremerhaven	277	243	238	212	224	Moers	121	114	85	92	118
Chemnitz	130	53	55	79	74	Mönchengladbach	268	104	105	97	110
Cottbus	92	90	68	120	116	Mülheim a. d. Ruhr	137	82	78	84	85
Darmstadt	108	75	111	110	80	München (Munich)	545	41	42	45	51
Dortmund	1,125	194	137	138	126	Münster	253	92	92	80	70
Dresden	292	56	67	69	73	Neuss	129	85	79	77	77
Duisburg	494	100	106	117	126	Nürnberg (Nuremberg)	289	57	58	51	52
Düsseldorf	904	154	155	156	165	Oberhausen	231	108	79	88	139
Erfurt	200	98	89	120	118	Offenbach	187	157	137	162	132
Erlangen	29	27	24	22	26	Oldenburg	152	94	112	80	99
Essen	549	95	108	104	109	Osnabrück	204	125	108	103	116
Frankfurt a. M.	976	145	159	140	169	Paderborn	101	70	78	77	60
Freiburg i. Br.	157	71	76	72	71	Pforzheim	87	73	67	42	65
Fürth	41	36	30	42	47	Potsdam	107	69	67	86	97
Gelsenkirchen	385	148	174	153	125	Recklinghausen	115	97	122	110	127
Göttingen	109	90	82	85	126	Regensburg	74	55	53	36	56
Hagen	179	94	112	108	109	Remscheid	51	46	50	39	38
Halle a. d. Saale	241	104	148	166	201	Reutlingen	38	34	44	43	38
Hamburg	2,650	149	168	170	176	Rostock	217	108	133	165	164
Hamm	131	72	81	86	82	Saarbrücken	230	131	134	137	120
Hannover	692	133	149	128	145	Salzgitter	51	49	60	69	54
Heidelberg	73	50	36	36	39	Siegen	65	63	60	54	56
Heilbronn	76	62	70	71	57	Solingen	102	63	56	81	74
Heme	154	93	97	82	89	Stuttgart	469	78	76	86	88
Hildesheim	139	135	120	142	112	Trier	70	67	61	64	63
Ingolstadt	45	36	49	50	47	Ulm	89	73	58	67	58
Jena	43	41	31	38	42	Wiesbaden	372	134	105	109	103
Karlsruhe	179	61	67	60	58	Witten	96	79	66	83	119
Kassel	249	128	153	145	142	Wolfsburg	317	90	107	97	101
Kiel	464	195	167	176	165	Würzburg	52	39	31	30	42

Theft by burglary in a dwelling recorded for cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants (435*00)

T148

City	Recorded cases total	Offense rate per 100,000 inhabitants				City	Recorded cases total	Offense rate per 100,000 inhabitants			
		2010	2009	2008	2007			2010	2009	2008	2007
Aachen	726	281	359	375	310	Koblenz	181	170	183	201	228
Augsburg	116	44	37	52	90	Köln (Cologne)	4,472	448	378	334	428
Bergisch Gladbach	334	316	220	309	196	Krefeld	707	300	292	237	188
Berlin	8,713	253	263	241	204	Leipzig	1,411	272	225	176	137
Bielefeld	498	154	138	118	148	Leverkusen	525	327	223	230	255
Bochum	1,153	306	280	275	250	Lübeck	630	300	205	194	227
Bonn	1,358	425	417	312	277	Ludwigshafen	219	134	145	128	109
Bottrop	324	276	375	396	279	Magdeburg	266	115	157	145	151
Braunschweig	457	185	146	133	123	Mainz	391	198	179	117	121
Bremen	2,262	413	531	438	409	Mannheim	652	209	127	145	156
Bremerhaven	614	538	431	414	398	Moers	328	310	233	212	232
Chemnitz	131	54	44	39	40	Mönchengladbach	788	305	201	173	215
Cottbus	66	65	114	98	91	Mülheim a. d. Ruhr	614	367	465	310	294
Darmstadt	172	120	123	104	120	München (Munich)	798	60	72	88	87
Dortmund	2,077	357	330	338	273	Münster	424	154	184	179	174
Dresden	309	60	48	60	62	Neuss	537	355	248	207	185
Duisburg	1,846	375	311	286	285	Nürnberg (Nuremberg)	320	64	63	74	66
Düsseldorf	2,631	449	386	336	285	Oberhausen	689	322	339	251	304
Erfurt	116	57	80	79	155	Offenbach	405	341	166	215	200
Erlangen	49	46	34	33	40	Oldenburg	214	133	158	170	219
Essen	1,800	312	366	298	302	Osnabrück	326	199	148	143	153
Frankfurt a. M.	2,105	313	261	203	229	Paderborn	175	120	119	108	98
Freiburg i. Br.	354	160	259	187	141	Pforzheim	113	94	128	101	81
Fürth	56	49	53	72	71	Potsdam	198	128	128	107	132
Gelsenkirchen	748	288	307	278	231	Recklinghausen	415	349	267	261	335
Göttingen	169	138	114	132	176	Regensburg	128	95	74	92	91
Hagen	531	279	171	182	151	Remscheid	198	178	124	147	177
Halle a. d. Saale	306	132	142	142	144	Reutlingen	57	51	40	53	59
Hamburg	7,536	425	395	385	395	Rostock	150	74	83	107	84
Hamm	342	188	174	170	240	Saarbrücken	556	316	290	296	348
Hannover	1,380	265	262	224	278	Salzgitter	112	108	106	94	110
Heidelberg	129	88	97	92	82	Siegen	112	108	125	133	114
Heilbronn	49	40	45	58	45	Solingen	405	252	161	128	151
Heme	473	286	283	284	214	Stuttgart	790	131	107	97	125
Hildesheim	173	168	208	160	147	Trier	186	178	181	180	148
Ingolstadt	86	69	93	138	102	Ulm	81	66	56	60	45
Jena	35	34	32	33	78	Wiesbaden	592	213	156	188	186
Karlsruhe	443	152	158	105	121	Witten	201	166	93	107	100
Kassel	369	189	196	158	186	Wolfsburg	812	231	240	212	289
Kiel	726	305	297	297	306	Würzburg	51	38	43	59	46

9. Victims

In the PCS, information about victims is only recorded for certain offenses or offense categories.

The following table provides an overview of the age and sex structure of the victims of the respective offenses or offense categories.

Victim classification by age and sex

T17

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Key no.	Offense (categories)		Victims Total (100 %)	Sex		Age				
				Male	Female	Chil- dren	Juve- niles	Young adults	Adults	
						<14	14<18	18<21	21<60	>60
						in %				
010000 +020000	murder and manslaughter	completed	690	48.0	52.0	10.0	3.0	5.4	57.5	24.1
		attempted	1,911	70.0	30.0	3.0	4.6	8.5	75.7	8.2
		total	2,601	64.1	35.9	4.9	4.2	7.7	70.9	12.4
110000	offenses against sexual self-deter- mination with use of violence or exploiting a state of dependence	completed	13,279	8.4	91.6	10.6	26.1	15.0	46.7	1.5
		attempted	2,502	4.9	95.1	6.2	20.3	15.4	56.0	2.0
		total	15,781	7.8	92.2	9.9	25.2	15.1	48.2	1.6
210000	robbery, extortion accompanied by violence, and assault on motorists with intent to rob	completed	43,676	66.1	33.9	4.5	13.4	12.7	59.4	10.0
		attempted	10,967	66.3	33.7	8.7	13.7	10.7	55.5	11.4
		total	54,643	66.2	33.8	5.4	13.4	12.3	58.6	10.3
220000	bodily injury	completed	571,445	63.4	36.6	7.3	11.8	13.6	62.9	4.4
		attempted	36,651	71.0	29.0	4.5	6.8	8.5	74.6	5.6
		total	608,096	63.9	36.1	7.1	11.5	13.3	63.6	4.5
230000	offenses against personal freedom	completed	216,072	51.5	48.5	4.2	6.5	8.0	73.7	7.6
		attempted	5,786	52.7	47.3	7.5	8.0	8.2	68.5	7.8
		total	221,858	51.5	48.5	4.3	6.6	8.0	73.6	7.6

Clear sex-related and age-related differences among the victims can be identified:

- Those recorded as victims of robbery, bodily injury, murder, manslaughter, and offenses against personal freedom were usually male.
- In the case of homicide, offenses against personal freedom and bodily injury, most of the victims were adults between the ages of 21 and 60.
- There was above-average representation of juveniles (from 14 to under 18 years of age) in the sexual offenses category, and also in the case of robberies.
- Relatively few persons 60 years of age or older were recorded as victims, with the exception of completed murder and manslaughter cases (the absolute number is small, however) and cases of robbery (usually handbag robbery).

