



Bundeskriminalamt

Global Crime Hotspots - Impact on Germany

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International Focal Points of Criminal Activity and Possibilities of Response - Europol's Perspective

Summary of the Presentation

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Introduction

- Welcome
- I lead an Agency that is pioneering new response to organised crime (OC) in Europe
- Using the power of information and its key capabilities, Europol
 - Tracks activities of most dangerous OC groups
 - Monitors development of OC techniques
 - Helps European law enforcement services have maximum impact on OC
- Purpose of this presentation is to describe the changing dynamic of OC and Europol's evolving approach

The Future of Europol

- Europol coming of age
- Europol is becoming **an EU agency** as of 1 January 2010
- **The Stockholm Programme** - important for Europol' development
 - Main areas of concern as identified by the European Commission are within the Europol's mandate
 - Child abuse
 - THB
 - Terrorism
 - Economic crimes
 - Euro counterfeiting
 - Drug trafficking
 - Creation of an EU Strategy for Information Management is central for Europol's further development
 - More coherence and central role for Europol in EU security model
- **New Europol Strategy** ensures development of Europol's key capabilities and will deliver a unique set of operational services for the EU in three main areas
 - **Principal support centre for law enforcement operations**
 - Improving operational analysis by i.a. a data-matching capability
 - Offering stronger operational expertise in key areas
 - Enhancing coordination of operational action in the EU
 - Developing more effective cooperation with partners
 - **Criminal information hub**
 - Further development of the ECIM
 - Ensuring full interoperability within Europol and outside between Europol, MS and EU bodies
 - Further developing SIENA and enhanced intelligence analysis tools
 - Providing automatic data transfers and bulk data matching
 - **Centre for law enforcement expertise**
 - Improve strategic assessment capability by introducing standardised regimes
 - Pioneer new techniques based on innovation and best practice

- Strengthen the position of a platform for specialist areas, such as euro counterfeiting, terrorism, key horizontal areas
- Providing quality training in key techniques
- All these developments make Europol a pivot in the EU security architecture

Reflection on new threats

New global society

- Freedom of movement for 500 million EU citizens; Enterprising business culture; Convenience of on-line shopping and banking
- Rise of global society offers opportunities for criminal exploitation
 - Easier, quicker cross-border travel and communication
 - Billion people cross external EU borders every year, unrestrained access within
 - Free access to new and expanding markets
 - Power to directly target citizens through misuse of Internet
 - Over 90% business and 50% homes dependant on internet
 - Increase in on-line data storage leading to ID theft
 - Over 1500 internet sites hosting child abusive contents

Main OC Threats

- Modern characteristics of OC groups – mix of old and new
 - Flexible, multinational business enterprises with professional facilitators, diversifying services
 - But still reliant on power of violence and corruption
- Not easily seen or reached
 - Hidden in legitimate economy
 - Operating below radar of national police priorities
 - Operating in inaccessible jurisdictions – cyber crime, piracy

Criminal hubs

- Factual regionalisation of OC hotspots
- 5 criminal hubs indentified in the EU
- OC groups strictly linked with criminal hubs
 - Domestic OC groups within the hubs - gatekeepers, low profile
 - Other OC groups - more aggressive to seize and control destination markets
- OC groups infiltrate and exploit non- and less-integrated ethnic communities
 - Become points of reference for communities
 - Involve in trafficking and management of forced labour
 - Involve in racketeering and extortion
 - Control alternative remittance systems

- Reach high levels of violence and influence
- OC groups manage feeders outside EU
 - West-Africa, North-Africa
 - Latin America, Caribbean
 - Russia, Ukraine and Moldova
 - Western Balkans
 - Turkey
- OC groups manage legitimate business structures (LBS)
 - Borderline of licit / illicit activities increasingly blurred
 - LBS - facilitators for money laundering and predicate offences
 - Controlled LBS - unfair competition
 - Dismantling controlled LBS - social, economic, political problem

Smarter response

- Focus on criminal hubs
 - Criminal hubs influence entire EU, not only MS in which they are based
 - EU priorities must become also national priorities
 - National intelligence cycles fed also by regional intelligence
- International cooperation to dismantle and impair hubs
 - Identifying and dismantling OC groups with key role in criminal hubs (not only disrupting their criminal activities)
 - Identifying and cutting links between the feeder and the hub
 - Concentrated operational action against Top 100 criminal networks

From cooperation to integration

- Knowledge sharing – data mining, information hubs, ECIM
 - Not short of data, but must share more
 - Retain public confidence by operating strong data protection regime
- Joint operations – common target set, judicial /op instruments
- Changing the dynamic – critical infrastructure of OC, prevention
- Common values
 - Leadership – courage and imagination to design a better future model
 - Shared responsibility of Ministers and Police Chiefs
 - Promote more open culture of cooperation
 - Legitimacy – highest standards of probity and accountability
 - Public confidence is key
 - Learning
 - Evidence-based research
 - Culture of learning what works

Effective EU

- Overcoming natural conservatism

- Strong performance in European policing within highly advanced regional framework
 - Judicial instruments (JITs, EAWs)
 - Operational capabilities (cross-border surveillance, Europol)
- But not well-integrated
 - Coherence under the Stockholm Programme
 - ECIM
 - New culture
 - Tool to turn strategic priorities into operational activities
 - OCTA = key component (to set strategic priorities)
 - Fundamental contribution of PCTF and COSPOL (to go operational)

Summary

- Smarter response needed to fight new OC
- Integration of knowledge, operations and values
- Increased use of existing capabilities and instruments
- Increased cooperation and coherence
- Europol has got it all:
 - Top specialists, analysts, unique network of liaison officers
 - Modern capabilities and tools
 - High-security, 24/7 operational network
 - Centre of strategic expertise
 - Coordination of EU internal security programmes