In 2010 an **increase** of victims was registered in the following offense category:

– offenses against sexual self-determination = + 2.6 % (2009: 15,375 victims)

A **decrease** was registered in:

– offenses against personal freedom = - 2.6 % (2009: 227,859 victims)

– robbery = - 2.5 % (2009: 56,030 victims)

– completed murder and manslaughter = - 2.3 % (2009: 706 victims)

– bodily injury = - 0.3 % (2009: 609,771 victims)

Endangerment of victims – overview (victims per 100,000 inhabitants in each age group)

T18

Key no.	Offense (categories)		Victims Total	Age				
				Chil- dren	Juve- niles	Young adults	Adults	
				<14	14<18	18<21	21<60	>60
Victims per 100,000 inhabitants								
010000 +020000	murder and manslaughter	completed	0.8	0.7	0.6	1.3	0.9	0.8
		attempted	2.3	0.6	2.7	5.7	3.3	0.7
		total	3.2	1.2	3.3	7.0	4.2	1.5
110000	offenses against sexual self-deter- mination with use of violence or exploiting a state of dependence	completed	16.2	13.8	107.0	70.5	14.0	1.0
		attempted	3.1	1.5	15.7	13.6	3.2	0.2
		total	19.3	15.3	122.7	84.1	17.1	1.2
210000	robbery, extortion accompanied by violence, and assault on motorists with intent to rob	completed	53.4	19.3	180.3	195.7	58.4	20.6
		attempted	13.4	9.3	46.5	41.4	13.7	5.9
		total	66.8	28.6	226.8	237.1	72.1	26.5
220000	bodily injury	completed	698.6	407.1	2,084.8	2,738.5	809.1	118.9
		attempted	44.8	16.1	77.1	109.6	61.6	9.6
		total	743.4	423.2	2,161.9	2,848.1	870.7	128.5
230000	offenses against personal freedom	completed	264.1	88.6	435.1	609.0	358.6	77.1
		attempted	7.1	4.2	14.3	16.8	8.9	2.1
		total	271.2	92.9	449.4	625.8	367.5	79.2

Victim-suspect-relationship (totals)¹⁾

T19

Key no.	Offense (categories)		Victims Total (100 %)	Victim-suspect relationship (totals)					
				Related *)	Acquainted	Fellow countryman**)	Passing Relationship	No	Unclear
				in %					
010000 +020000	murder and manslaughter	completed	690	45.8	20.3	1.0	7.7	16.1	9.1
		attempted	1,911	24.3	23.3	1.9	11.9	27.1	11.4
		total	2,601	30.0	22.5	1.7	10.8	24.2	10.8
110000	offenses against sexual self-determination with use of violence or exploiting a state of dependence	completed	13,279	27.8	34.1	0.3	14.7	17.0	6.2
		attempted	2,502	17.6	21.3	0.4	13.7	37.5	9.5
		total	15,781	26.1	32.1	0.3	14.6	20.2	6.7
210000	robbery, extortion accompanied by violence, and assault on motorists with intent to rob	completed	43,676	2.3	7.4	0.3	7.7	63.1	19.2
		attempted	10,967	3.1	8.9	0.6	9.4	60.9	17.1
		total	54,643	2.5	7.7	0.4	8.1	62.7	18.7
220000	bodily injury	completed	571,445	21.4	20.1	0.7	11.6	35.2	11.0
		attempted	36,651	14.8	16.1	0.5	11.4	46.9	10.3
		total	608,096	21.0	19.8	0.7	11.6	35.9	11.0
230000	offenses against personal freedom	completed	216,072	21.7	22.1	0.8	12.9	29.7	12.8
		attempted	5,786	16.0	21.4	1.0	15.3	33.0	13.3
		total	221,858	21.5	22.1	0.8	12.9	29.8	12.8

1) The closest relationship always has priority.

*) All relatives in accordance with Section 11 (1) No. 1 of the German Penal Code (therefore includes in-laws, fiancés, divorced partners, foster parents and foster children).

**) Only foreigners of the same nationality (no relatives or acquaintances).

In completed murder and manslaughter cases, two of three offenses involved relatives or close acquaintances (66.1 %, 2009: 66.3 %). 25.2 % (2009: 22.8 %) of the victims of murder or manslaughter had no previous relations with the suspect, or these remained unclear. More than every second offense against sexual self-determination that included the use of violence or exploiting a state of dependence was committed by relatives or close acquaintances; 26.9 % of the victims had no previous relations with the suspect, or these remained unclear. Overall, robberies accounted for the largest share of offenses where no previous relationship was involved (more than three fifth), with the previous relationship remaining unclear in almost one fifth of these cases. On the other hand, in the case of robberies committed in residences, relatives and acquaintance were established as suspects with regard to one of every three victims.

10. Recording of losses for individual offenses or for offense categories

T22

Key no.	Offense (categories)	Completed cases*)	Percentage of the loss cases with				Amount of loss in millions of euros
			under 50 euros	50 < 500	500 < 5.000	> 5.000	
210000	robberies,	38,469	28.2	49.9	18.3	3.6	59.3
211000	including: to the prejudice of financial institutions and post offices	315	2.5	6.0	18.7	72.7	9.9
212000	to the prejudice of other cash points and businesses	3,916	5.8	29.0	54.7	10.5	19.8
213000	to the prejudice of cash and valuables transports	92	1.1	4.3	31.5	63.0	3.0
214000	assault on motorists with intent to rob (Sect. 316a PC)	291	11.3	68.0	10.7	10.0	1.5
216000	handbag robbery	2,954	16.1	67.5	15.4	0.9	1.3
217000	other robberies in streets, lanes or public places (excluding handbag robbery)	15,568	27.7	58.6	12.6	1.1	7.2
219000	robberies in residences	2,309	20.6	45.0	29.3	5.2	3.8
3***00	theft without aggravating circumstances, including:	1,206,365	38.6	48.3	12.0	1.1	489.6
326*00	shoplifting	367,341	76.2	21.7	2.0	0.1	24.7
4***00	theft committed under aggravating circumstances,	838,970	11.1	48.3	33.3	7.3	1,584.2
4**100	including: of motor vehicles	25,153	3.0	2.8	23.9	70.3	408.1
410*00	in/from office, manufacturing, workshop and storage premises	66,998	13.7	31.6	42.2	12.5	220.4
425*00	in/from department stores, salesrooms, self-service stores	31,738	16.6	42.2	31.8	9.4	72.3
435*00	theft by burglary of a dwelling (Sect. 244 (1) no. 3 PC)	75,138	10.8	21.0	47.1	21.1	335.3
450*00	from motor vehicles	164,541	10.3	54.0	33.3	2.3	143.9
510000	fraud,	887,999	45.0	33.2	16.6	5.3	3,073.5
515000	including: fraudulent obtaining of services	227,717	90.2	9.5	0.2	0.0	5.6
520000	breaches of trust (Sects. 266, 266a, 266b PC)	30,822	14.7	17.9	42.6	24.9	986.6
530000	embezzlement	100,991	24.8	47.8	18.9	8.5	305.4
560000	bankruptcy offenses	3,928	61.5	0.9	7.1	30.5	307.1
712000	offenses under the Stock Corporation Act, Cooperatives Act, Limited Liability Company Act, Commercial Code, Accounting Code	7,566	45.0	0.9	6.3	47.8	1,486.6

*) Losses are recorded only for completed offenses

Based on the amount of loss, the individual cases are combined to form case groups. In 2010 three quarter of the less serious shoplifting cases (76,2 %) on record involved losses of less than 50 euros, and the same applied to many of the property offenses (especially fraudulent obtaining of services: 90,2 %). The large total losses resulting from fraud are due, among other things, to several extensive criminal investigations that involve numerous individual cases and large losses. If no figures for losses were available, a symbolic loss of 1 euro was recorded. This explains the large share of losses classified in the under-50 euros category, for example in the case of bankruptcy offenses or offenses under the Stock Corporation Act, the Trade and Industrial Cooperatives Act, the Limited Liability Company Act, the Commercial Code or the Accounting Act.

The total recorded losses from theft amounted to approximately 2.0 billion euros.

11. Suspects

3,322,320 cases were cleared up in 2010, and 2,152,803 suspects were recorded in the Police Crime Statistics.

Age and sex of suspects

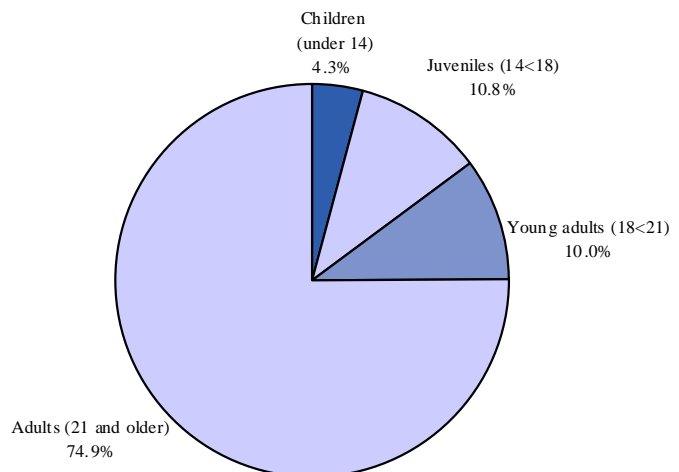
T32

Age group	Suspects						
	Total	Change compared with prev. year (in %)	Distribution %	Male Number	%	Female Number	%
Children	91,960	-4.8	4.3	65,386	71.1	26,574	28.9
up to age 6	1,029	8.5	0.0	712	69.2	317	30.8
6 < 8	3,280	-6.4	0.2	2,553	77.8	727	22.2
8 < 10	9,376	-5.3	0.4	7,461	79.6	1,915	20.4
10 < 12	22,028	-2.8	1.0	16,853	76.5	5,175	23.5
12 < 14	56,247	-5.7	2.6	37,807	67.2	18,440	32.8
Juveniles	231,543	-6.9	10.8	161,685	69.8	69,858	30.2
14 < 16	105,468	-7.5	4.9	68,829	65.3	36,639	34.7
16 < 18	126,075	-6.4	5.9	92,856	73.7	33,219	26.3
Young adults (18 < 21)	216,764	-4.9	10.0	167,177	77.1	49,587	22.9
Adults	1,612,536	-0.1	74.9	1,211,313	75.1	401,223	24.9
21 < 23	138,214	-0.1	6.4	107,260	77.6	30,954	22.4
23 < 25	121,949	0.6	5.7	94,385	77.4	27,564	22.6
25 < 30	259,543	0.1	12.1	199,970	77.0	59,573	23.0
30 < 40	386,258	-0.2	17.9	293,167	75.9	93,091	24.1
40 < 50	352,957	-1.5	16.4	262,621	74.4	90,336	25.6
50 < 60	202,697	1.6	9.4	147,525	72.8	55,172	27.2
60 and older	150,918	0.5	7.0	106,385	70.5	44,533	29.5
Suspects - total	2,152,803	-1.6	100.0	1,605,561	74.6	547,242	25.4
Suspects, excluding children, who cannot be held responsible under criminal law	2,060,843	-1.4	95.7	1,540,175	74.7	520,668	25.3

Suspects by age group in relation of total offenses

Note:

Children who cannot be held responsible under criminal law due to their age and mentally ill persons who also cannot be held responsible under criminal law are included as suspects because the judiciary, and not the police, must decide on the question of guilt. This recording practice is also due to the statistics-keeping system, because it is not possible to exclude the offenses committed by this group of persons from the case statistics.



Developments regarding juvenile suspects in individual fields of crime

T37

Key no.	Offense (categories)	German juveniles		Change		Non-German juveniles		Change	
		2010	2009	Number	%	2010	2009	Number	%
----	Total offenses	189,907	205,775	-15,868	-7.7	41,636	42,927	-1,291	-3.0
730000	drug offenses	14,696	14,987	-291	-1.9	2,148	2,130	18	0.8
731800	-involving cannabis and	13,057	13,305	-248	-1.9	1,982	1,920	62	3.2
+732800	preparations thereof								
+733800									
*26*00	shoplifting - total	46,489	49,364	-2,875	-5.8	10,537	10,211	326	3.2
4***00	"aggravated" theft	17,730	20,456	-2,726	-13.3	3,972	4,351	-379	-8.7
232300	threats (Sect. 241 PC)	6,643	7,689	-1,046	-13.6	1,367	1,485	-118	-7.9
673000	insulting on a sexual basis (Sects. 185-187, 189 PC)	12,189	12,845	-656	-5.1	2,046	2,119	-73	-3.4
674000	damage to property	32,956	38,713	-5,757	-14.9	3,450	3,955	-505	-12.8
220000	bodily injury	45,967	49,702	-3,735	-7.5	11,017	11,817	-800	-6.8

Compared to 2009, the number of German suspects in the "juveniles" category decreased and the number of non-German suspects decreased, too. Despite a decrease, shoplifting accounts for the largest share of offences recorded here, followed by bodily injury and property damage.

Number of German suspects per 100,000 inhabitants

It is not possible to calculate realistic figures for non-German suspects, because unregistered foreign nationals who are in Germany legally (such as tourists, business travelers, visitors, cross-border commuters, members of the foreign armed forces stationed in Germany or diplomats), or illegally, are not included in the German population statistics. In addition, even the extrapolated figures for the foreign population registered as residents in Germany are highly unreliable, which was confirmed by the last census.

German suspects - number of suspects per 100,000

T61

Age group	No. of German suspects			No. of suspects per 100,000*)		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Children 8 years and older	73,720	52,105	21,615	1,716	2,364	1,033
8 < 10	8,135	6,519	1,616	573	896	233
10 < 12	18,401	14,085	4,316	1,301	1,939	628
12 < 14	47,184	31,501	15,683	3,228	4,198	2,205
Juveniles	189,907	131,297	58,610	6,511	8,774	4,126
14 < 16	87,594	56,499	31,095	6,194	7,780	4,520
16 < 18	102,313	74,798	27,515	6,808	9,712	3,756
Young adults (18<21)	175,488	135,285	40,203	6,866	10,334	3,225
Adults	1,238,426	923,483	314,943	2,077	3,211	1,020
21 < 23	108,611	84,125	24,486	6,080	9,187	2,812
23 < 25	93,536	72,055	21,481	5,449	8,219	2,558
<i>Young persons</i>	<i>202,147</i>	<i>156,180</i>	<i>45,967</i>	<i>5,771</i>	<i>8,714</i>	<i>2,687</i>
21 < 25						
25 < 30	188,942	144,804	44,138	4,425	6,649	2,110
30 < 40	261,746	196,021	65,725	3,109	4,579	1,589
40 < 50	279,406	205,944	73,462	2,209	3,206	1,180
50 < 60	171,245	125,053	46,192	1,611	2,354	869
60 and older	134,940	95,481	39,459	669	1,089	346
Suspects 8 years and older	1,677,541	1,242,170	435,371	2,417	3,678	1,222
Suspects, excluding children, who cannot be held responsible under criminal law	1,603,821	1,190,065	413,756	2,463	3,770	1,233

*) Suspects in each age group per 100,000 inhabitants in the same age group
("Children" and "total" excluding children under 8; key date: 01.01.2010)

In connection with these statistics, it should be kept in mind that the offenses committed to a large extent by children and juveniles are generally less serious infractions such as shoplifting, theft of two-wheeled vehicles, fraudulent obtaining of services ("fare dodging") and property damage. Statistical developments for these offenses can depend, among other things, on the extent to which crime is reported by victims or witnesses. The frequently episodic character of child and juvenile delinquency should also be taken into account. However, the fact that a minority of young suspects can be expected to pursue a criminal "career" in the future should not be overlooked.

Judged by their share of the overall population, juveniles and young adults account for the highest incidence of crime, while the lowest incidence is among persons over 60 and children under 10 years of age. The incidence of crime is much higher in all age groups of the male population, which is particularly true in the "young adult" and "adult (21-24)" categories. Due to developmental factors, the highest rates are for male suspects from 16 to just under 21 years of age, while the highest rates for young females can be found in the age group from 14 to just under 16 years of age.

However, when interpreting these statistics, it is necessary to keep in mind that the possibilities for detection and clearance probably vary from one age group to the next, and that there is also a demographic effect ascertainable due to long-term decreasing birth rates in Germany.

Suspects from EU-Member States by nationalities

T75

Suspects from	2010		2009		2008		2007		2006		2005		2004	
	Number	in %	Number	in %	Number	in %	Number	in %	Number	in %	Number	in %	Number	in %
EU-member-states without Germany	147,454	100.0	137,435	100.0	136,487	100.0	137,633	100.0	123,161	100.0	124,747	100.0	75,065	100.0
<i>thereof:</i>														
Poland	31,771	21.5	30,094	21.9	31,223	22.9	33,291	24.2	35,337	28.3	36,241	29.1	-	-
Italy	23,657	16.0	23,661	17.2	24,113	17.7	24,607	17.9	25,224	20.2	26,031	20.9	27,561	36.7
Romania	21,863	14.8	16,979	12.4	16,000	11.7	15,040	10.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Greece	9,169	6.2	9,173	6.7	9,338	6.8	9,655	7.0	9,907	7.9	10,251	8.2	11,180	14.9
France	7,398	5.0	7,619	5.5	7,500	5.5	7,884	5.7	8,480	6.8	8,557	6.9	8,362	11.1
Netherlands	6,894	4.7	6,904	5.0	6,248	4.6	5,758	4.2	5,773	4.6	5,833	4.7	5,652	7.5
Bulgaria	8,300	5.6	6,372	4.6	4,906	3.6	3,893	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Austria	5,748	3.9	5,890	4.3	6,265	4.6	6,512	4.7	6,388	5.1	6,309	5.1	6,363	8.5
Czech Republic	4,608	3.1	4,523	3.3	4,685	3.4	4,734	3.4	4,787	3.8	4,632	3.7	-	-
Portugal	4,347	2.9	4,411	3.2	4,414	3.2	4,362	3.2	4,264	3.4	4,399	3.5	4,695	6.3
United Kingdom	3,571	2.4	3,646	2.7	3,724	2.7	3,856	2.8	3,911	3.1	3,657	2.9	3,642	4.9
Spain	3,467	2.4	3,332	2.4	3,322	2.4	3,299	2.4	3,460	2.8	3,627	2.9	3,678	4.9
Lithuania	3,381	2.3	2,833	2.1	3,063	2.2	3,557	2.6	3,716	3.0	4,646	3.7	-	-
Hungary	3,009	2.0	2,685	2.0	2,655	1.9	2,578	1.9	3,562	2.9	2,648	2.1	-	-
Slovakia	2,062	1.4	2,010	1.5	2,016	1.5	2,270	1.6	2,023	1.6	1,725	1.4	-	-
Belgium	1,757	1.2	1,684	1.2	1,804	1.3	1,518	1.1	1,428	1.1	1,430	1.1	1,334	1.8
Latvia	2,054	1.4	1,361	1.0	1,025	0.8	927	0.7	875	0.7	973	0.8	-	-
Denmark	983	0.7	994	0.7	967	0.7	853	0.6	947	0.8	853	0.7	839	1.1
Slovenia	877	0.6	857	0.6	960	0.7	914	0.7	893	0.7	877	0.7	-	-
Sweden	758	0.5	765	0.6	727	0.5	687	0.5	694	0.6	667	0.5	692	0.9
Luxembourg	525	0.4	509	0.4	532	0.4	493	0.4	427	0.3	375	0.3	410	0.5
Ireland	458	0.3	481	0.3	402	0.3	329	0.2	423	0.3	392	0.3	411	0.5
Estonia	498	0.3	385	0.3	340	0.2	328	0.2	375	0.3	367	0.3	-	-
Finland	247	0.2	220	0.2	216	0.2	222	0.2	203	0.2	216	0.2	246	0.3
Cyprus	24	0.0	34	0.0	25	0.0	33	0.0	41	0.0	20	0.0	-	-
Malta	28	0.0	13	0.0	17	0.0	33	0.0	23	0.0	21	0.0	-	-

Please note: The number of suspects recorded in 2009 is not comparable with previous years as the "real" number of suspects was counted in this year.

Non-German suspects by nationalities

T71

Nationality	Total 2010	%share in relation to non-German suspects						
		2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Turkey	99,500	21.1	22.2	22.6	22.0	21.4	21.3	21.5
Poland	31,771	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.8	7.0	7.0	6.7
Italy	23,657	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Serbia *)	21,863	4.6	3.7	3.4	3.1	3.1	2.7	2.6
Romania	19,795	(4.2)	(4.0)	(5.0)	(4.1)	(8.1)	(7.8)	(8.2)
Iraq	12,045	2.6	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.2	2.1	2.1
Russian Federation	11,701	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.2
Greece	9,169	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	8,433	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8
Croatia	8,403	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7
France	8,300	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5
Vietnam	7,889	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7
The Netherlands	7,595	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0
Lebanon	7,398	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5
Marocco	7,078	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6
Bulgaria	6,894	1.5	1.4	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.3	1.4
Afghanistan	6,647	1.4	1.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1
Iran	6,571	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6
Kosovo *)	6,193	1.3	1.3	-	-	-	-	-
Ukraine	5,921	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.9	2.3
Austria	5,774	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2
USA	5,748	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1
Macedonia	4,944	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.0
Czech Republic	4,608	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9
other **)	133,915	28.4	29.0	29.5	31.1	27.3	28.2	27.3
Non-German suspects total number	471,812	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			(462,378)	(471,067)	(490,278)	(503,032)	(519,573)	(546,985)

*) In 2009, as far as the nationalities of the suspects are concerned, the PCS contains 5,053 "old cases" referring to Yugoslavia, 3,271 "old cases" referring to Serbia and Montenegro and 1,827 referring to Montenegro.

**) Including unclarified nationalities and stateless suspects.

Please note: The number of suspects recorded in 2009 is not comparable with previous years as the "real" number of suspects was counted on the federal level in this year.

Developments regarding non-German suspects

T65

Year	Recorded cases total			total offences, excluding offences against the Residence Act, the Asylum Procedures Act, and the Freedom of Movement Act/E.U. (since 2005 key no. 890000)		
	Suspects Total	non-German Suspects		Suspects Total	non-German Suspects	
	(100 %)	absolut	in %	(100 %)	absolut	in %
1993	2,051,775	689,920	33.6	1,849,520	492,919	26.7
1994	2,037,729	612,988	30.1	1,848,087	430,075	23.3
1995	2,118,104	603,496	28.5	1,929,344	422,846	21.9
1996	2,213,293	625,585	28.3	2,019,186	440,904	21.8
1997	2,273,560	633,480	27.9	2,081,304	452,503	21.7
1998	2,319,895	628,477	27.1	2,122,307	441,694	20.8
1999	2,263,140	601,221	26.6	2,073,194	422,871	20.4
2000	2,286,372	589,109	25.8	2,106,900	421,517	20.0
2001	2,280,611	568,384	24.9	2,107,284	405,929	19.3
2002	2,326,149	566,918	24.4	2,163,629	415,526	19.2
2003	2,355,161	553,750	23.5	2,212,424	421,372	19.0
2004	2,384,268	546,985	22.9	2,267,920	438,775	19.3
2005 *)	2,313,136	519,573	22.5	2,238,550	448,544	20.0
2006	2,283,127	503,037	22.0	2,204,819	427,911	19.4
2007	2,294,883	490,278	21.4	2,225,139	423,288	19.0
2008	2,255,693	471,067	20.9	2,196,728	414,347	18.9
2009	2,187,217	462,378	21.1	2,133,703	410,518	19.2
2010	2,152,803	471,812	21.9	2,098,601	419,232	20.0

*) until 2004: Calculated manually. For technical reasons (counting of "real" number of suspects, see page 19) the list "excluding" offences against the Residence Act, the Asylum Procedures Act, and the Freedom of Movement Act/EU" also did not contain the suspects who - besides offences against the Aliens Act and the Asylum Procedures Act - were at the same time charged with other offences, such as theft. For this reason, the figures are/were too low.

from 2005: Key 890000 "total offences, excluding offences against the Residence Act, the Asylum Procedures Act and the Freedom of Movement Act/EU (key 725000)". The counting of the "real" number of suspects is considered here.

Please note: The number of suspects recorded in 2009 is not comparable with previous years as the "real" number of suspects was counted on the federal level in this year.

Charts

Figure 1

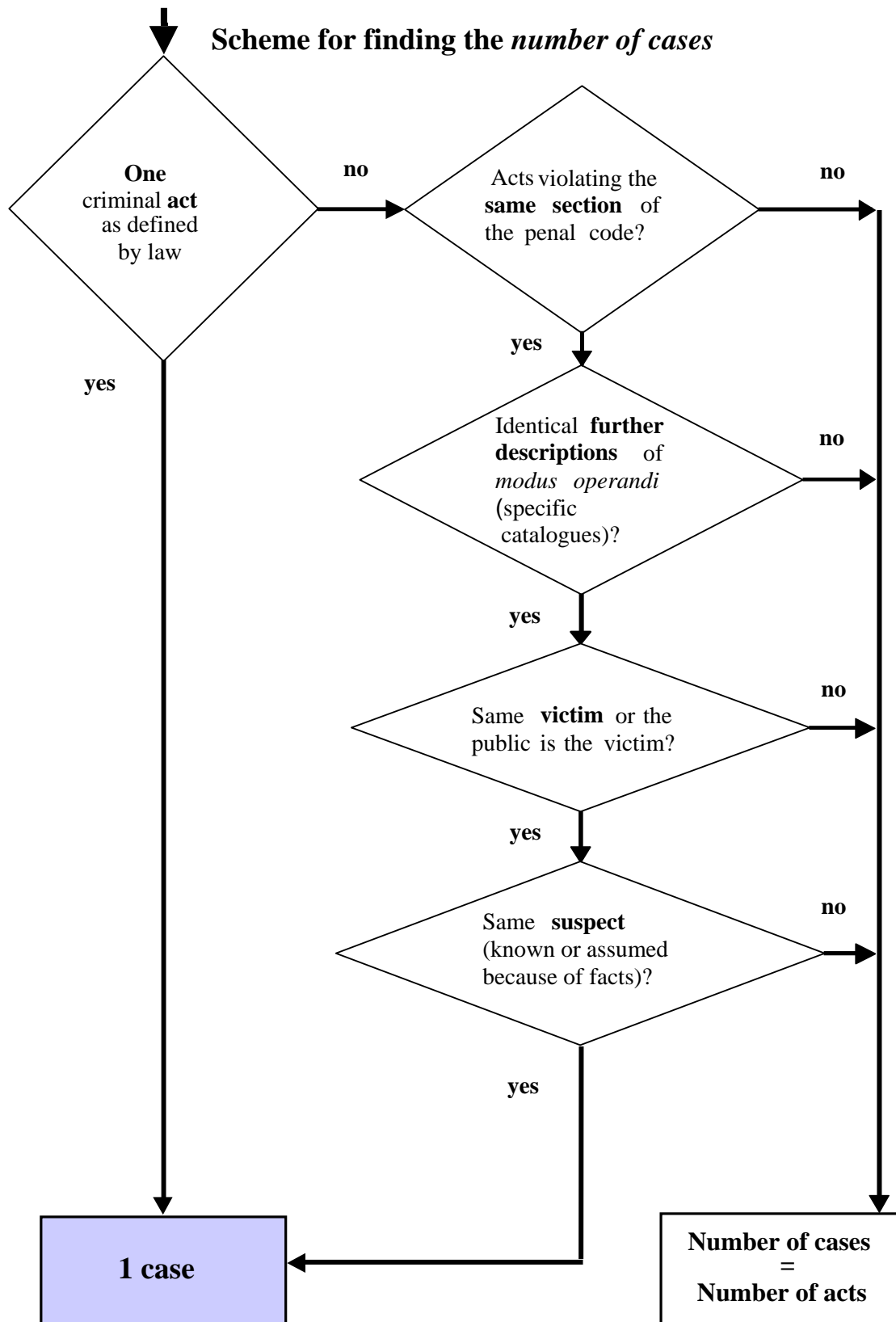


Figure 2

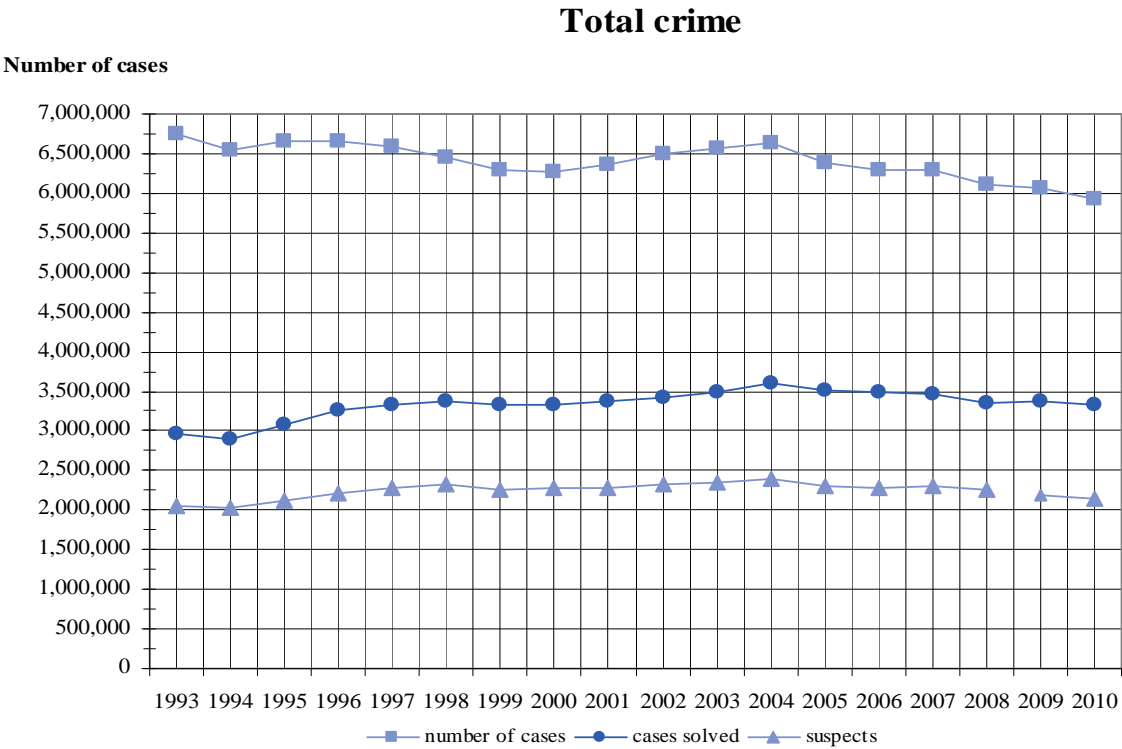


Figure 3

Crime rates in the "Länder" of Germany

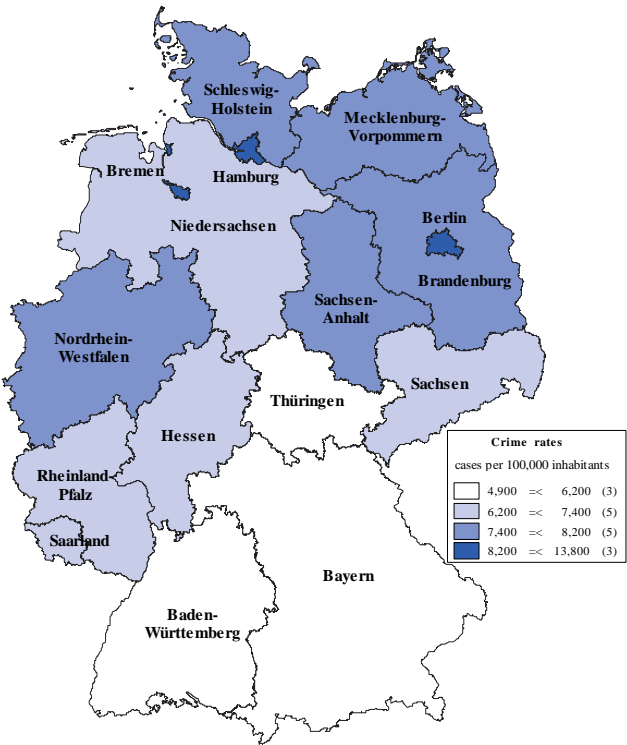


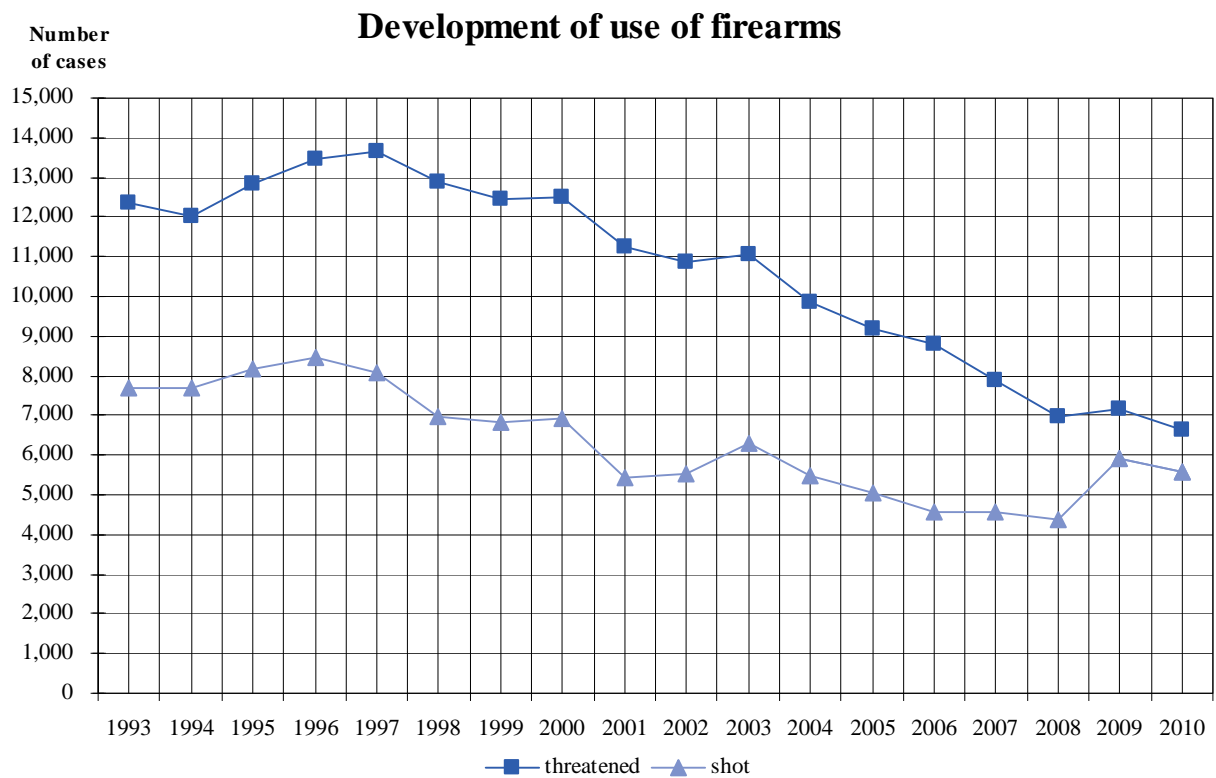
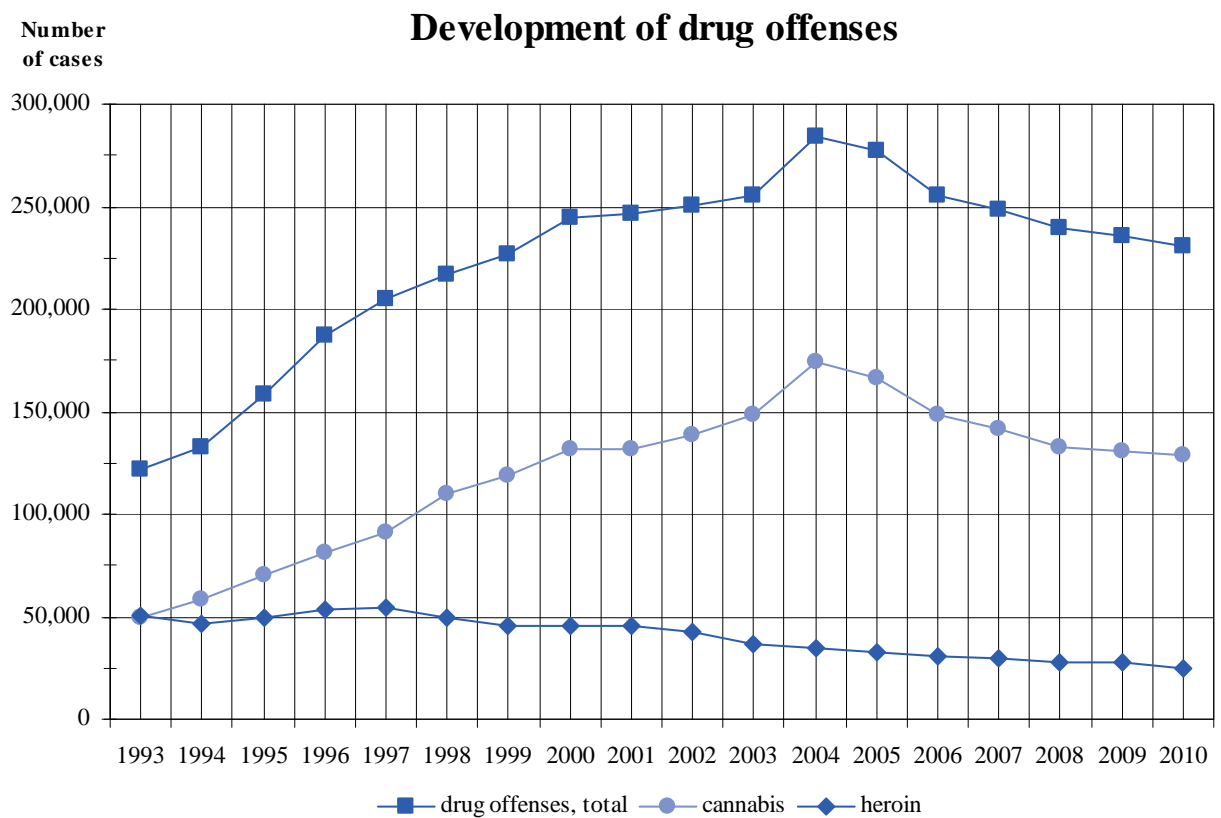
Figure 4*Figure 5*

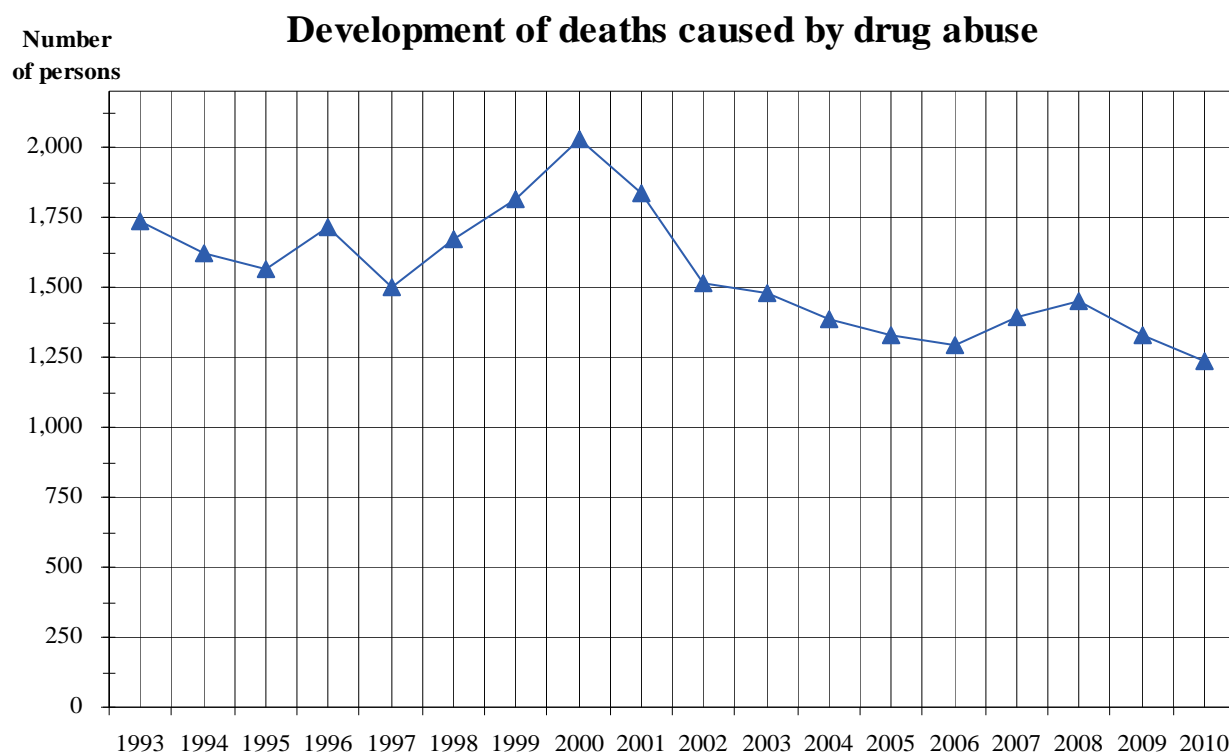
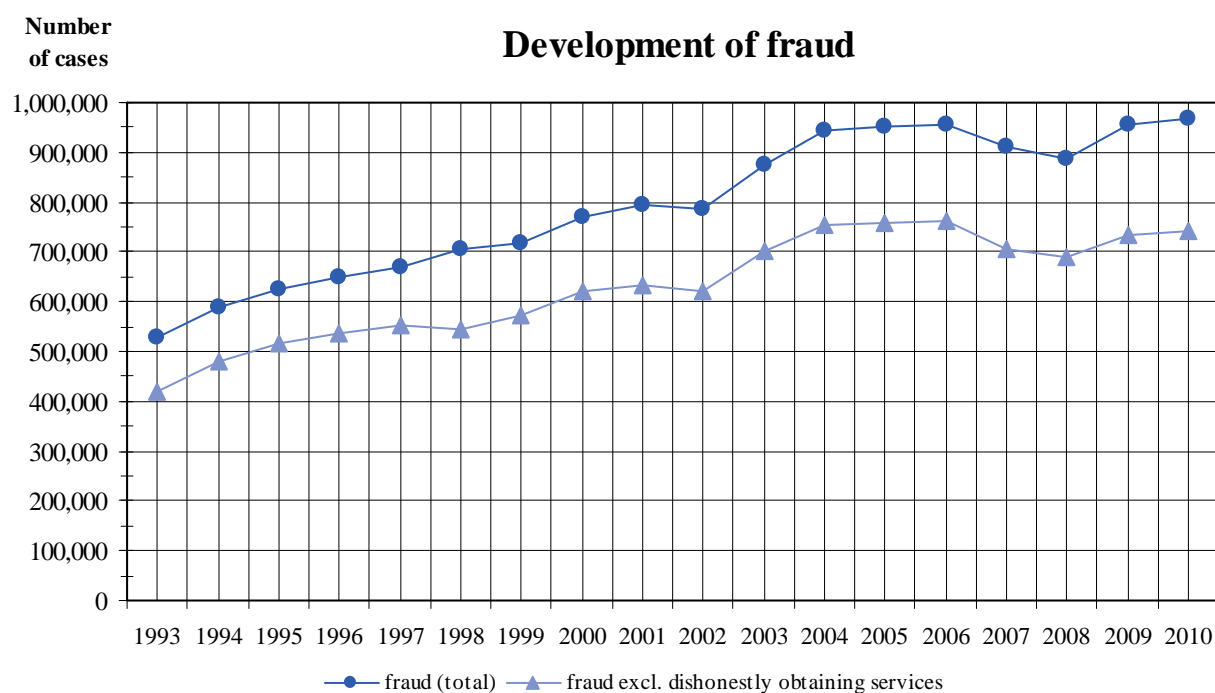
Figure 6*Figure 7*

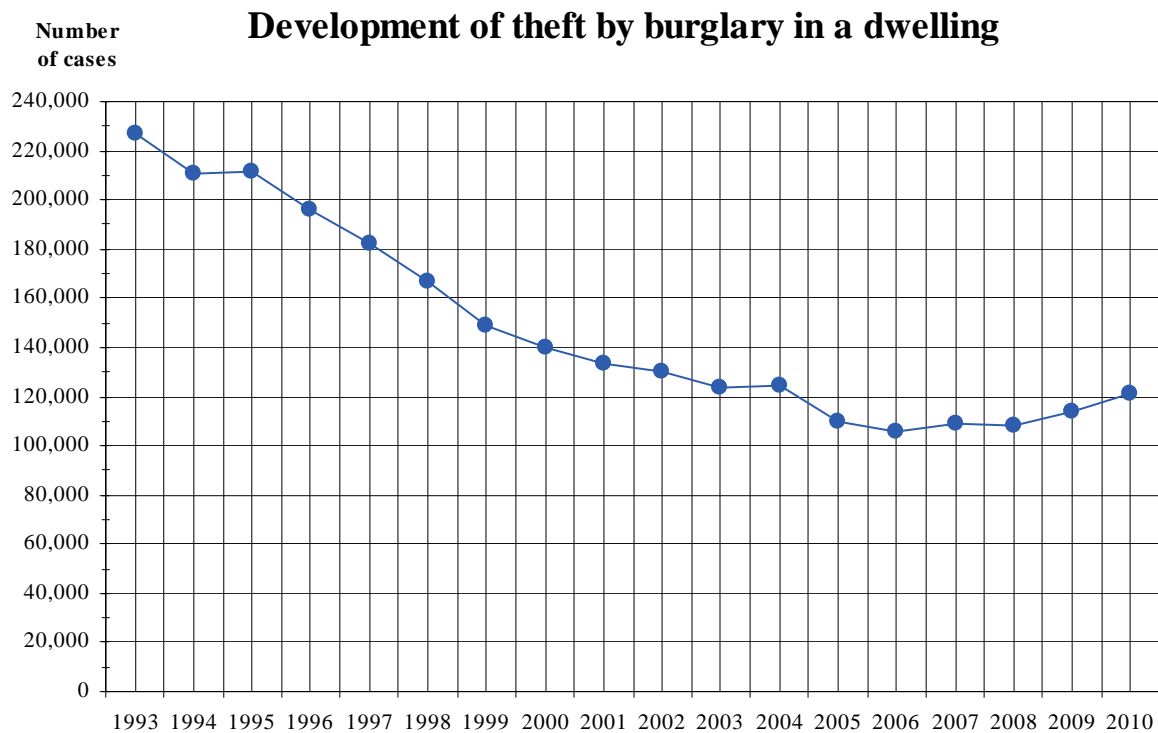
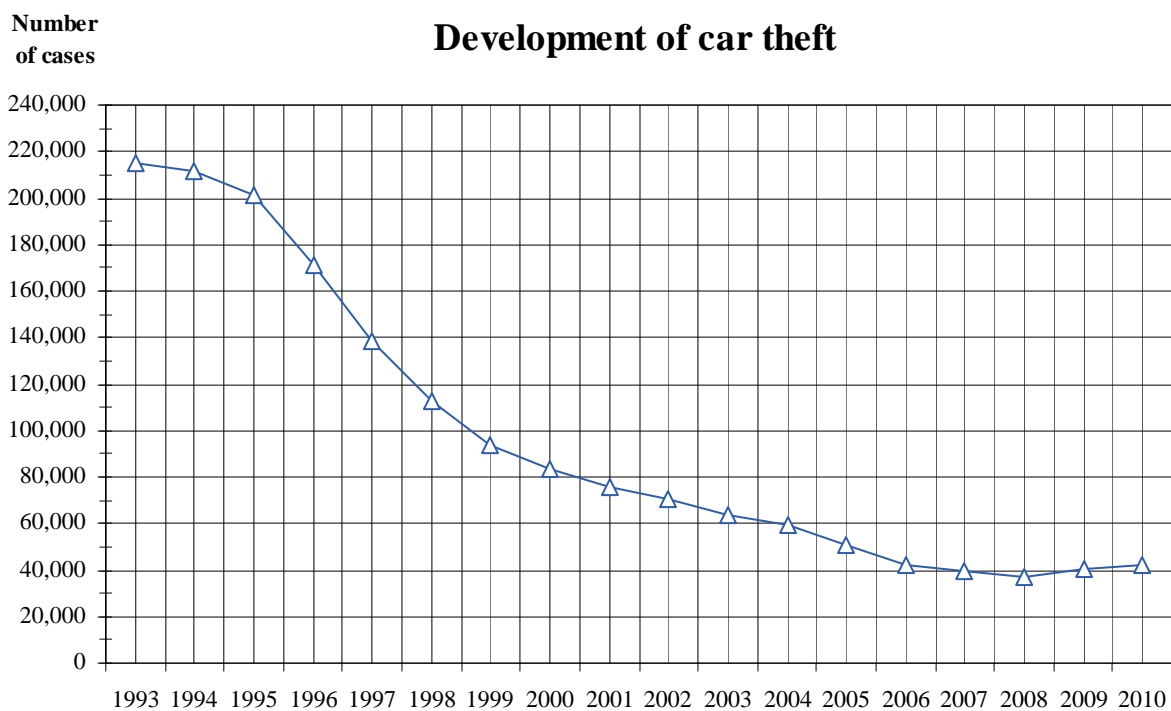
Figure 8*Figure 9*

Figure 10

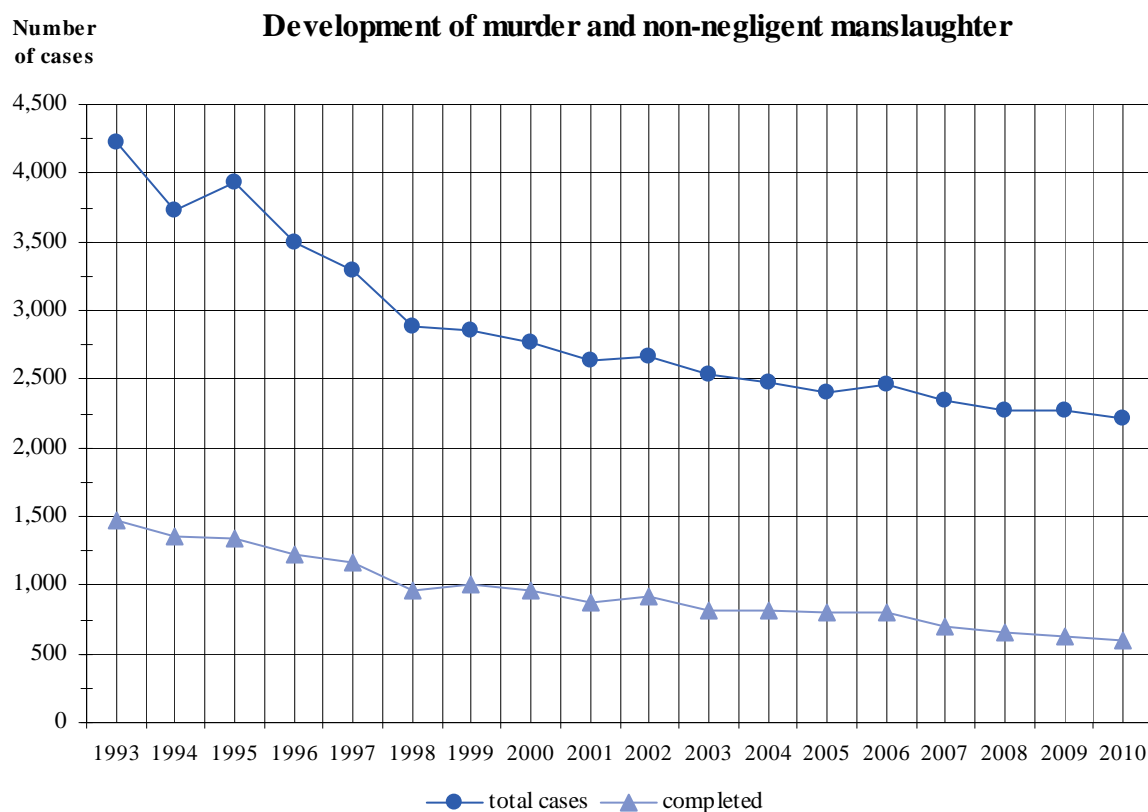
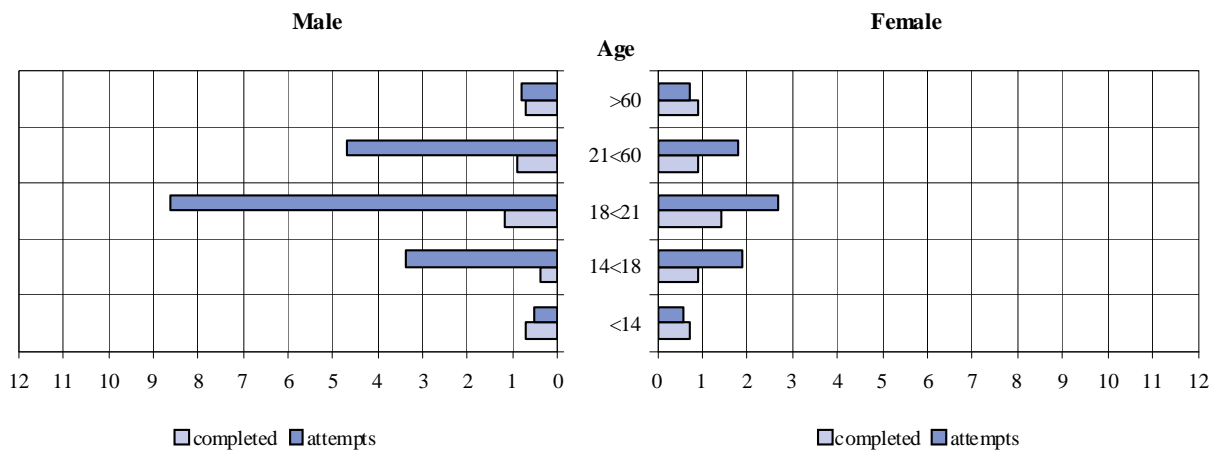
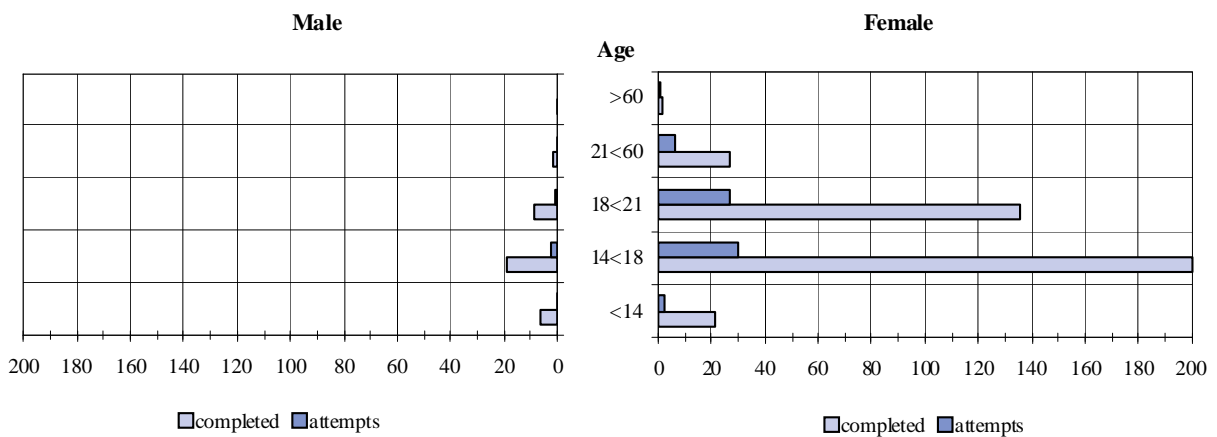
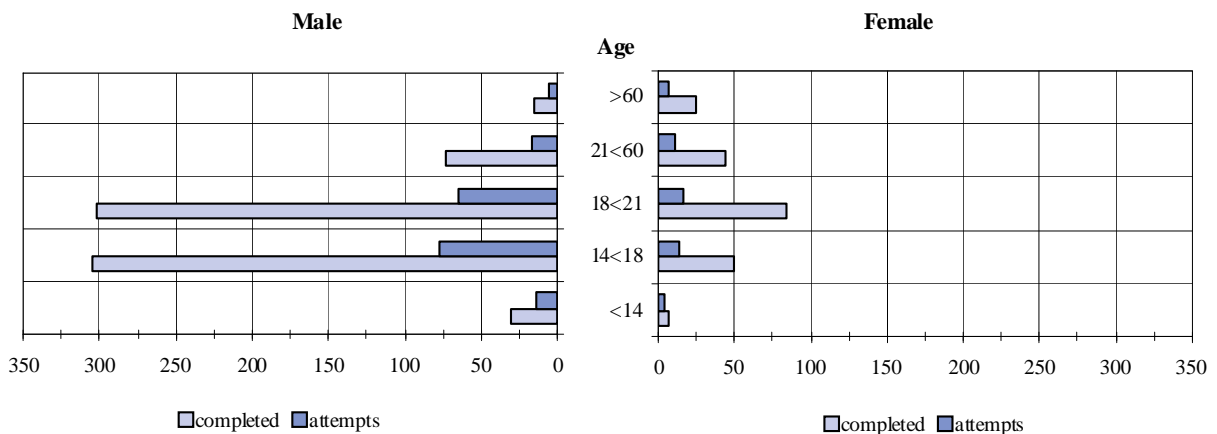


Figure 11



*Figure 12 a-e**Figure 12 a***Victim rate*) - murder and non-negligent manslaughter***Figure 12 b***Victim rate*) - sex offenses with violence***Figure 12 c***Victim rate*) - robbery**

*) Victim rate: number of victims per 100,000 inhabitants of same sex and age.

Figure 12 d

Victim rate*) - bodily injury

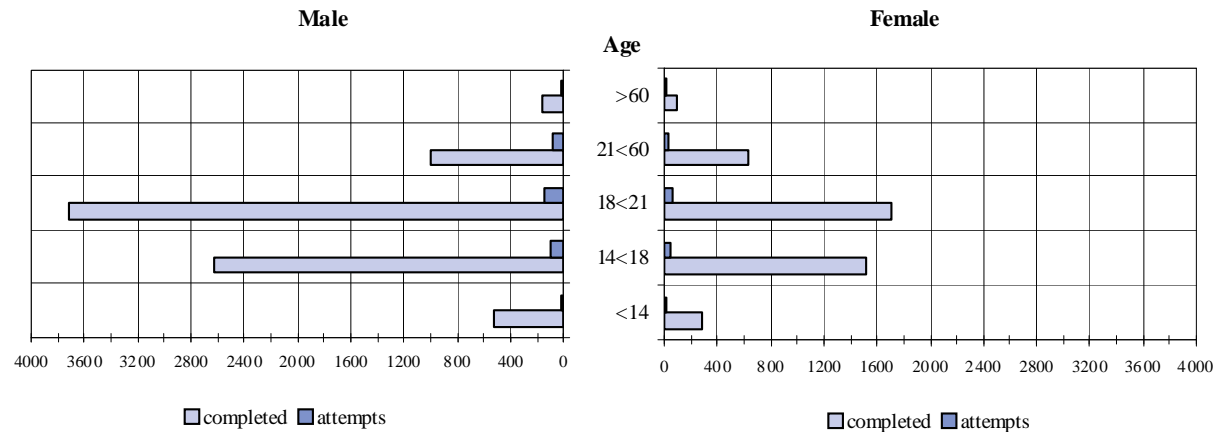
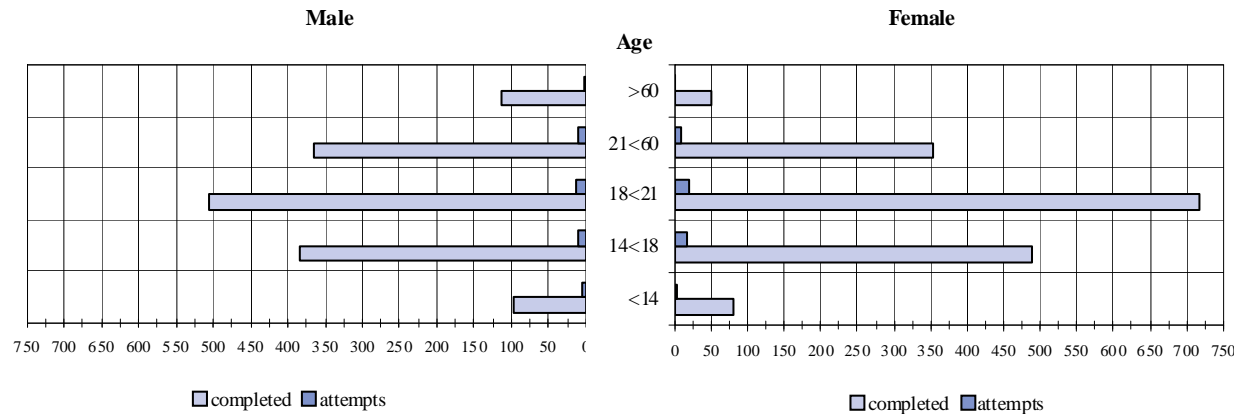
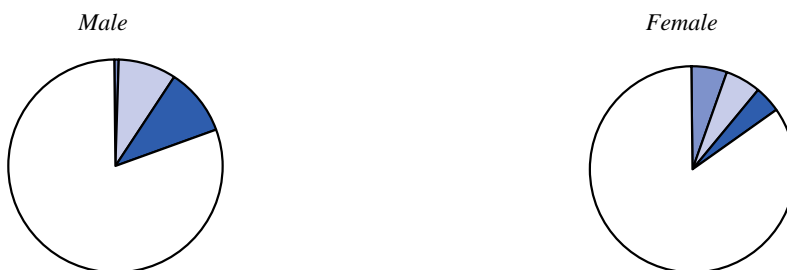


Figure 12 e

Victim rate*) - offenses against personal freedom



*) Victim rate: number of victims per 100,000 inhabitants of same sex and age.

*Figure 13 a-e***Victims and their relationship to suspects (incl. attempts) - share in percent***F 13 a***Murder and non-negligent manslaughter***F 13 b***Offenses against sexual self-determination***F 13 c***Robbery**

relationship
 acquaintance
 brief relationship
 no relationship or unclarified

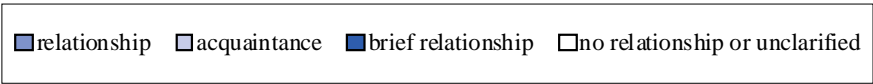
F 13 d

Bodily injury



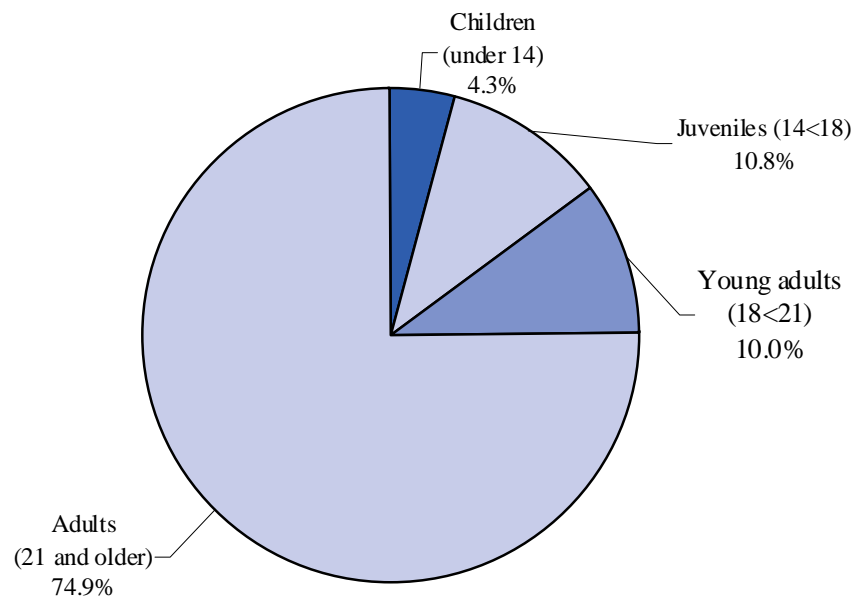
F 13 e

Offenses against personal freedom



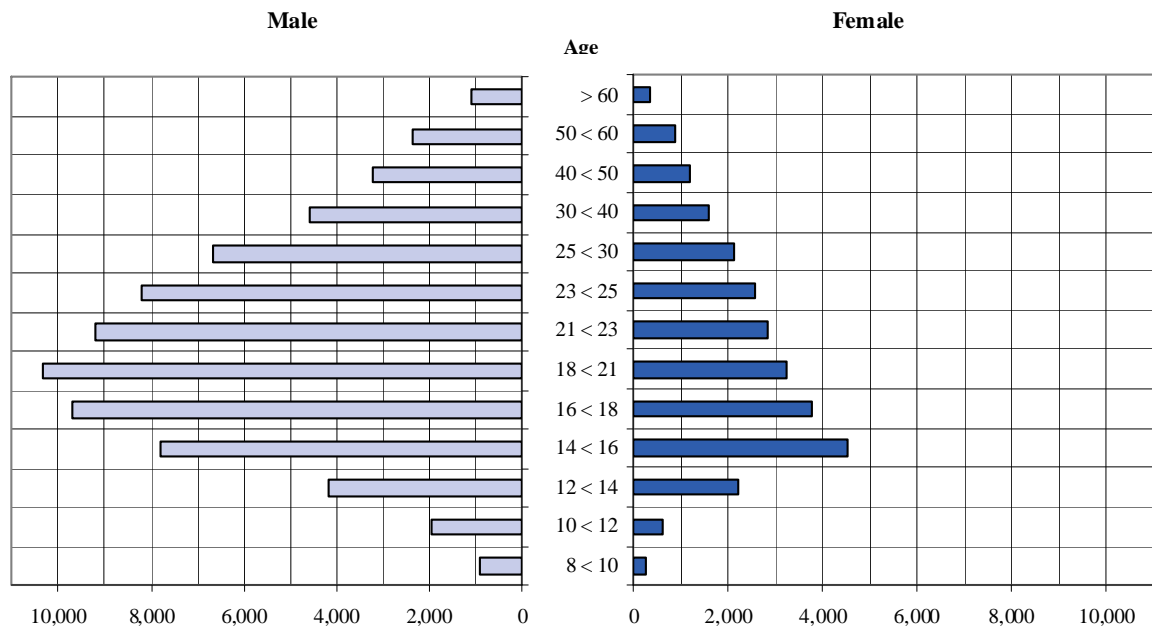
Suspects by age

Figure 14



Suspect rate of German citizens

Figure 15



Suspect rate: number of suspects in every age group per 100,000 inhabitants of same age group (children under 8 are excluded).